



basic education

Department:
Basic Education
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

NATIONAL SENIOR CERTIFICATE

IBANGA LE-12

ISIZULU ULIMI LOKUQALA LOKWENGEZA (FAL)

IPHEPHA LOKUQALA (P1)

NOVEMBA 2019

AMAMAKI: 80

ISIKHATHI: Amahora ama-2

Leli phepha linamakhasi ayi-13.

IMIYALELO KWABAHLOLWAYO

1. Leli phepha lehlukaniwe IZIQEPHU EZINTATHU:
ISIQEPHU A: Isivivinyo sokuqondisisa (30)
ISIQEPHU B: Ukufingqa (10)
ISIQEPHU C: Uhlelo nokusetshenziswa kolimi (40)
2. Phendula YONKE imibuzo ekuleli phepha.
3. Qala ISIQEPHU NGASINYE ekhasini ELISHA.
4. Dweba umugqa emva KWESIQEPHU NGASINYE.
5. Bhala izinombolo zezimpendulo kahle ngendlela ezihlelwe ngayo kuleli phepha lemibuzo.
6. Shiya umugqa emva kombuzo ngamunye.
7. Qaphela upelomagama kanye nokwakheka kwemisho.
8. Ukwabiwa kwesikhathi okuncomekayo:
ISIQEPHU A: Imizuzu engama-50
ISIQEPHU B: Imizuzu engama-20
ISIQEPHU C: Imizuzu engama-50
9. Bhala ngobunono nangesandla esifundekayo.

ISIQEPHU A: ISIVIVINYO SOKUQONDISISA

UMBUZO 1

1.1 Fundisisa lesi siqephu esingezansi bese uphendula imibuzo ezolandela.

UMBHALO A (OFUNDWAYO)

ISIPHO SETHUBA LESIBILI		
1	<p>Ubani ongeke asamukela isipho sempilo? Ubani ongalifuni ithuba lesibili lokuphila? Ikusasa alaziwa, impilo yakho ingaguquka ngokuphazima kweso. Izigidi zabantu emhlabeni wonke zilinde ukunikelelwa ngesipho sempilo. Uhlu lwabantu abalinde ukuthola ithuba lesibili lokuphila likhula ngesivinini esikhulu. Umuntu oyedwa angakwazi ukusindisa imiphefumulo eyi-8 uma enikela ngezitho zomzimba, igazi kanye nangamathambo. Umuntu oyedwa osedlulile emhlabeni yena angasiza abantu abangama-50 ukuthi baphile noma bathole usizo lwezitho zomzimba abazidingayo. Kuningi ukudideka okukhona mayelana nokunikela ngezitho zomzimba. Lokhu kudalwa izinkolo, izinkolelo, amasiko kanye nokungabi nolwazi olwanele.</p>	5 10
2	<p>Wonke umuntu unalo ilungelo lokuzikhethela ukunikela ngezitho zomzimba. Usizo lokufakelwa igazi nezitho zomzimba alukhethi ukuthi ungubani, unamalini futhi uhlalaphi. Okokuqala kufanele ubhalise enhlanganweni okuthiwa yi-Organ Donor Foundation of South Africa (ODF) nakwezinye izindawo ezisemthethweni zokubhalisela ukunikela ngezitho zomzimba ukuze ufakwe ohlwini lwabanikelayo. Kubalulekile ukuthi umndeni wakho noma abasondelene kakhulu nawe bazi ngalokho. Umazisi ufakwa isitembu esibhalwe ukuthi 'DONOR'. Ungafaka futhi nebhanga elakhelwe abantu abanikela ngezitho zomzimba. Uyahlolwa odokotela sempilo ukuthi awunazo izifo ezingalapheki noma ezisegazini lakho. Umuntu ongaphansi kweminyaka eyi-18 udinga imvume yabazali noma yombheki (guardian) wakhe ngaphambi kokunikela. Abaneminyaka engaphezulu kwama-60 ngeke bakwazi ukunikela ngengaphakathi lesi. Uma unesifuba somoya (asthma) awukwazi ukunikela ngenhliziyo kodwa unganikela ngezinye izitho zomzimba. Ukunikela ngezitho zomzimba kumahhala, usuke uzikhethele wena ukwenza ubuntu ngokupha abanye ithuba lokuphila.</p>	15 20 25
3	<p>Ukufakelwa kwezitho zomzimba kunomlando osuka kude. Ngomhla zi-3 kuDisemba 1967, uDokotela Christian (Chris) Barnard wakhapha inhliziyu kumuntu ongasekho wayifaka kophilayo. Lo mlendo wenzeka eNingizimu Afrika eGrootte Schuur Hospital eKapa. Wafakela uWashkansky inhliziyu kaDenise Darvall owayeshone engozini yemoto. UWashkansky wakwazi ukuphila nale nhliziyu nakuba emva kwezinsuku eziyi-18 washona ebulawa yisifo senyumoniya. Ulwazi ayelusebenzisa uDokotela Barnard wayeluthathe ocwaningweni olwalwenziwe ngonyaka we-1950 yiqembu labacwaningi baseMelika. Laba bacwaningi bakwazi ukufaka ngempumelelo inhliziyu yenja kwenye eyayinenkinga esifundazweni saseCarlifonia ngonyaka we-1958.</p>	30 35

