

## PREPARATORY EXAMINATION

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**GRADE 12** 

**ACCOUNTING P1** 

**SEPTEMBER 2022** 

**MARKS: 150** 

**TIME: 2 HOURS** 

This question paper consists of 11 pages, a formula sheet and a 10-page answer book.

### **INSTRUCTIONS AND INFORMATION**

Read the following instructions carefully and follow them precisely.

- 1. Answer ALL the questions.
- 2. A special ANSWER BOOK is provided in which to answer ALL questions.
- 3. Show ALL workings to earn part-marks.
- 4. You may use a non-programmable calculator.
- 5. You may use a dark pencil or blue/black ink to answer the questions.
- 6. Where applicable, show ALL calculations to ONE decimal point.
- 7. If you choose to do so, you may use the Financial Indicator Formula Sheet attached at the end of this question paper. The use of the formula sheet is NOT compulsory.
- 8. Write neatly and legibly.
- 9. Use the information in the table below as a guide when answering the question paper. Try NOT to deviate from it.

QUESTION	TOPIC	MARKS	MINUTES
1	Statement of Comprehensive Income and Statement of Financial Position	60	48
2	Cash Flow Statement and interpretation	45	36
3	Financial Indicators	30	24
4	Corporate governance	15	12
TOTAL	4	150	120

(4)

(19)

# QUESTION 1: STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME, STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (60 marks; 48 minutes)

1.1 Choose the description from COLUMN B that matches the concept in COLUMN A. Write only the letter (A–D) next to the question numbers (1.1.1 to 1.1.4) in the ANSWER BOOK.

COLUMN A		COLUMN B	
1.1.1	Statement of Comprehensive Income (Income statement)	A	The owner's equity (net worth) of a company, its assets and liabilities, at the end of the financial year
1.1.2	Statement of Financial Position (Balance Sheet)	В	An opinion expressed on the fair presentation of the figures in the financial year
1.1.3	Cash Flow Statements	С	The net profit or loss of a company for a financial year
1.1.4	Independent Auditor's Report	D	The effect of the operating, financing and investing activities on the money possessed by the business

1.2 GLOBAL TRADING LTD

The information relates to Global Trading Limited, and the financial year ended on 30 June 2022. The business uses the perpetual (continuous) inventory system.

### **REQUIRED:**

1.2.1
1.2.2 Prepare the Ordinary Share Capital Note on 30 June 2022. (7)
1.2.3 Prepare the Retained Income Note on 30 June 2022. (8)
1.2.4 Complete the Equities and Liabilities section of the Statement

of Financial Position (Balance Sheet) on 30 June 2022.

### **INFORMATION:**

### A. List of balances/totals on 30 June 2022:

BALANCE SHEET ACCOUNTS SECTION		
Ordinary Share Capital	6 775 000	
Retained income (1 July 2021)	1 190 264	
Mortgage loan: Custom Bank	354 000	
Fixed assets	6 169 000	
Fixed deposit: Custom Bank	390 000	
Trading stock	817 450	
Debtors' control	742 488	
Provision for bad debts (1 July 2021)	10 600	
SARS: Income tax (provisional payments)	300 000	
Creditor's control	166 800	
Prepaid expenses	3 350	
Income received in advance	5 450	

- **B.** The net profit before tax of R1 089 238 was determined BEFORE taking into account the following information:
  - i. Provision for bad debts must be adjusted to R7 800.
  - ii. An invoice was issued on 30 June 2022 for R8 712; a 10% trading discount was allowed. Goods were sold with a mark-up of 60%. No entry has been made to this transaction.
  - iii. The auditor discovered that the trading stock deficit of R5 600 was a trading stock surplus.
  - amounted to R5 400.
    - v. Directors' fees paid for the year amounted to R648 000. The company has FIVE directors who receive the same fee. One of the directors asked the company to only pay out his fees for the last six months in July 2022, when he plans to go on an overseas vacation.
    - vi. BE Builders was paid R120 000 for the construction of a storeroom (R90 000) and repairs to the building (R30 000). The entire amount was debited to land and buildings in error.
    - vii. Rent for July 2022, R3 300, received in advance.
    - viii. Advertising includes a six-month contract for R7 200 with the local newspaper. This amount was paid for the period 1 May 2022 to 31 October 2022.
    - ix. Income tax amounts to R333 564 for the year.

