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## GRADE 11



MARKS: 150
TIME: 2 hours

This question paper consists of 13 pages, a 1-page formula sheet and a 12-page answer book.

## INSTRUCTIONS ANO INFORMATION

Read the following instructions carefully and follow them precisely.

1. Answer ALL the questions.
2. A special ANSWER BOOK is provided in which to answer ALL the questions.
3. A FORMULA SHEET for financial indicators is attached to this question paper. You may use it if necessary.
4. Show ALL workings to earn part-marks.
5. You may use a non-programmable calculator.
6. You may use a dark pencil or blue/black ink to answer the questions.
7. Where applicable, show ALL calculations to ONE decimal point.
8. Write neatly and legibly.
9. Use the information in the table below as a guide when answering the question paper. Try NOT to deviate from it.

| QUESTION 1: 35 marks; 28 minutes |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Topic of the question: | This question integrates: |
| Reconciliations and VAT | Concepts and calculations <br> Bank Reconciliation <br> Creditors' Reconciliation <br> Internal control |


| QUESTION 2: 45 marks; 36 minutes |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Topic of the question: | This question integrates: |
| Manufacturing | Concepts <br> Ledger Accounts <br> Interpretation of unit costs |


| QUESTION 3: 40 marks; 32 minutes |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Topic of the question: | This question integrates: |
| Concepts <br> Budgets <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br> Creditors' Payment Schedule <br> Cash Budget <br> Internal control |  |

QUESTION 4: 30 marks; 24 minutes

| QUESTION 4: 30 marks; 24 minutes |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Topic of the question: | This question integrates: |
| Control of working capital and <br> Periodic Inventory system | Analysis and interpretation of cash, stock, debtors <br> and creditors <br> Calculations |

## QUESTION 1: RECONCILIATIONS AND VAT

### 1.1. BANK RECONCILIATION

The incomplete Bank Reconciliation Statement of Bazinga Traders for the month end of October 2019 is provided. Use the information and answer the following questions.

## REQUIRED :

1.1.1 Refer to Additional Information $A$ :

How should cheque no. 1006 be treated? Explain your answer.
1.1.2 Provide a reason why cheque no. 1105 appears on the Bank Reconciliation Statement.
1.1.3 Identify whether the balance as per bank statement is favourable or
unfavourable.
1.1.4 Prepare the corrected Bank Reconciliation Statement on 31 October 2019.
1.1.5 It is evident that cash is not being controlled well in the business. Identify TWO problems and give advice on how these problems can be avoided in the future. Provide figures to support your answer.

## INFORMATION:

A. Cheque no. 1006 issued on 10 April 2019 has been handled incorrectly.
B. The outstanding deposit of R 19000 is in respect of cash received from a debtor. This did not appear on the bank statement. The cashier in charge of deposits stated that she was robbed on the way to the bank-The owner authorised that this amount be written off as the business will not recover the money.
C. A debit order of R 1300 for monthly insurance appeared twice on the Bank Statement for October 2019. The bank will rectify this on the Bank Statement next month.
(D.

| Bazinga Traders |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Bank Reconciliation Statement on 31 October 2019 |  |  |
| Debit balance as per bank statement | 16500 |  |
| Outstanding <br> deposits | Dated 5 October 2019 | 19000 |
|  | Dated 21 October 2019 | 20100 |
|  | No.1006 (dated 10 April 2019) | 5100 |
|  | No.1098 (dated 29 October 2019) | 9900 |
|  | No. 1105 (dated 5 December 2019) | 4700 |

### 1.2. CREDITORS' RECONCILIATION

Mars Traders received a statement of account from a creditor Galaxy Suppliers. The balance on the statement did not agree with that on the account of Galaxy Suppliers in the Creditors' Ledger.

## REQUIRED :

Complete the table in the ANSWER BOOK to show how the differences must be treated to reconcile the Creditors' Ledger Account balance with the Statement balance.

Write the amounts in the appropriate column and indicate the increase or decrease with a (+) or (-) with each amount.

Total the columns to show the correct balances at the end of November 2019.