4	Ukunikela ngezitho zomzimba kuhlukaniswe kabili; kukhona ezinikelwa ngumuntu osaphila nalezo ezikhishwa uma umuntu eseshonile. Izinso, ucezu lwesibindi, iphaphu namathumbu kunganikelwa ngumuntu osaphila naye aqhubeke nempilo yakhe. Ezinye zalezi zitho zomzimba uma zifakelwa kuba nemibandela yezinto okungafanele uzidle noma uziphuze njengotshwala nokudla okunamafutha amaningi. Inso yisona isitho esinikelwa kakhulu ngoba umuntu uyakwazi ukuphila ngenso eyodwa. Kubalulekile ukuthi igazi lakho nelalowo omnikelelayo lihambelane. Onikelayo naye uyahlinzwa ukuze kukhishwe lokho okuzofakelwa komunye. Izindleko zokuhlinzwa zikhokhwa umshuwalense wonikelelwayo noma isibhedlela.	40 45 50
5	Imindeni ikwamukela ngezindlela ezahlukene ukunikela nokufakelwa kwezitho zomzimba. Abanye bathi kuyabaduduza ukwazi ukuthi noma beshonelwe ngothandiweyo wabo, kukhona othole ithuba lokuphila. UJeni Stepien wacela indoda eyafakelwa inhliziyo kababa wakhe ukuthi kube yiyona ezomela ubaba wakhe ngokumngenisa esontweni ngosuku lwakhe (uJeni) lomshado. Lokhu uthi kwamenza wangazwela ukuthi ubaba wakhe wahamba emhlabeni lungakafiki usuku lwakhe lomshado. Umndeni wakwaLekoba wanikela ngenhliziyo nangesibindi sendodakazi yabo eyashona ineminyaka emi-5. Bathi lokhu kubenza bagubhe usuku lwayo lokuzalwa yonke iminyaka ngoba inhliziyo yendodakazi yabo isasebenza komunye umuntu. Abantu abayi nganxanye bengemanzi . Kukhona abathi abakutholi ukwamukela ukuthi othandiweyo wabo akasekho uma izitho zomzimba wakhe zisemizimbeni yabanye abantu. Abanye abantu abathandi ukwazi ukuthi izitho zomzimba ziye kubani noma zivela kubani.	55 60 65
6	Baningi abantu abashona nezitho zomzimba ezingasiza izigidi zabantu. Asizame ukulekelela ngoba kudla fumuka kudle silaza .	

[Ucwaningo oluthathwe ku-www.donatelife.net lwase luyahunyushwa]

- 1.1.1 Yisiphi isipho sempilo okukhulunywa ngaso kule ndaba oyifundile? (1)
- 1.1.2 Yini evimbela abanye abantu ukuthi banganikeli ngezitho zomzimba ngokwesigaba soku-1? Bhala OKUBILI. (2)
- 1.1.3 Ubonakala kanjani umuntu onikela ngezitho zomzimba ngokwesigaba sesi-2? Bhala iphuzu ELILODWA. (2)
- 1.1.4 Khetha impendulo eyodwa kulezi ozinikiwe:
- UWashkansky wabulawa ...
- A isifo senhliziyo.
 B isifo sofuba.
 C isifo senyumoniya.
 D ingozi yemoto. (1)

- 1.1.5 Lwalwenziwe kanjani ucwaningo lokuqala lokufakela izitho zomzimba komunye umzimba? (2)
- 1.1.6 Bhala izitho zomzimba EZIMBILI onganikela ngazo kothandiweyo wakho ukuze niqhubeke nokuphila nobabili. (2)
- 1.1.7 Sizathu sini esenza ukuthi izindleko zokuhlinzwa komuntu zikhokhwe umshwalense walowo onikelelwayo? (2)
- 1.1.8 Yisiphi isenzo sikaJeni Stepien esikhombisa ukuthi wayemthanda kakhulu ubaba wakhe? (2)
- 1.1.9 Chaza lezi zimo zokukhuluma ezibhalwe ngokugqamile njengoba zisetshenzisiwe endabeni.
- (a) Abantu **abayi nganxanye bengemanzi.** (2)
- (b) Ukufa nokugula **kudla fumuka kudle silaza.** (2)
- 1.1.10 Kubaluleke ngani ukuthi umuntu azikhethetele yena esaphila ukuba kunikelwe ngesitho sakhe uma eseshonile, kungabi isinqumo somndeni? (2)
- 1.1.11 Kungabe IQINISO noma UMBONO ukuthi umuntu obhema kakhulu angeke akwazi ukunikela ngamaphaphu akhe? Sekela impendulo yakho. (2)
- 1.1.12 Phawula ngokwenkolelo yakho ngesenzo sokunikela ngezitho zomzimba kulabo abazidingayo. (2)