### C. Dividends and shares:

- i. Interim dividends of R110 000 were paid on 31 December 2021.
- ii. Share capital

1 July 2021	3 000 000 shares were issued (R3 900 000).
30 September 2021	250 000 shares were repurchased at R2,50 each from an existing shareholder (R625 000). It has been recorded.
30 June 2022	1 000 000 new shares were issued at R3,20 each. It has been recorded.

- iii. The directors declared a final dividend of 10 cents per share on 30 June 2022. Shares issued on 30 June 2022 do not qualify for final dividends.
- **D.** A creditors' debit balance of R2 600 in the Creditors' Ledger must still be transferred to his account in the Debtors' Ledger.
- **E.** The company wants to pay off R9 250 per month on their loan in the next financial year.



60

### **QUESTION 2: CASH FLOW STATEMENT AND INTERPRETATION** (45 marks; 36 minutes)

Give ONE word/term for each of the following descriptions by choosing a 2.1 word/term from the list below. Write only the word/term next to the question numbers (2.1.1 to 2.1.4) in the ANSWER BOOK.

> directors' report; Statement of Financial Position; shareholder; director; internal auditor; Cash Flow Statement; independent auditor

- A person employed by a company to check and advise 2.1.1 management on the financial control systems.
- 2.1.2 This person appointed by the shareholders; expresses an unbiased opinion on the financial statements of a company.
- A person appointed to manage a company and make decisions 2.1.3 to ensure its smooth running.
- This financial statement provides users of financial statements 2.1.4 with information of all the financial resources during the accounting period. (4)

#### 2.2 **BOOTS & ALL LTD**

You are provided with information relating to Boots & All Ltd for the financial year ended 30 June 2022.

### **REQUIRED:**

2.2.1 Calculate the following for the financial year ended 30 June 2022:

(i)	The mark-up % achieved for the year.	(4)
-----	--------------------------------------	-----

- (ii) % return on shareholders' equity. (5)
- (iii) The net asset value per share. (3)
- 2.2.2 Calculate the missing amounts in the Cash Flow Statement represented by letters (a) to (d). Indicate whether the amount is (17)an inflow or outflow.
- 2.2.3 Using Information B and E, calculate the following:
- stannoreph (i) scom The total dividends for the financial year. Note that the interim and final dividends were determined on different numbers of shares. (4)
  - The balance of the loan on 30 June 2022. (ii) (2)

- 2.2.4 The Cash Flow Statement highlights some crucial decisions taken by the directors over the past year:
  - Explain TWO of these crucial decisions. Quote figures to support your answer.
  - Explain how these decisions would benefit the company. (6)

### **INFORMATION:**

# A. Extract from Income Statement for the financial year ended 30 June 2022:

	R
Sales	9 000 000
Cost of sales	5 625 000
Depreciation	380 000
Interest on loan	185 000
Net profit before income tax	1 330 000
Net profit after income tax	931 000

### B. Extract from Balance Sheet on 30 June 2022:

	2022	2021
	R	R
Fixed assets (carrying value)	4 326 000	1 489 000
Ordinary shareholders' equity	7 500 000	6 450 000
Ordinary share capital	5 950 000	5 200 000
Retained income	1 550 000	1 250 000
Mortgage Ioan (Puma Bank 13% p.a.)	?	950 000
SARS (income tax)	Cr 32 000	Dr 18 000
Shareholders for dividends	105 000	71 500
Inventory	670 000	580 000

### C. Additional information:

- (i) Ordinary share capital:
  - 1 500 000 shares have been authorised.
  - 650 000 shares were issued at the end of the previous financial year, 30 June 2021.
  - 100 000 ordinary shares were issued on 1 May 2022.
  - 50 000 ordinary shares were repurchased from dissatisfied shareholders. They were repurchased at R11,75 per share; the average price was R8,50 per share.

