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DEPARTMENT OF BASIC EDUCATION
GREENBURY SECONDARY SCHOOL
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ISIZULU ULIMI LOKUQALA LOKWENGEZA (FAL)
IPHEPHA LOKUQALA (P1)
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IMIYALELO KWABAHLOLWAYO

- LELI PHEPHA LIHLUKANISWE IZIQEPHU EZINTATHU
ISIQEPHU A: ISIFUNDO SOKUQONDISISA
ISIQEPHU B: UKUFINGQA
ISIQEPHU C: UHLELO NOKUSETSHENZISWA KOLIMI
- FUNDISISA IMIGOMO YALELI PHEPHA NGAPHAMBI
KOKUPHENDULA IMIBUZO.
- PHENDULA YONKE IMIBUZO NGOLIMI OHLOLWA NGALO.
- HLELA IZIMPENDULO ZAKHO NJENGOBA ZIHLELWE EMIBUZWENI.
- HLELA ISIKHATHI SAKHO UKUZE UQEDE.
- BHALA NGOBUNONO OBUKHULU NANGOKUCACILE.

ISIQEPHU A: ISIVIVINYO SOKUQONDISISA

UMBUZO 1

- 1.1 Fundisisa lesi siqephu esingezansi bese uphendula imibuzo ezolandela.

UZETHEMBA KANGAKANANI?

Ukuzethemba kubalulekile. Kunomehluko omkhulu phakathi kokuzethemba okujwayelekile nokuzethemba ngokweqile. Kuphinde kube nomehluko omncane phakathi kokuzethemba ngokweqile/ngokwedlulele nokuzenyeza (low self-esteem). Lezi zinto ziyahambisana. Umuntu ozenyezayo ujwayele ukubona sengathi abantu bambukela phansi kanti kusuke kunguye uqobo ozibukela phansi. Ukuzenyeza nokucabanga kwakhe ukuthi ubukelwa phansi yikhona okumenza afune ukuthi wonke umuntu abone ukuthi naye akamncane. Ukuzama ukukhombisa ukuthi naye ubalulekile yikona okumenza azwakale aphinde abukeke sengathi usezethemba ngokweqile.

Ziningi izinto ezenziwa ngumuntu ozethemba ngokweqile. Okujwayelekile ukuthi akhulume angaqedi kulalelw yena. Akabaniki abanye ithuba lokuthi nabo baphendule. Inkulomo yakhe iqala ngo 'mina.' Nakho lokho akukhulumayo kusuke kungenamqondo. Kuvame/Kujwayeleke ukuba izinto ezifana nokuthi yena ugqoka kahle noma uhlala endaweni engcono nokunye nje okuzokwenza abantu babone ukuthi yena unemali kangakanani. Konke akukhulumayo kuba ngaye nempilo yakhe. Ngesikhathi ekhuluma engaqedi ezama ukuveza ukuthi wazi kangakanani kulapho eziveza ukuthi wazi kancane kangakanani.

Lolu hlobo lomuntu aluphatheki. Alushayelwa imithetho. Uma kuyilona oluqashiwe luba inkinga kubaqashi ngoba bazithola bengasazi ukuthi bazobhekana kanjani nalo. Aluvami ukwenza okwenziwa abanye, lumphuma eceleni njalo. Umuntu ozethemba ngokweqile uyeahluleka ukubona umehluko phakathi kwakhe nomqashi. Okuba yinkinga ukuthi ugcina esenza nemisebenzi okungeyona eyakhe noma angawenzi umsebenzi ngoba engqondweni yakhe yena ungaphezu kwabo bonke abantu. Uzibona kunguyena kuperha owaziyo futhi engekho nongenza kangcono kunaye. Uma kunguyena ophethe uba ngundlovu kayiphikiswa. Kokunye abone sengathi nenkampani leyo ayisebenzelayo ingawa uma engayeka ukusebenza. Kwesinye isikhathi angafuni nokuhlabu ikhefu ngoba usaba ukuthi izinto zizosala zonakale/zimosheka.