SIQEPHU B: UKUFINGQA

UMBUZO 2

Fundisisa UMBHALO C ongezansi bese uwufingqa ngamaphuzu ayi-7 ubhale ngokubaluleka kolwandle.

IMIYALELO

1. Bhala ngemisho ephelele. Amagama angeqi/angadluli kwangama-60.
2. Imisho yakho mayibe nezinombolo kusukela kweyoku-1 kuya kweye-7.
3. Bhala iphuzu elilodwa emshweni ngamunye.
4. Ekugcineni kwamaphuzu wonke owabhalile, bhala inani lamagama owasebenzisile.

UMBHALO C (OFUNDWAYO)

UKUBALULEKA KOLWANDLE

Umhlaba uzungezwe ulwandle ngamaphesenti angama-70. Ulwandle lubaluleke ngezindlela eziningi ezahlukene.

Ulwandle lunamanzi afudumele kanye nabandayo. Izilwane ezifana nezinhlanzi, imikhoma, nezinye zihlala olwandle kuphela. Ukuphumela kwazo ezweni kusho ukuphela kwempilo yazo.

Kukhona amazwe kanye neziqhingqi okufanele uma uya kuzona unqamule olwandle. Ezokuthutha ziyalusebenzisa ulwandle ukuhambisa izimpahla, imikhiqizo nezivakashi emazweni ahlukeni. Lokhu kuqinisa ubudlelwane bamazwe akude naseduze.

Imisebenzi ayitholakali kalula emazweni amaningi. Ulwandle lunamathuba amaningi emisebenzi esiza ukukhuphula izinga lomnotho. Lokhu kusiza imindeni nemiphakathi ebulawa yindlala.

Olwandle kunemikhumbi nezikebhe ezinhle ezifana namahhotela ngaphakathi. Abantu bayangebeleka olwandle benze nezindumezulu zemisimbi efana nemishado, ukugubha usuku lokuzalwa neminye. Lokhu kushiya izinkumbulo ezingapheli ezimpilweni zabo.

Kunezinkolelo abantu abanazo mayelana nokusebenzisa ulwandle. Kukhona abasebenzisa amanzi olwandle ukwelapha izifo zesikhumba, ukubhabhadisa nokulahla kulo imilotha yabangasekho. Lokhu bakwenza ngoba benethemba lokuthi ulwandle lungabasiza.

Izinga lemidlalo nemincintiswano yasemanzini liya ngokwanda. Imincintiswano yokugwedla ngezikebhe, ukubhukuda, i-surfing neminye yenzelwa nasolwandle. Ngenxa yale midlalo abanye bagcina sebengosaziwayo.

Zonke izinsuku abantu baya olwandle ngezizathu ezahlukene. Ulwandle lungenye yezinto ezisetshenziswa ukupholisa ikhanda kubantu abanokhwantalala (stress) nesizungu. Babuya bezizwa bengcono.

Kufanele abantu baluhloniphe futhi balugcine luhlanzekile ulwandle ngenxa yokubaluleka kwalo.

[Umbhalo wokuziqambela]

ISIQHEPHU C: IZAKHIWO KANYE NEZIMISO ZOKUSETSHENZISWA KOLIMI

UMBUZO 3

Bukisisa UMBHALO D bese uphendula imibuzo ezolandela.

UMBHALO D (OFUNDWAYO NOBUKWAYO)

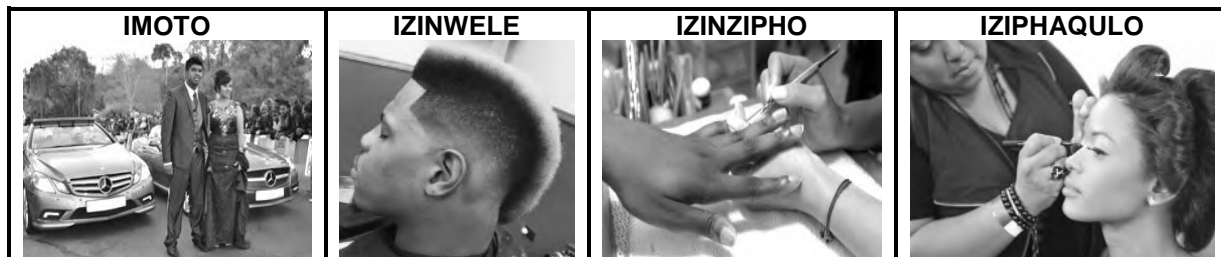
BUKHAZIHAZI HOTEL

UFUNA I-MATRIC DANCE ESESITAYELENI?