### (ii) Fixed assets:

- Equipment was bought during the year, R3 357 000.
- Some fixed assets were sold at carrying value during the financial year.

D. Financial indicators for the past two years

	2022	2021
	R	R
Current ratio	1,5 : 1	1,0 : 1
Stock turnover rate	9 times	7 times
Debt-equity ratio	0,24 : 1	0,15 : 1
% return on average shareholders' equity	?	12%
% return on total capital employed	17,8%	15%
Dividends per share	34 cents	20 cents
Earnings per share	133 cents	120 cents
Net asset value per share	?	992 cents
Market price on JSE	1 050 cents	980 cents

E. Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 30 June 2022

1 800 000
(185 000)
(201 500)
(a)
3 357 000
(b)
(60 000)
(c)
(d)
850 000
190 000
(547 200)

45

### **QUESTION 3: FINANCIAL INDICATORS OF TWO COMPANIES**

(30 marks; 12 minutes)

### 3.1 FINANCIAL INDICATORS OF TWO COMPANIES

Your friend, Peter, is considering buying shares in a company that sells sportswear. He asks you for advice and presents you with the following financial indicators of two companies he is contemplating. The companies are of similar size, and they have issued the same number of shares.

### NOTE:

When answering the questions, compare the information given and quote relevant financial indicators of both companies (percentages, ratios and/or figures).

### **REQUIRED:**

- 3.1.1 Zee Ltd is more liquid than Ryan Ltd. Quote and explain TWO financial indicators (with figures) to prove your agreement. (6)
- 3.1.2 Which company uses more loans? Quote and explain a financial indicator to support your answer. Explain whether this is a good idea or not.(6)
- 3.1.3 Explain why you think the market price of Ryan Ltd's shares is much better than that of Zee Ltd. Quote and explain TWO financial indicators to support your answer. (4)
- 3.1.4 Which company is more likely to expand its business? Explain your answer by using relevant calculations. (5)
- 3.1.5 Ryan Ltd has a better percentage return, earnings and dividends than Zee Ltd. Explain THREE financial indicators to support this opinion. (9)

### INFORMATION:

	Ryan Ltd	Zee Ltd
Market price per share on the JSE	755 cents	590 cents
Net asset value per share	605 cents	625 cents
Earnings per share (EPS)	813 cents	179 cents
Dividends per share (DPS)	537 cents	182 cents
% return on shareholders' equity	28,5%	11,5%
% return on capital employed (before tax)	35,6%	12,4%
% interest rate on loans	14%	14%
Debt/Equity ratio	0,2 : 1	1,9 : 1
Current ratio	5,8 : 1	1,7 : 1
Acid-test ratio	3,7 : 1	0,8 : 1
Debtors' average collection period	55 days	26 days

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30

(15 marks; 12 minutes)

### QUESTION 4: CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

### **AUDIT REPORTS**

You are provided with extracts from the independent audit reports of Metsi Ltd and Just Water Ltd.

### **Extract from audit report of Metsi Ltd:**

In our opinion, the financial statements <u>fairly present</u>, in all <u>material respects</u>, the financial position of this company on 28 February 2022 and the results of their operations and cash flow for the year ended under International Financial Reporting Standards, and in the manner required by the Companies Act of South Africa.

### **Extract from audit report of Just Water Ltd:**

We found that the internal control procedures were not adhered to – and that documentation did not exist for a significant portion of the transactions tested.