Ezinye zezimpawu zokuzethemba ngokweqile ukuthi umuntu aqambe amanga ngezinto anazo noma akwazi ukuzenza isidingo sibe singekho. Lokhu kuqamba amanga kusuke kuyindlela yokwenza ukuthi labo bantu anabo bangambukeli phansi. Asuke engakwazi ukuthi lokhu kuqamba amanga yikhona okwenza abantu bambone sengathi akaphilile ekhanda. Amanga awaqambayo afana nokuthi yena wazana nabantu abasezikhundleni eziphezulu, noma ngempilo ephezulu ayiphilayo. Okusuke kuxake ukuthi uma azana nabantu abaphezulu kangaka kungani esaphila nabantu abasezingeni eliphansi.

Okunye okugqamile ngomuntu ozethemba ngokweqile ukuthi akakwazi ukukhetha afanele akukhulume noma angakukhulumi okungahambisanis nohlobo lwabantu asuke enabo ngaleso sikhathi. Isibonelo nje, angathi ehlezi nabantu abasezingeni eliphezulu kunelakhe, avele abatshele ukuthi uhamba ngahlolo luni lwemoto. Ukwenza lokhu kungekho muntu obuzile. Nalaba bantu abaxoxelayo mhlawumbe banezimoto eziphindwe kabilo noma kathathu ngobuhle kunale yakhe. Inhoso yakhe ukuthi izikhulu lezi asuke ehlezi nazozingamthathi kancane. Kunokuthi zikhombise ukumhlonipha izikhulu zivele zibe namahloni okuthi iuhlolo luni lomuntu lolu oluveza ukuthi lunothe kangakanani emphakathini. Abantu abanemali abakhulumi ngemali yabo.

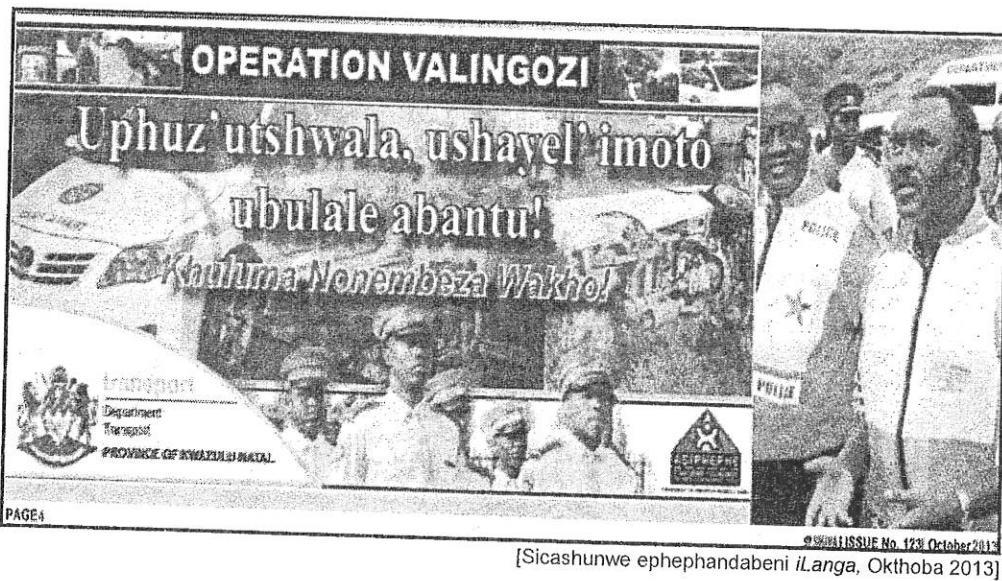
Ucwaningo (research) olwenziwa yiLukhozi Research Institute Lukhomba ukuthi umuntu ozethemba ngokweqile ushintshashintsha izithombe zakhe ezinkundleni zokuxhumana (social networks) eveza ubuso bakhe. Lokhu ukwenza ngoba ezibona emuhle kunawo wonke umuntu. Uthanda nokwazisa umhlabo wonke ukuthi yena wenzani ngasikhathi sini. Lokhu ukwenza ngoba ecabanga ukuthi wonke umuntu ukukhathalele ukuthi wenzani, nini nobani. Imiphumela yocwaningo ikhombisa ukuthi umuntu ozibona engcono kunabanye akakwazi ukuhlela impilo yakhe. Konke akwenzayo yilokhu okwensiwa abangani bakhe.