SIZOKUNIKA INDAWO EZOFEZA IPHUPHO LAKHO.



Konke lokhu sikunika ngamanani alingene iphakethe lakho.



- ✓ U-DJ
- ✓ I-BUFFET
- ✓ IZITHOMBE NAMA-VIDEO
- ✓ IZIPHO

BHUKHA MANJE!



bukhazi.vodamail.co.za



[@khazikhazi](https://www.facebook.com/khazikhazi)



[#khazi_54](https://www.instagram.com/khazi_54)



086 144 4888/9

Ungathinta onogada uma ufika ukuze bakusize.

Le ndawo ithatha abantu abayi-100 kuya kwabayi-1000.

Imithetho nemibandela

Kukhokhwa idiphozi engama-70% ngaphambi komcimbi.

[Umbhalo wokuziqambela, izithombe zicashunwe ku-www.googlepics.com]

- 3.1 Siqondiswe kobani lesi sikhangisi? (1)
- 3.2 Bhala OKUBILI abaseBukhazikhazi Hotel abakunika amakhasimende abo. (2)

- 3.3 Guqula lo musho olandelayo ube inkathi yamanje eqhubekayo.
Kukhokhwa idiphozi engama-70% ngaphambi komcimbi. (1)
- 3.4 Guqula igama elikubakaki liveze umqondo okhombisa ukwenzela kulo musho olandelayo:
Konke lokhu (sikwenza) ngamanani alingene iphakethe lakho. (1)
- 3.5 Khetha uhlobo lwesifenqo oluqokethwe yilo musho olandelayo:
Le ndawo ithatha abantu abayi-100 kuya kwabayi-1 000:
A Isifaniso
B Isingathekiso
C Uteku
D Isenzasamuntu (1)
- 3.6 Tomula amagama anolimi oluphoqayo asesikhangisweni. (2)
- 3.7 Ngokucabanga kwakho kungabe ezokuphepha ziqinisiwe eBukhazikhazi Hotel? Sekela impendulo yakho. (2)

[10]

UMBUZO 4

Bukisisa UMBHALO E bese uphendula imibuzo ezolandela.

UMBHALO E (OFUNDWAYO NOBUKWAYO)



[Sicashunwe ku-www.googlepics.com]

- 4.1 Kungani uZikode ezwakala njengomuntu ongathembekile? (2)
- 4.2 Bhala igama eliyisabizwana sokukhomba kulo musho olandelayo bese ulisebenzisa emshweni ozakhele wona:
 Bazobamba yonke le mali yami yempesheni. (2)
- 4.3 Guqula igama elibhalwe ngokugqamile kulo musho olandelayo likhombise ukuphika/ukulandula.
Ngantshontsha imali emsebenzini. (1)
- 4.4 Khetha impendulo efanele kulezi ozinikeziwe ukuchaza isimo sokukhuluma esibhalwe ngokugqamile kulo musho olandelayo:
 Uyazi dokotela **ngiswele umgodi wokucasha**:
- A Ukuba namahloni.
 - B Ukuba nosizi.
 - C Ukuba nobugebengu.
 - D Ukuba namanga. (1)

- 4.5 Tomula isibanjalo kulo musho olandelayo bese usisebenzisa emshweni ozakhele wona.
 Udokotela ufuna ukusiza uZikode ukuthi abe ngumuntu oqotho futhi. (2)
- 4.6 Ukuba wena ubunguDokotela Khoza, ubuzoqhubeka umsize yini uMnu. Zikode? Sekela impendulo yakho. (2)
[10]

UMBUZO 5

- 5.1 Fundisisa UMBHALO F bese uphendula imibuzo ezolandela.

