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basic education

Department:
Basic Education
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

SENIOR CERTIFICATE EXAMINATIONS/ NATIONAL SENIOR CERTIFICATE EXAMINATIONS

ACCOUNTING P1

MARKING GUIDELINES

2021

MARKS: 150

MARKING PRINCIPLES:

- 1. Unless otherwise stated in the marking guidelines, penalties for foreign items are applied only if the candidate is not losing marks elsewhere in the question for that item (no penalty for misplaced item). No double penalty applied.
- 2. Penalties for placement or poor presentation (e.g. details) are applied only if the candidate is earning marks on the figures for that item.
- 3. Full marks for correct answer. If answer incorrect, mark the workings provided.
- 4. If a pre-adjustment figure is shown as a final figure, allocate the part-mark for the working for that figure (not the method mark for the answer). Note: if figures are stipulated in memo for components of workings, these do not carry the method mark for final answer as well.
- 5. Unless otherwise indicated, the positive or negative effect of any figure must be considered to award the mark. If no + or sign or bracket is provided, assume that the figure is positive.
- 6. Where indicated, part-marks may be awarded to differentiate between differing qualities of answers from candidates.
- 7. This memorandum is not for public distribution, as certain items might imply incorrect treatment. The adjustments made are due to nuances in certain questions.
- 8. Where penalties are applied, the marks for that section of the question cannot be a final negative.
- 9. Where method marks are awarded for operation, the marker must inspect the reasonableness of the answer.
- 10. Operation means 'check operation'. 'One part correct' means operation and one part correct. Note: check operation must be +, -, x, ÷, or per memo.
- 11. In calculations, do not award marks for workings if numerator & denominator are swapped this also applies to ratios.
- 12. In awarding method marks, ensure that candidates do not get full marks for any item that is incorrect at least in part. Indicate with a ⊠.
- 13. Be aware of candidates who provide valid alternatives beyond the marking guideline. Note that one comment could contain different aspects.
- 14. Codes: f = foreign item; p = placement/presentation.

These marking guidelines consist of 9 pages.

4	4	
7	1	

1.1.2 Payables ✓
1.1.3 Materiality

Dr and Cr; or recognisable abbreviatio 1.2 ACCOUNT **ACCOUNT** NO. **AMOUNT** Α 0 L **DEBITED CREDITED** Shareholders for 1.2.1 Bank √ 136 000 0 **√*** dividends / Sh ✓ Ordinary share 1.2.2 450 000 Bank ✓ + + 0 ✓ capital / OSC ✓ SARS: Income tax 0

+ √* 1.2.3 Income tax ✓ 338 200

Identify the type of audit report that the company received. Give a 1.3.1 reason for your answer.

TYPE OF REPORT accept "clean" or "good" report; mark type and reason independently

Unqualified ✓



REASON Any valid reason ✓ accept short, incomplete statements if message is clear

The audit report indicates 'fairly present'.

The auditors did not identify any problems.

Explain why the auditor referred to pages 8 to 23 1.3.2

Any suitable explanation part mark for unclear/incomplete/partial answers

- The auditors are responsible only for reports presented on these pages
- The audited financial reports are found on these pages of the full report given to the shareholders.

Explain why the auditor referred to International Financial Reporting Standards and the Companies Act of South Africa

part mark for unclear/incomplete/partial answers Any suitable explanation

The audit and the financial records of the company are in compliance with both local and international requirements / it affects presentation of financial statements.

1.3.3 Name any TWO items of audit evidence that the auditors may have used.

Any TWO examples of evidence individual examples of documents is one point Stock sheets / fixed assets register / source documents including EFT records / bank; debtors; creditors statements / signed contracts / employee profiles/ physical inspection of assets / ournals

> TOTAL MARKS 20

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2

____5

inspect:

2.2 STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2021

the amount calculated is awarded t	wo marks, the balancing amo	unt is awarded two meth	nod marks
Sales	GP x 260/160 OR	24 182 600	√√ #
Cost of sales	GP x 100/160	(9 301 000)	
# If (f) used: 2 433 000 + 8 572	000 - 1 704 000 see 2.1	,	
Gross profit	4	14 881 600	
Other income	operation, one part correct	203 400	V
Bad debts recovered		5 800	
Rent income (208 250 − 17 000 ✓✓)	adjustment amt subtracted	191 250	\checkmark
Provision for bad debt adjustment (9 800	- 9 350)*	450	√ √
Profit on sale of asset (88 400 – 82 500)	CV subtracted	5 900	√ √
Gross operating income	9 GP + OI	15 085 000	\checkmark
Operating expenses	operation; inspect	(13 065 600)	\checkmark
Directors' fees		4 836 000	
Audit fees		497 200	
Advertising		342 400	
Sundry expenses		88 000	
Trading stock deficit 2 000 000 ✓ - 1 704 0	# could be surplus	296 000	✓*
34 000 two Salaries and wages (6 425 000 + 23 800√+		6 463 500	✓ *
Depreciation (41 250 + 337 000 √√+ 90		468 750	√ *
Packing material		39 700	√ ✓
Bad debts 28 800 one mark + 5 250 one mark		34 050	$\checkmark\checkmark$
Operating profit	17 <mark>GOI – OE</mark>	2 019 400	\checkmark
Interest income balancing	figure; could be a negative	57 000	\checkmark
Profit before interest expense	NPbT + IE	2 076 400	\checkmark
Interest expense 2 150 000 – 710 400 – 1 652 000	OR 1 652 000 – 1 439 600	(212 400)	√ ▼*
Net profit before tax	NPAT + IT	1 864 000	\checkmark
Income tax	NPAT x 28/72	(521 920)	$\checkmark\checkmark$
Net profit after tax	7	1 342 080	

37

-1 foreign items (-1 max); misplaced items, mark workings only; ignore brackets but check operation when awarding method mark

* one part correct

Please turn over

2.3 RETAINED INCOME NOTE

Balance at beginning of final	ncial year	2 978 000	
Net profit after tax		1 342 080	✓
Buy back of shares	Ignore brackets	(62 500)	$\checkmark\checkmark$
Dividends	operation Ignore brackets	(1 900 500)	
Interim		672 000	✓
Final (3 412 500 x R0,36)	one part correct	1 228 500	√ ▼
Balance at end of financial y	2 357 080	V	

TOTAL MARKS 50

		* x 100/1 does not constitute 'one part correct'	
3.1.1	Calculate: Debt-equity ratio		
	WORKINGS	ANSWER	
	2 450 000 ✓ : 10 387 600 ✓ (7 280 000 + 3 107 600) one mark	0,2:1 ☑ one part correct; must be shown as x:1	3
.1.2	Calculate: Net asset value per share		

Calculate: Net asset value per share				
WORKINGS	ANSWER			
10 387 600 ✓ x 100 cents* 800 000 ✓ (700 000 + 120 000 – 20 000) one mark	1 298,5 cents ☑ one part correct accept 1298c /1299c / R12,98 / R12,99			

3.1.3	Calculate: Div		y-out rate /ORKINGS		ANSWER	
	$77 \frac{\text{two marks}}{45 \checkmark + 32} \checkmark 2$ $350 \checkmark$	× <u>100*</u> 1	OR one mark one mark (369 000 + 262 400) 631 400 two marks 2 870 000 one mark	x 100	22% one part correct shown as a %	 F

.1.4	Calculate: Return on average shareholders' equity (ROSHE)		
	WORKINGS ANSWER		
	2 870 000 ✓	E	

3.2.1	For the Cash Flow Statement calculate: Change in receivables				
	WORKINGS	ANSWER	Inflow/Outflow		
	418 000 – 390 000 Ignore workings and brackets:	28 000 ✓✓	Outflow ✓	3	

Award marks for answer / detail if not in the relevant columns

3.2.2 For the Cash Flow Statement calculate: Change in payables

WORKINGS

ANSWER Inflow/Outflow

520 000 + 16 000

536 000 − 359 200

Ignore workings and brackets

| 176 800 ✓✓ Inflow ✓

WORKINGS	ANSWER
085 000 ✓ – 124 000 ✓ – 354 000 ✓	607 000 ☑ one part correct
OR	one part correct
one mark one mark 085 000 + 124 000 + 354 000	

3.3.2	Calculate: Dividends paid			
	WORKINGS	ANSWER		
	$(820\ 000\ \times\ 0,45)\ \text{two marks}$ 210 000 \checkmark + 369 000 \checkmark \checkmark OR one mark one mark 210 000 + 631 400 - 262 400 see 3.1.3 Accept ledger format or brackets as	579 000 ☑ one part correct	4	

3.3	Calculate:	Proceeds fr	om sale of	fixed asset	S		
		ı	WORKINGS	6		ANSWER	
	✓	✓	✓	✓			1
	8 865 000 -	- 1 360 000 -	- 785 000 –	8 878 000	OR	588 000⊠	
	one mark	one mark	one mark	one mark		one part correct	П
	8 878 000 +	- 1 360 000 -	- 785 000 -	8 865 000			H
		Accept ledger fo	rmat, brackets as	workings or fixed	asset note format		H