Lolu hloba lokuziphatha luyisifo esingalapheka. Umuntu akazalwa naso kodwa sidalwa izimo ezithile umuntu abhekana nazo ngesikhathi esakhula, ikakhulukazi esemncane. Ukubonana nabalaphi bengqondo (psychologists) kungamsiza onalesi sifo/mkhuba ukuthi abone izenzo nezinkulomo zakhe zimenza abukeleke phansi. Nawe ake uzibuze ukuthi uzethemba kangakanani.

- 1.1.1 Bhala izinto EZIMBILI ezenziwa ngumuntu ozethemba ngokweqile. (2)
- 1.1.2 Khetha impendulo efanele kwezilandelayo:
- Ngesikhathi umuntu ozethemba kakhulu ekhuluma engaqedi uhiveza ukuthi ulwazi lwakhe ... kanganani:
- A Lukhulu
 - B Lubanzi
 - C Lubaluleke
 - D Luncane
- (1)
- 1.1.3 Yini evame ukucatshangwa ngumuntu ozenyezayo? (1)
- 1.1.4 Ngokwale ndaba kusuke kuyini inhoso yokuqamba amanga kumuntu ozethemba ngokweqile? (1)
- 1.1.5 Bhala OKUKODWA umuntu ozethemba ngokweqile ajwayele ukuqamba amanga ngakho. (1)

- 1.1.6 Umuntu ozethemba ngokweqile uba yinkinga kanjani kubaqashi bakhe? (1)
- 1.1.7 Esiqeshini osifunde ngenhla caphuna umusho osho okufanayo nalo olandelayo:
Owakhe umbono awuphikiswa. (2)
- 1.1.8 Chaza lezi zimo zokukhuluma ezibhalwe ngokuggamile kule misho elandelayo:
- (a) Ukuzenyeza nokucabanga kwakhe ukuthi **ubukelwa phansi** yikhona okumenza afune wonke umuntu abone ukuthi naye akamncane. (2)
 - (b) Aluvami ukwenza okwenziwa abanye, **Iuphuma eceleni** njalo. (2)
 - (c) Kвесине isikhathi angafuni **nokuhlabi ikhefu**. (2)
- 1.1.9 Ukukhuluma kakhulu komuntu ozethemba ngokweqile kuba namuphi umphumela kabantu asuke ehleli nabo? (2)
- 1.1.10 Ungamsiza kanjani umuntu onenkinga yokuzethemba ngokweqile? Bhala amaphuzu AMABILI. (2)
- 1.1.11 Ngokwale ndaba ukuzethemba kakhulu kuyiphazamisa kanjani inqubekela phambili yomuntu. (2)
- 1.1.12 Ngabe iqiniso noma umbono ukuthi wonke umuntu oshintsha izithombe zakhe ezinkundleni zokuxhumana yingoba ezethemba ngokweqile. Sekela. (3)

- 1.2 Bukisia lesi sithombe bese uphendula imibuzo ezolandela.



- 1.2.1 Umkhankaso wani lo ovezwe kulesi sithombe? (1)
- 1.2.2 Yini inhloso yalesi sithombe? (1)
- 1.2.3 Yimuphi uMnyango kaHulumeni obhekene nalo mkhankaso? (1)
- 1.2.4 Yisiphi isiFundazwe obanjwe kuso lo mkhankaso? (1)
- 1.2.5 Ngokwalesi sithombe umphumela wokuphuza utshwala bese ushayela imoto kuba yini? (2)

AMAMAKI ESIQEPU A: 30

ISIQEPHU B: UKUFINGQA

UMBUZO 2

Fundisa lesi siqeshana esingezansi esikhulumu ngezindlela zokunakekela amateki bese usifingqa ngamaphuzu ayi-7.

IMIYALELO:

1. Bhala amaphuzu ayi-7 ngemisho ephelele. Amagama akho abe phakathi kwamagama angama-50 kuya kwangama-60.
2. Imisho yakho mayibe nezinombolo kusukela ku-1 kuya ku-7.
3. Bhala iphuzu eliodwa emshweni.
4. Sebenzisa amagama akho emshweni.
5. Ekugcineni kwamaphuzu onke owabhalile bhala inani lamagama owasebenzisile.