## INFORMATION :

| Balance of Galaxy Suppliers in the Creditors' Ledger-of Mars Traders | R 11605 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Balance on the statement received from Galaxy Traders | R 20120 |

## A comparison between the Creditors' Ledger Account of Galaxy Traders and the statement of account showed the following differences:

A. A discount of R 165 for early payment was correctly recorded by Mars Traders. This was not reflected on the statement.
B. An invoice for R 2150 received from Galaxy Suppliers was incorrectly recorded as a debit note in the creditors' ledger.
C. The statement of account reflects returns valued at R 8 700. The Creditors' Ledger Account showed R 7800 . It was established that Mars Traders miscalculated the value of goods returned.
D. The statement of account showed an invoice for goods purchased, R 1950. This was for goods purchased by Mars Distributors.
E. A payment of R 3000 made on the 29 November 2019 appeared only in the Creditors' Ledger. The statement of account was dated 25 November 2019.

### 1.3. VAT

Cape Traders is a VAT registered business. All items subject to VAT at $15 \%$.

## REQUIRED :

1.3.1 Calculate the amount of VAT either Receivable from or Payable to SARS on
1.3.2 The owner has told the accountant to change the bad debts from R 800 to
R 8000 . Give ONE reason why you disagree with him.
1.3.2 The owner has told the accountant to change the bad debts from R 800 to
R 8000 . Give ONE reason why you disagree with him.

## INFORMATION :

The following transactions relate to Cape Traders for the VAT period ended 31 August 2019.

| A | Balance owing by SARS on 1 August 2019 | 34800 |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| B | Purchases of Trading stock (Vat exclusive) | 1925000 |
| C | Cash and credit sales (Vat inclusive) | 2649600 |
| D | Vat on discount received from suppliers | 1400 |
| E | Vat on bad debts written off | 800 |

## QUESTION 2: MANUFACTURING

### 2.1 CONCEPTS

Indicate whether the following statements are TRUE or FALSE. Write only 'True' or 'False' next to the question number (2.1.1 to 2.1.3) in the ANSWER BOOK.
2.1.1 Commission on sales will be classified as an administrative cost.
2.1.2 Advertising is part of factory overhead costs.
2.1.3 Carriage on raw materials purchased increases the cost of raw materials issued for production.

### 2.2 ASH'S CRYSTAL CREATIONS

You are provided with information relating to Ash's Crystal Creations for the year ended 31 December 2018. The business manufactures crystal ornaments and glassware and uses a mark-up of $60 \%$ on cost.

## REQURRED:

2.2.1 Calculate the:

- Direct Labour Cost
- Factory Overhead Cost
2.2.2 Prepare the following accounts in the general ledger:
-Work in progress stock
- Finished goods stock


## INFORMATION:

A. Balances in the stock accounts:

|  | 31 December 2018 | 1 January 2018 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Raw materials stock |  |  |
| Work-in-progress stock | $?$ | R160 000 |
| Finished goods stock | R95000 | R110000 |
| Indirect factory materials | R15 100 | R13 200 |

B. Employees in the production process:

| Number of employees | 14 employees |
| :--- | ---: |
| Basic monthly salary of each employee | R7000 |
| Total overtime hours per employee for the year | 144 hours |
| Overtime rate per hour | $R 65$ |

## Employment loenefitis:

- All employees in the production process work the same number of overtime hours.
- UIF deductions from the basic salary are $1 \%$. The employer contributes an additional $1 \%$ of the basic salary to UIF.
C. The factory foreman is entitled to an annual salary of R156 000 (including UIF and pension benefits)
D. Accounts appearing in the General ledger on 31 December 2018:

| Water and electricity | R104 000 |
| :--- | ---: |
| Rent expense | R115 200 |
| Insurance | R71400 |

- $10 \%$ of the water and electricity was used in the administration offices. The factory used the rest.
- Rent is divided between the different departments according to floor space:

|  | Total | Factory | Administrative |  <br> Distribution |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Floor space | $1500 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$ | $600 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$ | $400 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$ | $500 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$ |

- Insurance of R2 800 is still outstanding for December 2019. Insurance is divided in a ratio of $3: 2: 2$ between the factory, administration and sales \& distribution departments.
E. Indirect materials of R38 400 were bought for the factory during the financial year.
F. The following figures were calculated for the financial year:
- Depreciation on factory equipment, R277220
- Direct (raw) materials issued for manufacturing, R2 100000.
G. Sales for the current year amounted to R6 200000.


### 2.3 RAGOGO'S MAGWINYAS

Magogo's Magwinyas produces and sells delicious magwinyas (doughnuts) to the community. The sole owner is Mama Gogo. The financial year-end is 31 October.

## REDUPRED:

2.3.1 Calculate the break-even point for the year ended 31 October 2019.
2.3.2 Should the business be satisfied with the number of units that they produced and sold during the current financial year? Explain, quoting figures.
2.3.3 Mama Gogo is concerned about the high cost of producing the magwinyas.