Because of the significance of the matter described in the previous paragraph, we could not obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for an audit opinion. Therefore, we do not express an opinion on the financial statements for the year ended 28 February 2022.

### **REQUIRED:**

4.1 Comment on the audit reports of both companies. If you want to buy shares in a company, explain how the report will affect your decision concerning the shares you would purchase in the company. In which company would you invest?

(5)

4.2 The board of directors has different committees with different functions. Choose the function in COLUMN B that matches the committee in COLUMN A. Write only the letter (A–D) next to the question numbers (4.2.1 to 4.2.4) in the ANSWER BOOK.

4.2.1	Audit committee	Α	Review salaries, bonuses and other earnings.
4.2.2	Remuneration committee	В	Responsible for performing risk assessment regularly.
4.2.3	Social and ethics committee	С	Ensure that the appointment of an auditor complies with the Companies Act and the legislation.
4.2.4	Risk committee	D	Monitor the impact of the public activities and their products or service to the environment, health and public safety.

- 4.3 The purpose of a business rescue plan is to provide a company with temporary supervision and protection against its creditors, to give them a 'breathing space' to reorganise and restructure its financial affairs. Name TWO parties who might be affected by a business rescue plan.
- (2)
- 4.4 Who is the audit report addressed to? Give a reason for your answer. (2)
- 4.5 Give TWO examples of audit evidence that the auditors would have required to complete the audit. (2)

15

**TOTAL: 150** 

GRADE 12 ACCOUNTING FINANCIAL INDICATOR FORMULA SHEET			
Gross profit x 100 Sales 1	Gross profit x 100 Cost of sales 1		
Net profit before tax x 100 Sales 1	Net profit after tax x 100 Sales 1		
Operating expenses x 100 Sales 1	Operating profit x 100 Sales 1		
Total assets : Total liabilities	Current assets : Current liabilities		
(Current assets – Inventories) : Current liabilities	Non-current liabilities : Shareholders' equity		
(Trade & other receivables + Cash & c	ash equivalents) : Current liabilities		
Average trading stock x 365 Cost of sales 1	Cost of sales Average trading stock		
Average debtors x 365 Credit sales 1	Average creditors x 365 Cost of sales 1		
Net income after tax x 100  Average shareholders' equity 1	Net income after tax x 100 Number of issued shares 1 (*See note below)		
Net income before tax			
Average shareholders' equity + Av	erage non-current liabilities 1		
Shareholders' equity x 100 Number of issued shares 1	<u>Dividends for the year</u> x <u>100</u> Number of issued shares 1		
Interim dividends x 100 Number of issued shares 1	<u>Final dividends</u> x <u>100</u> Number of issued shares 1		
<u>Dividends per share</u> x <u>100</u> Earnings per share 1	Dividends for the year x 100  Net income after tax 1		
Total fixed costs  Selling price per unit – Variable costs per unit			

### NOTE:

<sup>\*</sup> In this case, if there is a change in the number of issued shares during a financial year, the weighted-average number of shares is used in practice.



SCHOOL:			
LEARNER:			

# PREPARATORY EXAMINATION GRADE 12 ACCOUNTING P1

# **SEPTEMBER 2022**

## **SPECIAL ANSWER BOOK**

QUESTION	MARKS	INITIAL	MODERATOR
1			
2			
3			
4			
TOTAL			

This answer book consists of 10 pages.

1.2.1		(30)
1.2.2	Notes to the Statement of Financial Position for:	
	Ordinary share capital	(7)
	Retained income	(7)
1.2.3		(12)

### **QUESTION 1**

1.1

1.1.1	
1.1.2	
1.1.3	
1.1.4	

### 1.2 GLOBAL TRADING LTD

1.2.1

Calculation of the correct net profit after tax				
Incorrect net profit 1 089 238				
i.				
ii.				
iii.				
iv.				
V.				
vi.				
vii.				
viii.				
Correct	net profit before tax			
Income	Income tax			
Net pro	fit after tax			