GCINA AMETEKI AKHO EHLANZEKILE

Amateki yizicathulo ezithambile futhi ezithandwa kakhulu ngabantu abasebancane kanye nalabo abadala. Abiza imali eshisive futhi asesitayeleni. Ziningi izinhlobo zavo; kukhona enziwa ngendwangu, ipulasitiki kanye nesikhumba. Amateki aggokelwa izizathu ezahlukene. Abanye bawaggoka uma beya emsebenzini, abanye bawaggokele ezemidlalo kanti abanye bawaggokela imfashini.

Ungawacina kuwodilophu ekamelweni noma uwabeke ebhokisini lawo. Zama ukungawabeki phezu kwamanye noma uwacindezele ngezinye izicathulo ngoba lokho kungenza alahlekelwe indlela akhiwe ngayo. Ukuwashasha njalo ngamanzi kungawalimaza ngokuthi asheshe athambe futhi ashintshe nombala wawo. Uma ukade uwaggokile kuhle ukuthi uthathe indwangu emanzi bese uwasula ngayo ngaphambi kokuwabeka. Ungasebenzisa insipho eyenzelwe ukuwashasha izicathulo uma uwawasha. Kubalulekile ukukhipha izintambo zavo ukuze uwashisise kahle ingaphakathi lawo. Waneke elangeni kodwa ugade ukuthi ilanga lingawashisi kakhulu ngoba lokho kungenza alahlekelwe umbala wawo.

Amateki akho ayonuka kahle uma uwashayisa ngomoya kancane emva kokuwakhumula. Kuhle ukugqoka amasokisi uma ugqoke amateki. Ungawaphindi amasokisi uma ungumuntu ogqoka njalo amateki. Lokho kusiza ukubamba umjuluko kugcine amateki akho kanye nezinyawo kunephunga elihle. Ukugqoka amateki ngezinyawo ezingcolile kungenza ube nezilonda ezinyaweni ugcine usunalesi sifo okuthiwa impehlwa. Iphunga eliba sematekwini anganakekelwa alithandeki kwabanye abantu. Khumbula ukuthi izinyawo ezivaleleke ematekwini ziyajuluka.

Ungalivimba iphunga elibi ngokuthi usebenzise uphawuda wabantwana noma wezicathulo. Lezi zindlela zokunakekela amateki ziyokongela imali ngoba angeke ube nenkinga yokuba namateki adabukile/agugile futhi angeke ulokhu uwathenga njalo. Izinyawo zakho ziyoohlala zithokozile.

Yiba namateki abukeka emasha zonke izinsuku!

[Sicashunwe ephephandabeni /Langa, Okthoba 2013]

AMAMAKI ESIQEPU B: 10

ISIQEPHU C: UHLELO NOKUSETSHENZISWA KOLIMI

UMBUZO 3

Bukisisa lesi sikhangisi bese uphendula imibuzo ezolandela.

Zama Zama Caterers

Ngabe ziyawushaya, noma unomcimbi omkhulu?

Uxakekile? Awunaso isikhathi sokwenza amalungiselelo?

Woza kwaZama Zama Catering sizokusetha.

Abapheki noweta bethu basezingeni eliphezulu, angeke uzirole ngokukhetha thina!

Ngemadlana encane sihlela, sihlobise siphekele imicimbi elandelayo:

Imishado.

Imingcwabo.

Imigubho yesintu.

Siqashisa ngalokhu okulandelayo:

Amatende

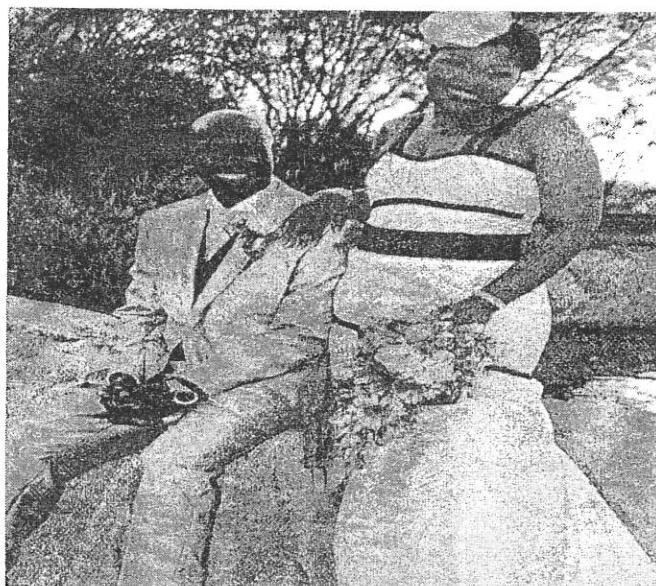
Izitulo

Izitofu zegesi

Amafriji amakhulu

Izitsha

Amatafula nezindwangu.