She suggested buying used oil at a cheap price from the takeaway down the road which she will use to fry her magwinyas. But she instructed her employees to keep the selling price unchanged. Give TWO points of advice to Mama Gogo why she should not do this.

## INFORMATION:

The following information was taken from the accounting records:

|  | 31 October 2019 |  | 31 October 2018 |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Total | Per unit | Total | Per unit |  |
|  | $R 1792000$ | $R 28,00$ | $R 1794000$ | $R 23,00$ |  |
| Sales | $R 1024000$ | $R 16,00$ | $R$ | 975000 | $R 12,50$ |
| Variable costs | $R 736000$ | $R 11,50$ | $R$ | 630000 | $R 8,08$ |
| Fixed costs | $?$ |  | 60000 units |  |  |
| Break-even point |  | 78000 units |  |  |  |
| Number of units <br> produced and sold | 64000 units |  |  |  |  |

## QUESTION 3: CASH BUDGET

(40 marks; 32 minutes)
You are provided with an incomplete Cash Budget of Urban Queen Traders for the period 1 October 2019 to 30 November 2019. The business is owned by Z. Ndlovu.

## REQUIRED:

3.1 Identify TWO items entered incorrectly in the Cash Budget. Refer to information $F$.
3.2 Complete the Creditors Payment Schedule.
3.3 Identify/Calculate the missing figures $A$ to $G$.
3.4 The sales assistants are unhappy with the increase they received. Provide ONE possible reason to justify their dissatisfaction.
3.5 On 31 September 2019, Z. Ndlovu identified the figures below. Comment on the control of each item and give ONE point of advice in each case.

| September 2019 | Budgeted | Actual | Variance |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Stationery | 1000 | 2500 | -1500 |
| Staff training | 3000 | 900 | +2100 |

## INFORMATION

A. Sales and purchases of stock

- Total sales

|  | Actual | Budgeted |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| August | 150000 |  |
| September | 165000 |  |
| October |  | 180000 |
| November |  | 210000 |

- $60 \%$ of the total sales are for cash.
- The mark-up is $50 \%$ on cost.
- The business maintains a fixed-base stock by replacing stock on a monthly basis.
- $40 \%$ of all purchases are on credit.


## B. Creditors payment

It is expected that creditors will be paid as follows:

- $60 \%$ in the month of purchase to receive a $5 \%$ discount
- $25 \%$ in the month after purchase
- $15 \%$ in the second month after purchase


## C. Salaries and wages

- The business has five sales assistants. One sales assistant will be resigning at the end of October 2019. The remaining assistants will receive a $4 \%$ increase in their salary on 1 November 2019.
D. Insurance
- The insurance premium is paid at the end of each month. The monthly premium will increase by $10 \%$ on 1 November 2019.
E. Purchase of delivery vehicle
- Z. Nolovu intends on purchasing a delivery vehicle on 1 October 2019. She will have to pay a $10 \%$ deposit in October 2019.
- Her father has agreed to provide interest-free finance for the balance of the cost. She will have to repay her father R 5500 per month over 36 months. The first instalment will be paid in November 2019.
F. Extract from the Cash Budget for October and November 2019

|  | OCTOBER | NOVEMBER |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RECEIPTS |  |  |
| Cash sales | 55000 | A |
| Collection from debtors | 82600 | 92550 |
| Commission income | 7800 | 7800 |
| Rent income | 8000 | 8250 |
|  |  |  |
| PAYMENTS |  |  |
| Cash purchase of stock | B | 84000 |
| Payments to creditors | 44360 | N(6) |
| Salary : manager | 20000 | 25000 |
| Salaries : sales assistants | 30000 | C |
| Insurance | D | 3300 |
| Stationery | 1000 | 1000 |
| Telephone | 1500 | 1500 |
| Trading stock deficit | 1000 | 1000 |
| Staff training | 3000 | 3000 |
| Advertising | 2200 | 2200 |
| Depreciation | 7500 | 7500 |
| Delivery vehicle: deposit | E | - |
| Delivery vehicle : instalment | - | 5500 |
| Interest on loan | 3500 | 3500 |
| Sundry expenses | 3000 | 3000 |
| Cash drawings by owner |  | 64 |
| Vehicle expenses | 1300 | 1300 |

After finalising the budget, the following was identified.

|  | OCTOBER | NOVEMBER |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Cash deficit for the month | $(23250)$ | F |
| Cash at the beginning of the month |  | 42300 |
| Cash at the end of the month | G | $(11200)$ |

## QUESTION 4: CONTROL OF WORKING CAPITAL AND PERODIC INVENTORY SYSTEM (30 marks; 25 minutes)

You are provided with information from the records of J. Lo Fashions for the past two financial years ended 28 February. The business sells women's clothing.