1.2.2	SHARE CA	PITAL		
	3 000 000	Shares issued at the beginning of the year	3 900 000	
		Shares at the end of the year	6 775 000	7



Dividends	
Interim	110 000

# 1.2.4 GLOBAL TRADING LIMITED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2022

6 775 000

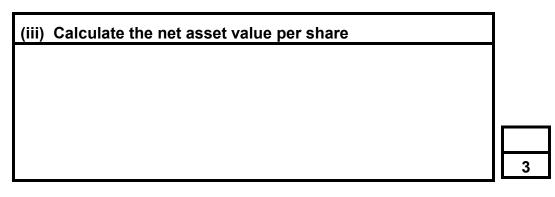
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60

### **QUESTION 2**

.1			
	2.1.1	2.1.3	
	2.1.2	2.1.4	
	<u> </u>		
. а Г			
2.1	(i) Calculate the ma	rk-up % for the year	
			IL
			4
<u> </u>			

(ii) Calculate the % return on shareholders' equity	
	5
	3



2.2.2	repr	culate the missing amounts in the Cash Fl resented by letters (a) to (d). Indicate whether nflow or outflow.		
	No	Workings	Answer	ı
	(a)			ı
				5
	(b)			İ
	<u> </u>			5
	(c)			
	(4)			4
	(d)			l
				3
2.2.3	(i) 7	The total dividends for the financial year.		1
	\-,	110 total all last 222 222 222 222 2		
				4
	(ii)	The balance of the loan on 30 June 2022.		
				2

7
1
_
6

45

### **QUESTION 3**

Zee Ltd is more liquid than Ryan Ltd. Quote financial indicators (with figures) to prove yo	
Which commonly were more leave? Out	
Which company uses more loans? Quote financial indicator to support your answer. Ex is a good idea or not.	
io a good lada o. Hou	
Explain why you think the market price of Ryamuch better than that of Zee Ltd. Quote a	
financial indicators to support your answer.	
	Stahmorephysics.com

i voui aliswei DV usiilu	re likely to expand its l relevant calculations.	business? Explain
,		
Ryan Ltd has a be	tter percentage retu	rn, earnings and
dividends than Zee Ltd support this opinion.	d. Explain THREE fina	incial indicators to
1		

### **QUESTION 4**

In which compan	y should you rather in	nvest?
iii wilicii compan	y Should you rather in	17631:
4.2.1	4.2.3	T
4.2.1	4.2.4	
4.2.2	4.2.4	
company with to its creditors, to and restructure	emporary supervision give them a 'breathir	e plan is to provide and protection again ng space' to reorganis Name TWO parties wh ue plan.

.5	Give TWO examples of audit evidence that the auditors would have required to complete the audit.	
	Stahmorephysics.com	2
	15	