WORKINGS	ANSWER
one mark one mark one mark 20 000 x R13,65 OR 182 000 + 91 000 20 000 x 9,10 20 000 x 4,55	273 000 ✓ ✓ one part correct

TOTAL MARKS	35
101AL MARKING	33

1	1
-	

4.1.1	B√
4.1.2	C ✓
4.1.3	A✓
•	-

4.2 **LIBRA LIMITED**

4.2.1 Identify TWO other liquidity indicators which also show that the company is likely to have serious liquidity concerns in future. Explain ONE point in EACH case (with figures)

Stockholding	 Increased (from 43 days) to 78 days / by 35 days / 81,4
period	Danger of stock becoming obsolete
	 Cash tied up in stock / stock piling
Average debtors'	Increased (from 32,6 days) to 58,9 days / by 26,3 days
collection period	<mark>80,1 %</mark>
·	 Slower collections will negatively affect the cash flow
	 Poor control over collection from debtors
	Do not accept creditors payment p

4.2.2 Comment on how the increase in the loan affected the risk and gearing in 2021. Quote TWO financial indicators. State ONE point in EACH case (with figures).

Financial indicator ✓ ✓ figures showing trend ✓ ✓ Explanation ✓ ✓ POINT 1 Debt/equity ratio increased (from 0,2:1) to 0,7:1 / by 0,5:1 Higher financial risk taken by the company. The business is now making use more use of loans



POINT 2 ROTCE decreased (from 9,1%) to 6,4% / by 2,7%

Negatively geared; return is lower than interest on loans (12%)

Not making effective use of loans.

Explain whether the decision to purchase additional property had the desired effect on demand for this product (with figures).

Explanation (not Yes or No) Figures (showing / implying comparison)

Sales has decreased by R2 574 000 / (from R11 550 000) to R8 976 000 / by 22,3%

Decrease in the mark-up% from 75% to 60% did not result in more sales / 15% reduction