The owner J. Lo requires your advice regarding the control of her working capital. Refer to the questions below and quote figures or financial indicators to support your comments.

## REQUIRED:

4.1 Cash (overdraft) in current bank account:

Comment on the cash in the current bank account. What advice would you give to J. Lo? Provide ONE point. Quote figures.
4.2 Trading stock:
4.2.1 Calculate the stock turnover rate for 2019. Use average stock in your calculation.
4.2.2 Comment on the stock turnover rate and the stockholding period for
2019. Quote figures or indicators. Explain why she should be concerned about this. What advice would you give to J.Lo?
Provide ONE point.

### 4.3 Sales strategies:

4.3.1 J. Lo used one deliberate measure to improve cash sales in 2019. Identify the strategy and quote the relevant figures.

### 4.4 Debtors and creditors:

Comment on whether or not J. Lo has been controlling her debtors and creditors appropriately. How would this affect the business? Quote figures. (4)

INFORTMATION:
A.

| Figures from the Ledger: | 2019 | 2018 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total sales | R582 000 | R520 000 |
| Cash sales | R222 800 | R120 000 |
| Credit sales | R360 000 | R400 000 |
| Cost of sales | R376000 | R325 000 |
| Gross profit | R206 800 | R195000 |
| Fixed deposit (10\% p.a.) maturing in 2 months | R300 000 | R300 000 |
| Cash in the current bank account (overdraft) | (R280 000) | R140 000 |
| Trading stock | R112 170 | R138496 |
| Financial indicators: |  |  |
| Mark-up \% | 60\% | 60\% |
| Discount on cash sales | 10\% | 0\% |
| Stock turnover rate | ? | 2,4 times |
| Average stock holding period | 120 days | 150 days |
| Average debtors' collection period | 30 days | 40 days |
| Average creditors' payment period-...-. | - 60 days | - 60 days |
| Interest on overdraft | 16\% | 16\% |

### 4.5 Periodic inventory system

M.M Traders uses the periodic inventory system. Use the following information to calculate the Cost of Sales for the year ended 28 February 2019.

|  | $R$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Stock (01/03/2018) | 114000 |
| Stock (28/02/2019) | 80000 |
| Total Purchases | 200000 |
| Garriage on purchases | 13000 |
| Returns by creditors | 4000 |
| Returns by debtors | 15000 |
| Carriage on sales | 4100 |
| Goods taken by owner at cost for own <br> Use | 1000 |


| GRADE 11 ACCOUNTING: <br> FINANCIAL INDICATOR FORMULA SHEET |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{array}{l\|l} \frac{\text { Gross profit }}{\text { Sales }} \times \frac{100}{1} & \text { Gros } \\ \text { Cost } \end{array}$ | s profit $\times \frac{100}{1} \quad \frac{\text { Net profit }}{\text { Sales }} \times \frac{100}{1}$ |
| Operating expenses $\times 100$ | $\frac{\text { Operating profit }}{\text { Sales }} \times \frac{100}{1}$ |
| $\frac{\text { Total earnings by partner }}{\text { Partner's average equity }} \times \frac{100}{1}$ | $\frac{\text { Net profit }}{\text { Average owners' equity }} \times \frac{100}{1}$ |
| Current assets: Current liabilities | (Current assets - Inventories) : Current liabilities |
| (Trade and other receivables + Cash and cash equivalents) : Current liabilities |  |
| $\frac{\text { Average debtors }}{\text { Credit sales }} \times \frac{365}{1}$ | $\frac{\text { Average creditors }}{\text { Credit purchases }} \times \frac{365}{1}$ |
| $\frac{\text { Average-inventories }}{\text { Cost of sales }} \times \frac{-365 \text { or }-12}{1}$ | $\frac{\text { Cost of sales }}{\text { Average inventories }}$ |
| Non-current liabilities: Owners' equity | Total assets: Total liabilities |

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# PHOENAX CHRCUTT ACCOUNTHNG SOCHETY (PCAS) HERPMNG ACOUNTING EDUGATORS EXCEL 

## GRADE M

## ACCOUNTHE PAPER2

## NOVEMBER 2019

## ANSWERBOOR

Name and Surname: $\qquad$

Grade 11: $\qquad$

| QUESTION | LEARNER'S <br> MARK | MODERATED <br> MARK |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 |  |  |
| 2 |  |  |
| 3 |  |  |
| 4 |  |  |
| TOTAL |  |  |

This answer book consists of 12 pages.