**TOTAL: 150** 



### PREPARATORY EXAMINATION

**GRADE 12** 

**ACCOUNTING P1** 

**SEPTEMBER 2022** 

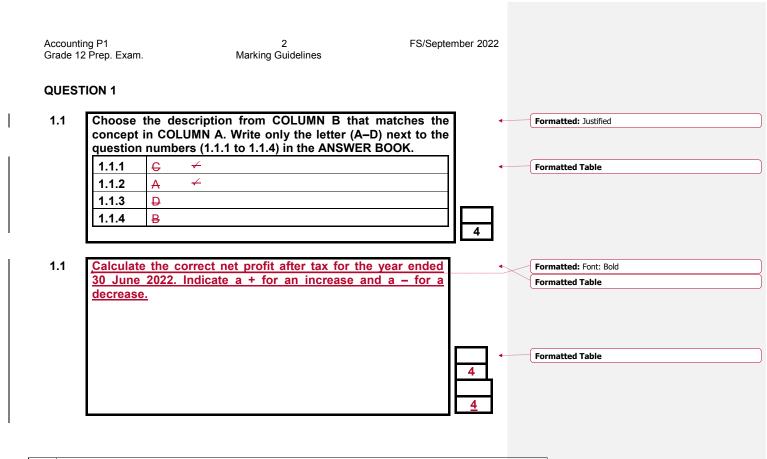
**MARKS: 150** 

MARKING GUIDELINES

### **MARKING PRINCIPLES:**

- . Penalties for foreign items are applied only if the candidate is not losing marks elsewhere in the question for that item (no foreign item penalty for a misplaced item). No double penalty applied.
- 2. Penalties for placement or poor presentation (e.g. details) are applied only if the candidate is earning marks on the figures for that item.
- 3. Full marks for the correct answer. If the answer is incorrect, mark the workings provided.
- 4. If a pre-adjustment figure is shown as a final figure, allocate the part-mark for the working for that figure (not the method mark for the answer).
- Unless otherwise indicated, the positive or negative effect of any figure must be considered to award the mark. If no + or – sign or bracket is provided, assume that the figure is positive.
- 6. Where indicated, part-marks may be awarded to differentiate between different qualities of answers from candidates.
- 7. This memorandum is not for public distribution as certain items might imply incorrect treatment. The adjustments made are due to nuances in certain questions.
- 8. Where penalties are applied, the marks for that section of the question cannot be a final negative.
- Where method marks are awarded for operation, the marker must inspect the reasonableness of the answer before awarding the mark.
- 'Operation' means 'Check operation'. 'One part correct' means 'Operation & one part correct'.
- 11. In awarding method marks, ensure that candidates do not get full marks for any item that is incorrect, at least in part. In such cases, do not award the method mark. Indicate by way of ⋈.
- 12. Be aware that some candidates provide valid alternatives beyond the memorandum.
- 13. Codes: f = foreign item; p = placement/presentation.

These marking guidelines consist of 10 pages.



Complete the following for the year ended 28 February 2022:		
1.2.1	Statement of Comprehensive Income	(30)
1.2.2	Notes to the Statement of Financial Position for:	
	Ordinary share capital	(7)
	Retained income	(7)
1.2.3	Equity and Liabilities section of the Statement of Financial Position.	(12)

### 1.2 GLOBAL TRADING LTD

1.2.1	2.1 Calculation of the correct net profit after tax				
	Accept bracket instead of - If no sign, accept + Positive/Negative effect & figure must				
	be correct. Foreign entries –1 (max -2)				
	Incorrect net profit 1 089				
	incorrect net pront				
	i.	10 600 – 7 800	$\checkmark\checkmark$	+ 2 800	22

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Accounting P1 Grade 12 Prep. Exam. 3 Marking Guidelines FS/September 2022

ii.	Cost (8 712 ÷ 90% ÷ 160%) = 6 050 8 712 ✓ − 6050 ✓ ☑ Operation, one part correct	Ø	+ 2 662
iii.	5 600 + 5 600	✓ ☑	+ 11 200
iv.		✓	+ 5 400
V.	648 000 √ ÷ 54 √ x 6 √ OR 648 000 ÷ 4,5 ÷ 2 Operation, one part correct	Ø	- 72 000
vi.		✓	- 30 000
vii.		✓	- 3 300
viii.	7 200 ÷ 6 = 1 200 $\checkmark$ x 4 $\checkmark$ Operation, one part correct		+ 4 800
Correct net profit before tax  Operation, one part correct			1 010 800
Inco	Income tax		(333 564)
Net	profit after tax Check operation, NP – tax	Ø	677 236