		ON 4.2.2). State ONE point in EACH case (with figures). of: Financial indicator ✓ ✓ ✓ (with figures) ✓ ✓ ✓ Explanation ✓ ✓ ✓	
		eased from 102c (to 54c) by 48c – indicating that the company is experiencing	
		to maintain profit levels	
		ped from 90c (to 25c) - shareholders not receiving a reasonable return.	
		e dividend pay-out rate from 88,2% (to 46,3%) is an indication that directors concerned about growth, but is making some attempt to rebuilding.	
		vas 5,3% and dropped to 4,9%; still below the interest on fixed deposits (8%)	
		not a good deal when compared to the market price of R6,10 (R5,80), especially	
		re then prepared to sell the shares at R4,80 (desperate attempt to raise capital) c), higher than the MP of 610c is an indication of low demand for shares.	
	 Liquidity is 	ssues: current ratio is low (1,1:1) and acid test ratio indicated cash flow	
		(0,8 : 1); debtors not paying within limits (32 days) k-up % (75%) and poor control over expenses (32% of sales) will cause	
		s to go elsewhere; decreasing trend in profits.	9
404			, 1
4.2.4	financial in	O different points to justify their opinion. Quote figures or	
		ints ✓ ✓ figure ✓ ✓	-
	POINT 1	Compulsory point: comment on directors' fees	1
		Buys has given himself a 45% increase /	
		 R900 000 increase is 50% more than fee of other directors / 	
		Other directors did not receive an increase (maintained at	
	POINT 2	R600 000 each) Any ONE of: Mention a decrease in profitability as indicated by:	4
	POINT 2	• EPS dropped (from 102c) to 54c (by 48 c);	
		ROSHE dropped (from 5,3%) to 4,9%	l
		ROTCE dropped (from 9,1%) to 6,4%;	
		 ROTCE dropped (from 9,1%) to 6,4%; Poor control over expenses, (from 32,6%) to 44% of sales 	4
4.2.5	Explain wh	Poor control over expenses, (from 32,6%) to 44% of sales] <u>4</u> [
4.2.5	shares rep	Poor control over expenses, (from 32,6%) to 44% of sales y the other directors were unhappy with the price paid for the urchased from Anton Buys. State TWO points. Quote financial	4
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4.2.5	shares rep	• Poor control over expenses, (from 32,6%) to 44% of sales y the other directors were unhappy with the price paid for the urchased from Anton Buys. State TWO points. Quote financial or figures to support EACH point. Figures ✓ ✓ Explanation ✓ ✓ The shares were repurchased for R4,89 above the Net asset	4
4.2.5	shares rep indicators o	Poor control over expenses, (from 32,6%) to 44% of sales y the other directors were unhappy with the price paid for the urchased from Anton Buys. State TWO points. Quote financial or figures to support EACH point. Figures ✓ ✓ Explanation ✓ ✓	4
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4.2.5	shares rep indicators of POINT 1	Poor control over expenses, (from 32,6%) to 44% of sales y the other directors were unhappy with the price paid for the urchased from Anton Buys. State TWO points. Quote financial or figures to support EACH point. Figures ✓ Explanation ✓ ✓ The shares were repurchased for R4,89 above the Net asset value per share (1200c − 711c) / 69% above NAV / received an inflated price / compromised the cash flow of the business. The shares repurchase price is R5,90 more than the market price of the shares (1200c − 610c) / this is an unreasonable	4
4.2.5	POINT 2	• Poor control over expenses, (from 32,6%) to 44% of sales y the other directors were unhappy with the price paid for the urchased from Anton Buys. State TWO points. Quote financial or figures to support EACH point. Figures ✓ Explanation ✓ ✓ The shares were repurchased for R4,89 above the Net asset value per share (1200c − 711c) / 69% above NAV / received an inflated price / compromised the cash flow of the business. The shares repurchase price is R5,90 more than the market price of the shares (1200c − 610c) / this is an unreasonable price as there is no demand for shares.	4
4.2.5	POINT 2 Give a ca	Poor control over expenses, (from 32,6%) to 44% of sales y the other directors were unhappy with the price paid for the urchased from Anton Buys. State TWO points. Quote financial or figures to support EACH point. Figures ✓ Explanation ✓ ✓ The shares were repurchased for R4,89 above the Net asset value per share (1200c − 711c) / 69% above NAV / received an inflated price / compromised the cash flow of the business. The shares repurchase price is R5,90 more than the market price of the shares (1200c − 610c) / this is an unreasonable	4
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4.2.5	POINT 2 Give a cal affected Ai	Poor control over expenses, (from 32,6%) to 44% of sales y the other directors were unhappy with the price paid for the urchased from Anton Buys. State TWO points. Quote financial or figures to support EACH point. Figures ✓ Explanation ✓ ✓ The shares were repurchased for R4,89 above the Net asset value per share (1200c − 711c) / 69% above NAV / received an inflated price / compromised the cash flow of the business. The shares repurchase price is R5,90 more than the market price of the shares (1200c − 610c) / this is an unreasonable price as there is no demand for shares. Iculation to show whether the repurchase of these shares nton Buys' status as majority shareholder, or not. WORKINGS ANSWER ✓ X 100 OR 1240 000 X 100 One part correct:	4
4.2.5	POINT 2 Give a cal affected Ai	• Poor control over expenses, (from 32,6%) to 44% of sales y the other directors were unhappy with the price paid for the urchased from Anton Buys. State TWO points. Quote financial or figures to support EACH point. Figures ✓ Explanation ✓ ✓ The shares were repurchased for R4,89 above the Net asset value per share (1200c − 711c) / 69% above NAV / received an inflated price / compromised the cash flow of the business. The shares repurchase price is R5,90 more than the market price of the shares (1200c − 610c) / this is an unreasonable price as there is no demand for shares. Iculation to show whether the repurchase of these shares inton Buys' status as majority shareholder, or not. WORKINGS ANSWER	4

4.2.6	Explain what is meant by <i>good corporate governance</i> and explain why it is important to the shareholders.	
	Explanation ✓✓ part mark for unclear/incomplete/partial answers	
	 Managing the business on sound business and ethical principles; Looking after the interest of all role players / stakeholders (including the community) by being fair, equitable, transparent. 	
	 Ensure that the company has proper rules, policies and practices to create long term shareholder value, and are implementing them 	
	Importance to shareholders ✓ accept short, incomplete statements if message is clear	
	 Impact on the image of the business / goodwill Improvement in share price 	
	potential investors will be attracted	
	• confidence in management	3
	Explain a possible reason why Anton Buys says he will vote against the proposal by Excellence Ltd.	
	ONE point ✓✓ part mark for unclear/incomplete/partial answers	
	 He will lose his majority control on the Board He may also lose his CEO status He may be investigated for negligence 	
	He will not be able to manipulate his remuneration in future	2
	Explain why you agree with the directors.	
	ONE valid point 🗸 part mark for unclear/incomplete/partial answers	
	 He has taken irresponsible decisions Enriched himself / selfish gain / act of enriching (45%) 	2
	Give the directors advice on how they should handle this. ONE valid point part mark for unclear/incomplete/partial answers	
	Call up a special meeting of shareholders;Issue a grievance report	
	Start disciplinary proceedings (investigations/enquiry on mismanagement)	
	Ask him to step aside.	2

TOTAL MARKS

45

TOTAL: 150