OUESTION 1: REGONGHETATONS ANO VAT

## B.T. PAAR RECONCHETHON

1.1.1. Refer RO Adilicional hitopmation A:
Hows should cheoue no. 1006 be treated? Explain your
answer.

1.1.2. Provide a reason why cheque no. 1105 appears on the Bank Reconciliation Statement.


### 1.1.3. lodentify whether the balance as per bank statement is favourable or unfavourable.


1.1.4.

| Bank Reconciliation Statement on 310ctober 2019 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Debit | Credit |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |


1.1.5. li is evident thet cash is nor being controlled well in the business. Identify TWO problems and give advice on fow these problems can be avoided in the future. Provide figures to suppor your answer.

|  | Problem iolentified with <br> Sigures | Advice |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 |  |  |
| 2 |  |  |
|  |  |  |

### 1.2. CREDITORS' RECONCILIATION

|  | Account of Galaxy <br>  <br>  <br>  <br> Suppliers in Creditors' <br> Ledger of Mars Traders | Statement received from <br> Galaxy Suppliers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Balance |  | 11605 |
| A |  | 20120 |
| B |  |  |
| C |  |  |
| D |  |  |
| E |  |  |



## 6. Vall

ใ. 5 . Payalole to SARS on 31 August 2019.

Pndicate whether this moure is Receivatole or Payable.

Receivable / Payalole:

1.3.2. The owner has told the accountant to change the bad debis from R800 to R8 000.

Give ONE reason why you disagree with him.


## QUESTION 2: RUNUPACTURING

### 2.1 CONCEPTS

Write only True or Folse next to the question number.

| 2.1 .1 |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2.1 .2 |  |
| 2.1 .3 |  |



### 2.2. ASH'S CRYSTAR CREATIONS

2.21

## Calculate the Direct Labour Cost




Calculate the Factory Overhead cost.

2.28

Whote in Progress suck account


Finished Goods Stock account


### 2.3 KAGOGOS WAGWUNYAS

23. 3 Colculate the brezkeven point for the year ended 310 ortober 2019.
Cula

2.3.2 Should the lousiness be satisfied with the number of units that they produced and sold during the current financial year. Explain, quoting filgures.
2.3.3 Mama Gogo is concerned about the high cost of producing the magwinyas. She suggested buying used oil at a cheap price from the takeaway down the road which she will use to fry her magvinyas. But she instructed her employees to keep the selling price unchanged. Give TWO points of advice to Mama Gogo why she should not do this.

| TOTAL |
| :---: |
| MARKS |
|  |
| 45 |

## QUESTON 3: GASH RUDGET

3. lidentify TWO items incorrecty entered in the Cash Budget.

3.2

CREDTORS' PAYRAENT SCHEDULE

| MONTH | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CREDIT } \\ & \text { PURCHASES } \end{aligned}$ | OCTOEER | NOVEMEER |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| August | R40000 | 6000 |  |
| Seplember | RQA000 | 11000 |  |
| October |  | 27360 |  |
| November | $R 56000$ |  |  |
|  |  | 44360 |  |

3. 3

3.4

The sales assistants are unhappy with the increase they received. Provide ONE possible reason to justify their dissatisfaction.
3.5

Conment on the control of exch item and give one point of advice in each case.

|  | CORMMENT | ADVICE |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stationery |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Staff training |  |  |


| TOTAL |
| :---: |
| MARKS |
|  |
| 40 |

## QUESTION A: CONTROL OF WORKIG CAPITAL AND PERIODIG INVENTORY SYSTEM

80
Comment on the cash in the currenk bank account.

What advice would you give to JLo? Provide ONE poine Quote figures.
4. 2.1

Calculate the stock turnover rate for 2019. Use average stock in your calculasion.

## 4.2 .2

Comment on the stock turnover rate and the stockholding period for 2019. Quote figures or indicators. Explain why she should be concerned about this.

Whas advice would you give to J.Lo? Provide ONE point.

 Identify the strategy and quote the relevant figures.

4.4

Comment on whether or not d.Lo has loeen controlling her debtors and creditors appropriately. Quate figures.

How would this affect the business?

4.5


TOTAL MARKS