UMBHALO F (OFUNDWAYO)

Hheyi bakwethu! Usuphelile njalo unyaka? Impela isikhathi sesidliwe yinja. Sekuzovela imiphumela kuwo wonke umuntu obesebenza nobefunda. Kuzocaca ukuthi bawulungiselele ngokufanele yini **uZibandlela**. Phela konke kuvela obala ngale nyanga. Alikho eligxumela elinye. Bazohlala obala labo ababedlala ngemali nangesikhathi. Abanye bazobe behleka bodwa sebethola amabhonasi abo. Kukhona abazothola imali abebeyonga unyaka wonke. Abafundi abazimisile bazodlulela phambili. Kuneqembu elizivocavocayo ukuze libe nemizimba emihle ehambisana nalesi sikhathi. 5

Izigebengu nazo azizibekile phansi ngalesi sikhathi. Amadolobha amakhulu agudle ulwandle agadwa kakhulu. Kufakwa amaphoyisa amaningi ngoba abantwana bayalahleka futhi bayantshontshwa kulezi zindawo. Amaphoyisa ahlale ethola izingane ezidukile azigcine. Izingane ezimukayo zidliwa izilwane eziyingozi. 10

[Umbhalo wokuziqambela]

- 5.1.1 Lo musho olandelayo uqukethe luphi uphawu lokuloba?
 Hheyi bakwethu! (1)
- 5.1.2 Nciphisa igama elibhalwe ngokugqamile bese uzakhela umusho ophelele ngalo.
 Impela **isikhathi** sesidliwe yinja. (2)
- 5.1.3 Hlobo luni lwebizo elibhalwe ngokugqamile emshweni olandelayo:
lqembu lezigebengu nalo alizibekile phansi. (1)
- 5.1.4 Guqula amabizo abhalwe ngokugqamile emshweni olandelayo abe isandiso sendawo (ondaweni).
Amadolobha agudle **ulwandle** kugada amaphoyisa amaningi. (2)

- 5.1.5 Khetha impendulo efanele kulezi ozinikeziwe usho ukuthi uluhlobo luni lo musho olandelayo:
- Kufakwa amaphoyisa amaningi ezindaweni ezigudle ulwandle ngoba abantwana bayalahleka kulezi zindawo.
- A Umusho oqondile.
B Umusho ombaxa.
C Umusho omagatshagatsha.
D Umusho oncikile. (1)
- 5.1.6 Bhala ELINYE igama elisho okufanayo naleli elibhalwe ngokugqamile kulo musho olandelayo:
- Sekuzovela imiphumela kuwo wonke umuntu obesebenza nobefunda ukuthi uwulungiselele kanjani **uZibandlela**. (1)
- 5.1.7 Khetha igama elifanele kulawa owanikeziwe bese ugqwalisa isikhala kulo musho olandelayo:
- [ikati, ihhashi, ixoxo]
- Alikho phela ... eligxumela elinye. (1)
- 5.1.8 Sebenzisa leli bizo elilandelayo emshweni ozakhele wona libe umenziwa.
- Abasebenzi (2)
- 5.1.9 Guqula igama elikubakaki emshweni olandelayo libe ongumnini/ubumnini.
- Izilwane (amanzi) zidla izingane. (1)
- 5.1.10 Phinda ubhale lo musho olandelayo ulungise amaphutha:
- Uhamba nobani lomntwana (2)

5.2 Bukisisa UMBHALO G bese uphendula imibuzo ezolandela.

UMBHALO G (OFUNDWAYO NOBUKWAYO)



[Sicashunwe ku-www.googlepics.com]

- 5.2.1 Uchaza ukuthini uNkunzi uma ethi: 'sengidle ukotini'? (2)
- 5.2.2 Ngokubona kwakho yimuphi umuzwa oqukethwe imicabango kaQwabe? Sekela impendulo yakho. (2)
- 5.2.3 Sebenzisa ibizo, 'ibala' emshweni ozakhele wona ukuze kuvele umqondo ohlukile kulona osenkulumweni kaNkunzi. (2)
- [20]

AMAMAKI ESIQEPHU C: 40
AMAMAKI ESEWONKE: 80



basic education

Department:
Basic Education
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

NATIONAL SENIOR CERTIFICATE

IBANGA LE-12

ISIZULU ULIMI LOKUQALA LOKWENGEZA (FAL)

IPHEPHA LOKUQALA (P1)

NOVEMBA 2019

UMHLAHLANDLELA WOKUMAKA

AMAMAKI: 80

Lo mhlahlandlela wokumaka unamakhasi ayi-9.

ISIQEPHU A: ISIVIVINYO SOKUQONDISISA

UMBUZO 1

INDLELA YOKUMAKA:

1. Ngenxa yokuthi sigxila emqondweni wempendulo; ukungabhaleki kahle kwamagama namaphutha olimi sikushaya indiva/asikunaki ngaphandle uma kuthinta umqondo wempendulo yonke. Omakayo kumele awatshengise ngezimpawu ezisetshenziswayo amaphutha uma ekhona.
2. Uma umfundi esebenzise amagama angekho olimini ahlolwa ngalo, lawo magama ngeke anakwe uma impendulo ayibhalile inomqondo ophelele. Uma kunegama elithathelwe kolunye ulimi embhalweni onikeziwe noma kudingeka ukuthi impendulo inike lona, lokho kuyovumeleka.
3. Imibuzo evulelekile edinga izimpendulo ezinjengoYEBO/CHA noma ANGIYAVUMA/NGIYAVUMA azinikwa amamaki. Ngokufanayo nalezi ezinjengo-IQINISO/AKUSILO IQINISO noma IQINISO/UMBONO nazo azinikwa amamaki kodwa indlela umfundi asekela ngayo ethola amamaki.
4. Uma impendulo iyigama elilodwa kodwa umfundi abhale umusho wonke; umfundi uthola amamaki uma eyidwebele impendulo noma eyikhombise ngandlela thize.
5. Uma impendulo idinga amaphuzu amabili/amathathu kodwa umfundi wabhala angaphezulu kwalokho, kumakwa amaphuzu amabili/amathathu okuqala okunye kungabe kusanakwa.
6. Umfundi uyanikwa amamaki uma esebenzise ulimi lwesigodi empendlweni yakhe.
7. Emibuzweni lapho umfundi ekhetha impendulo kwazinikiwe; makwamukelwe kokubili, uhlamvu oluhambisana nempendulo okuyiyona efanele noma impendulo ebhalwe ngokuphelele noma ekubhale kokubili. Isib: 1.1.5 A/USizwe.

- 1.1 1.1.1 Ukunikela ngezitho zomzimba, igazi kanye nangamathambo.√/ Ukunikela ngezitho zomzimba.√/ Ithuba lesibili lokuphila.√ (1)
- 1.1.2 Okubili kwalokhu :
• Izinkolo.√/
• Izinkolelo.√/
• Amasiko.√/
• Ukungabi nolwazi olwanele.√ (2)
- 1.1.3 Umazisi wakhe uba nesigxivizo esithi DONOR√√/ukufaka ibhangela labanikelayo esandleni.√√/ Uba sohlwini lwabanikela ngegazi.√√ (2)
- 1.1.4 C.√/Isifo senyumoniya.√ (1)
- 1.1.5 Abacwangingi baseMelika balwenza ngempumelelo ngokufaka inhliziyo yenja kwenyeinja.√√ (2)
- 1.1.6 Ezimbili zalezi:
• Izinso.√/
• Ucezu lwesibindi.√/
• Iphaphu.√/
• Amathumbu.√/
• Isikhumba.√/
• Amathambo√ (2)
- 1.1.7 Okukodwa kwalokhu:
• Yingoba nguyena osuke edinga usizo.√√/
• Yingoba abafuni umuntu osizayo agqilazeke ngezindleko.√√ (2)
- 1.1.8 Ukuba acele indoda eyafakelwa inhliziyo kababa wakhe ukuba kube yiyona ezomela ubaba wakhe ngosuku lwakhe lomshado.√√ (2)
- 1.1.9 (a) Abantu abahlali bevumelana ngento efanayo/eyodwa.√√/ Abantu abasho into efanayo.√√ (2)
- (b) Wonke umuntu uyafa.√√/Ukufa okukanoma ubani√√/ Ukufa akukhethi muntu.√√/Kufa omdala nomncane.√√ (2)
- 1.1.10 Ukuze kungabi bikho ukuphikisana kwamalungu omndeni.√√ (Nokunye okunembayo) (2)
- 1.1.11 IQINISO, ngoba amaphaphu omuntu obhemayo awanayo impilo ngenxa yobuthi obutholakala kugwayi.√√ (Nokunye okunembayo) (2)

1.1.12 Izimpendulo ziyokwehluka:

Ngokwenkolelo yami kuyisenzo esikhombisa ubuntu ukusiza abanye abantu ukuthi baphile.√√

NOMA

Ngokwenkolelo yami akukuhle ukuthi umuntu ashone esenezitho zomzimba ezingaphelele. √√
(Nokunye okunembayo). (2)

1.2 1.2.1 Yingoba ubuso bayo ibufihle ngomqamelo/ngekhushini.√ (1)

1.2.2 OKUBILI kwalokhu:

Yingoba umama kaLinda ubonakala:

- evule umlomo.√/
- Ukuvela kwamazinyo.√/
- eneke isandla.√/
- Ubuka uLinda kabi.√/
- Ubaba ukhombisa ukuthi umlalele njengoba ekhuluma.√ (2)

1.2.3 Yingoba usebenzisa umbhobho wokukhuluma.√ (1)

1.2.4 Izimpendulo ziyokwehluka:

Yebo, siphumelele ngoba uMel uzinakele umakhalekhukhwini wakhe akamnakile uthishomkhulu njengoba ekhuluma.√√

NOMA

Cha, asiphumelelanga ngoba kungenzeka ukuthi akusikho ukuthi uyedelela uMel kepha akamuzwa uthishomkhulu ngenxa yama-earphones awafake ezindlebeni ekubeni kanti umi ngemuva kwakhe, akamboni.√√ (2)