Sitholakala:

11 McTosh Avenue

Newcastle

083 762 4567/083 366 1234

Fika nalesi sikhangisi **UZITHOLELE** ifriji eliqashisayo
MAHHALA!!!

Imithetho nemibandela: Kukhokhwa idiphozi engamaphesenti angama-50.

[Sicashunwe kumagazini i-Drum, 2013]

- 3.1 Bhala imisebenzi EMIBILI eyenziwa eZama Zama Caterers. (2)
- 3.2 Kungani amagama 'Zama Zama Caterers' ebhalwe ngefonti enkulu? (2)
- 3.3 Khetha impendulo efanele kwezilandelayo:
Oweta baseZama Zama Caterers basezingeni:
- A Eliphansi
B Eliphakathi nendawo
C Eliphezulu
D Elilindelekile (1)
- 3.4 Igama 'sizokusetha' lichazani ngohlobo lomsebenzi owenziwa yile nkampani? (2)
- 3.5 Bhala okukodwa okudingekayo eZama Zama Caterers ngaphambi kokuthi bakwenzele umsebenzi. (1)
- 3.6 Ngokwakho ukucabanga ibinzana 'UZITHOLELE ifriji eliqashisayo MAHHALA' liyiqiniso kangakanani? (2)

[10]

UMBUZO 4

Bukisisa le khathuni bese uphendula imibuzo ezolandela.



[Sicashunwe ephephandabeni *iSolezwe*, 2012]

- 4.1 Yini le ephethwe umkhulu? (1)
 - 4.2 Uqonde ukuthini umkhulu uma ethi uyibambile? (1)
 - 4.3 Sebenzisa upelomagama olufanele ukulungisa lo musho olandelayo:
Ngaze ngay'bamba mabhebeza, seng'zokwazi uk'thumela abakhongi. (3)
 - 4.4 Khetha impendulo efanele kwezilandelayo:
Kule khathuni engenhla igama ukukipita lisho:
 A Ukuthatha into okungeyona eyakho
 B Ukuwina
 C Ukuhlala nomuntu ongashadile naye
 D Ukulobola (1)
 - 4.5 Chaza igama 'abakhongi.' (2)
 - 4.6 Ngokwakho ukucabanga kungani umkhulu esefisa ukuzibulala? Chaza. (2)
- [10]

UMBUZO 5

- 5.1 Fundisa lesi siqeshana bese uphendula imibuzo ezolandela:

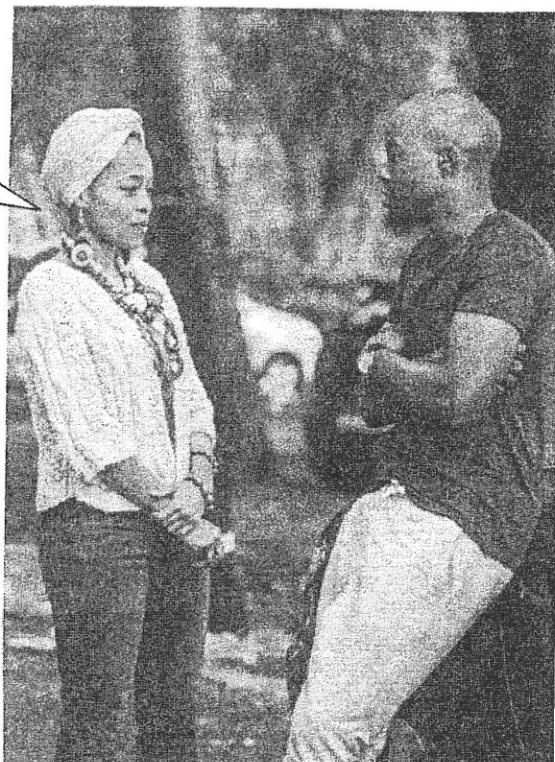
Sekusondele ukubhala izivivinyo zokuphela konyaka. Abafundi bakaMatikuletsheni abasalali. Sekuphele nya ukudlala. Akusekho ngisho noyedwa owehla enyuka ezitaladini. Bonke bazivalele endlini bayafunda. Impumelelo ayitholakali ngamlingo, ukufunda nje kuphela. Abafundi sebekhuthazwa amazwi kathishanhloko awasho njalo athi; 'Bafundi sebenzani ngokuzimisela ukuze ningaphoxi abazali benu.' Abazali kufanele babambe iqhaza ekufundeni kwezingane zabo ukuze ziphumelele.