AMAMAKI ESIQEPHU A: 30

ISIQEPHU B: UKUFINGQA

UMBUZO 2

Amaphuzu esingwabheka:

	AMAPHUZU ACASHUNIWE		AMAPHUZU AHUNYUSHIWE
1.	'Izilwane ezifana nezinhlanzi, imikhoma, nezinye zihlala olwandle kuphela'.	1.	Ulwandle luyikhaya lezilwane ezahlukene ezikwazi ukuphila emanzini kuphela.
2.	'Ezokuthutha ziyalusebenzisa ulwandle ukuhambisa izimpahla, imikhiqizo nezivakashi emazweni ahlukene'.	2.	Ulwandle lusetshenziselwa ukuthwala izinto ezinhlobonhlobo ziye kwamanye amazwe.
3.	'Ulwandle lunamathuba amaningi emisebenzi esiza ukukhuphula izinga lomnotho'.	3.	Ulwandle lusiza ukuvulela abantu amathuba emisebenzi kuthuthuke nezinga lomnotho.
4.	'Abantu bayangcebeleka olwandle benze nezindumezulu zemicimbi efana nemishado ukugubha usuku lokuzalwa neminye'.	4.	Ulwandle abantu bayazijabulisa benze imishado emikhulu bagubhe nezinsuku zabo zokuzalwa.
5.	'Kukhona abasebenzisa amanzi olwandle ukwelapha izifo zesikhumba, ukubhabhadisa nokulahla kulo imilotha yabangasekho'.	5.	Ulwandle kwenziwa izinto eziningi ezihambisana nezinkolelo ezahlukene.
6.	'Imincintiswano yokugwedla ngezikebhe, ukubhukuda, i-surfing neminye iyenzelwa nasolwandle'.	6.	Kukhona imiqhudelwano eminingi ebanjelwa olwandle egcina isiza abantu bathuthuke.
7.	'Ulwandle lungenye yezinto ezisetshenziswa ukupholisa ikhanda kubantu abanokhwantalala (stress) nesizungu'.	7.	Abantu abanezinkinga bayasizakala uma beyozihlalela olwandle babuye sebezizwa bengcono.

Ukumakwa kokufingqa

Ukumaka kubhekela ukuba khona kwamaphuzu abalulekile nokuhlungwa kwalawo angabalulekile empendulweni.

Ukufingqa kumele kumakwe ngale ndlela:

- **Ukwabiwa Kwamamaki:**
 - Amamaki ayi-7 ngamaphuzu ayi-7 (Iphuzu lilinye labelwa imaki elilodwa).
 - Amamaki ama-3 abelwa ukusetshenziswa kahle kolimi.
 - Isamba samamaki ayi-10.
- **Ukwabiwa Kwamamaki Okusetshenziswa Kolimi Lapho Umfundi Esebenzise Awakhe Amagama:**
 - Iphuzu eli-1 kuya kwama-3: Uklonyeliswa ngemaki eli-1.
 - Amaphuzu ama-4 kuya kwama-5: Uklonyeliswa ngamamaki ama-2.
 - Amaphuzu ayi-6 kuya kwayi-7: Uklonyeliswa ngamamaki ama-3.
- **Ukwabiwa Kwamamaki Okusetshenziswa Kolimi Lapho Umfundi Ecaphune Njengoba Kunjalo Esiqeshini:**
 - Amaphuzu ayi-6 kuya kwayi-7: Akaklonyeliswa lutho ngemaki lolimi.
 - Iphuzu eli-1 kuya kwama-5: Uklonyeliswa ngemaki eli-1 lolimi.

QAPHELA:

- **Ukubalwa Kwamagama:**
 - Abamakayo kulindeleke ukuthi babale inani lamagama asetshenziwe.
 - Awekho amamaki asuswayo uma umfundi engalibhalanga inani lamagama asetshenziwe noma elibhalile kodwa kungesilona.
 - Uma inani lamagama asetshenziwe leqile, omakayo kumele afunde aphelele emshweni wokugcina ngaphezulu kwesibalo esibekiwe, angabe esakunaka okulandelayo.

AMAMAKI ESIQEPHU B: 10

ISIQEPHU C: IZAKHIWO NEZIMISO ZOKUSETSHENZISWA KOLIMI

UMBUZO 3

Indlela yokumaka ISIQEPHU C

- **Ukupelwa kwamagama/Isipelingi**
 - Izimpendulo ezidinga igama elilodwa mazimakwe ngisho kunamaphutha esipelingi, ngaphandle uma iphutha lishintsha umqondo/incazelo yegama.
 - Uma impendulo ingumusho ogcwele, abanganikwa amamaki uma iphutha lisengxenyeni yolimi ehlohlwayo.
 - Uma kuhlolwa isifinyezo, impendulo mayibe nophawu lokuloba olufanele.
- Ukwakhiwa kwemisho makulandele uhlelo lokusetshenziswa kolimi olufanele.
- Emibuzweni lapho kukhethwa khona izimpendulo, yamukela KOKUBILI uhlamvu oluhambisana nempendulo efanele NOMA impendulo efanele ebhalwe ngokugcwele.

3.1 Kubantu abafuna ukuqasha indawo yokugubha usuku lweMatric Dance.√ (1)

3.2 Okubili kwalokhu:

- U-DJ.√/
- I-Buffer.√/
- Izithombe nama-video.√/
- Izipho.√/
- Imoto√/
- Izinwele√/
- Izinzipho√/
- Iziphaqulo√/
- Indawo√ (2)

3.3 Kusakhokhwa√/kuyakhokhwa√ idiphozi engama-70% ngaphambi komcimbi. (1)

3.4 Konke lokhu sikwenzela ngamanani alingene iphakethe lakho.√ (1)

3.5 D√/Isenzasamuntu.√ (1)

3.6 BHUKHA MANJE! √√ (2)

3.7 Izimpendulo ziyokwehluka:

Isibonelo: **Yebo**, ngoba kukhona onogada okuyibona abayalela abantu ihhovisi nokuqinisekisa ukuthi kungena umuntu ofanele.√√/

NOMA

Cha, ngoba noma kuqinisekisiwe ukuphepha kodwa ubugebengu buhlale benzeka bekhona onogada.√√/ (Nokunye okunembayo).

(2)
[10]

UMBUZO 4

- 4.1 Yingoba usephinde wantshontsha imali futhi emsebenzini. √√ (2)
- 4.2 Le. √ (1)
Isibonelo: Nansi le nja engilumile izolo. √ (1)
- 4.3 Ngangayintshontsha. √/Angayintshontsha. √/Angintshontshanga. √/
Kangiyintshontshanga. √ (1)
- 4.4 A √/Ukuba namahloni. √ (1)
- 4.5 Ngumuntu. √
Isibonelo: **Ngumuntu** ongahloniphi okhuluma kanjalo. √ (2)
- 4.6 OKUKODWA KWALOKHU:
Bengingaqhubeka ngimsize:
- Ngethemba lokuthi mhlawumbe uzoshintsha indlela yokwenza. √√/
 - Ngenhloso yokumnika elinye ithuba. √√/
 - Ngoba ngumsebenzi wami njengodokotela ukusiza abanenkinga efana neyakhe. √√

NOMA

- Bengingeke ngisaqhubeka nokumsiza ngoba:
- Kungenzeka ukuthi inkinga yakhe idinga olunye uhlobo losizo hhayi lo dokotela wezengqondo. √√/
 - Izenzo zakhe azikhombisi ukuthi uyazicabangela naye ngokwakhe njengomuntu omdala. √√
- (Nokunye okunembayo). (2)

[10]

UMBUZO 5

- 5.1 5.1.1 Umbabazi. √ /Uphawu lokubabaza. √ (1)
- 5.1.2 Isikhashana. √
Isibonelo: Kube isikhashana nje efikile wabe esehamba. √ (2)
- 5.1.3 Ibizozoqa. √ (1)
- 5.1.4 Emadolobheni. √
Olwandle. √ (2)
- 5.1.5 B √/Umusho ombaxa. √ (1)

- 5.1.6 UDisemba.√ (1)
- 5.1.7 Ixoxo.√ (1)
- 5.1.8 Imisho iyokwehluka:
Isibonelo: UNkk. Mhlophe uhlukumeza **abasebenzi** bakhe.√√ (2)
- 5.1.9 Zamanzi/Zasemanzini √ (1)
- 5.1.10 lo√ mntwana?√ (2)
- 5.2 5.2.1 Uchaza ukuthi ugqoke kahle.√√/ Uswenkile√√/ Ugqoke izingubo ezibizayo.√√ (2)
- 5.2.2 Umuzwa wokucasuka√/wokuthukuthela√/wokwesaba/wokudinwa√/ wokunengwa√/wokucikeka/ngoba wesaba ukuthi ngeke ayithole imali yakhe√/ngoba uyanxapha enkulumweni yakhe.√ (2)
- 5.2.3 Izimpendulo ziyokwehluka:
Isibonelo:
Abantu abanebala elimnyama bayathandeka.√√/
Susa ibala elingcolile engutsheni yakho.√√ (2)

[20]

AMAMAKI ESIQEPHU C: 40
AMAMAKI ESEWONKE: 80