Lokhu abazali bangakwenza ngokuthi baqinisekise ukuthi ungabibikho umsindo ozophazamisa abafundi emakhaya. Abafundi akumele banikwe umsebenzi wasekhaya omningi ukuze bakwazi ukuchitha isikhathi esiningi befunda izincwadi zabo. Ayikho into ebuhlungu njengokuthi umfundsi ahiale esikoleni iminyaka eminingi kodwa ekugcineni angaphumeleli. Kubamba ezingelayo bafundi sebenzani.

- 5.1.1 Shono ukuthi amagama abhalwe ngokugqamile emishweni elandelayo enza misebenzi mini?
- (a) Bonke bazivalele endlini bayafunda. (1)
(b) Abafundi bakaMatikuletsheni abasalali. (1)
- 5.1.2 Esiqeshini esingenhla caphuna isimo sokukhuluma esichazwa yilo musho olandelayo:
- Abazali kumele basize ekufundeni kwezingane zabo. (2)
- 5.1.3 Phinda ubhale umusho olandelayo ukhombe ukuphika:
- Sebenzani kanzima ukuze nijabulise abazali benu. (2)
- 5.1.4 Phinda ubhale umusho olandelayo uqale ngegama elibhalwe ngokugqamile.
- UThishanhloko ukhuthaza **abafundi** ukuthi bazimisele. (2)
- 5.1.5 Khetha isihlanganiso esisodwa kulezi ezikubakaki usisebenzise ukuhlanganisa imisho elandelayo: (noma, uma, mhlawumbe).
- Bangaphasa bonke abafundi.
Abafundi bafunda ngokuzimisela. (2)
- 5.1.6 Phinda ubhale umusho olandelayo ube yinkulumo mbiko.
- UThishanhloko wakhuthaza abafundi wathi: 'Sebenzani ngokuzimisela ukuze ningaphoxi abazali benu.' (2)
- 5.1.7 Phinda ubhale umusho olandelayo uqale ngebinzana elibhalwe ngokugqamile:
- Abazali basiza izingane zabo.
Ngonyaka ozayo ... (2)

- 5.2 Buka isithombe esilandelayo bese uphendula imibuzo ezolandela.

Ungiphoxile, sahluleki ndini! Bengicabanga ukuthi uhlukile kwabanye kodwa sengiyabona ukuthi amadoda wonke ayefana, wonke angosathane! Kodwa-ke ngiyazi ukuthi kungani ungishiyile. Ngiyazi ukuthi abafana bayazithanda izintombi ezikhulele emadolobheni ngoba bathi ziyazazi izinto.



[Sicashunwe kuDestiny Magazine, Septemba 2013]

- 5.2.1 Ibinzana 'sehluleki ndini' lichukuluza/livusa miphi imizwa? (1)
- 5.2.2 Caphuna umusho okhombisa ukuthi bonke abantu besilisa bayafana. (2)
- 5.2.3 Khetha impendulo efanele kwezilandelayo:
Umusho othi; 'Amadoda angosathane uqukethe ulimi:
A Oluhehayo
B Olunenzondo
C Olukhohlisayo
D Olunothando (1)
- 5.2.4 Shono ukuthi umusho olandelayo ukuthi uqukethe luphi uhlolo lwenkolelo:
Ngiyazi ukuthi abafana bayazithanda izintombi ezikhulele emadolobheni ngoba bathi ziyazazi izinto. (2)
[20]