.2.2	SHARE CAPITAL			
	3 000 000	Shares issued at the beginning of the year	3 900 000	
nmoreph	sics.com		one part correct  ✓	
	(250 000)	Shares bought back @ R1,30 ✓	(325 000)	
	1 000 000	Shares issued at R3,20 ✓	3 200 000	
	one part correct  ☑ 3 750 000		6 775 000	7
1.2.3	RETAINED IN	ICOME	0110000	
	Balance at th	e beginning of the year	1 190 264	
	Net profit after	tax see 1.2.	677 236	
	250 000 share	es repurchased at R1,20  One part correct, must be negative/bracke	ets (300 000)	
	Dividends	One part correct, must be negative/brackets	(385 000)	
	Interim		110 000	
	Final (0,10 √x	2 750 000 ✓) One part corre	☑ ct 275 000	
	Balance at th	e end of the year  Operation, one part corre	ect 1 182 500	8

# 1.2.4 GLOBAL TRADING LIMITED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2022

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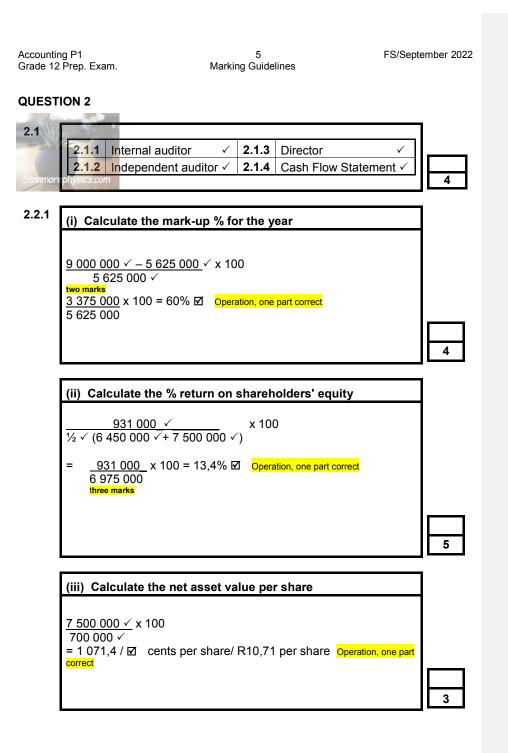
Accounting P1 Grade 12 Prep. Exam. 4 Marking Guidelines FS/September 2022

EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		1
ORDINARY SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY Operation	☑ 7 957 500	ļ
Ordinary share capital	6 775 000	1
Retained income See 1.2.3 (2)	☑ 1 182 500	
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	243 000	Į.
<b>Loan: Custom Bank</b> (354 000 ✓ − 111 000 ✓ ✓ ) <b>(4)</b>	<b>☑</b> 243 000	ļ
CURRENT LIABILITIES Operation	⊠ 669 714	l.
Trade and other payables (166 800 + #5 450 √ + 72 000☑  + 2 600 √ + #3 300 √) directors fee deb led rent income Operation, one part correct	<b>☑</b> *250 150	
SARS – Income tax (333 564√ – 300 000√)  Operation, one part correct	<b>☑</b> *33 564	]
Shareholders' for dividends See 1.2.3	<b>☑</b> *275 000	
Shortterm loan	<b>☑</b> *111 000	ŀ
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES *Items under CL may be combined (13)	☑ 8 870 214	E

60

#In come received in avance (5 450 + 3 300 = 8 750) two marks Foreign entries –1 (max –2)

Presentation/Incorrect or incomplete details –1 (max –2)



Accounting P1 Grade 12 Prep. Exam. 6 Marking Guidelines FS/September 2022

2.2.2	Calculate the missing amounts in the Cash Flow Statement
	represented by letters (a) to (d). Indicate whether the amount
	is an inflow or outflow.

No	Workings	Answer	
(a)	Bal 18 000 I/tax 399 000 Bank 349 000 Bal 32 000  18 000 ✓ - 399 000 ✓ ✓ + 32 000 ✓ OR - 18 000 + 399 000 - 32 000 mark line	(349 000) Operation, one part correct and the answer must be in brackets	5
(b)	4 326 000 ✓ + 380 000 ✓ - 3 357 000 ✓ - 1 489 000 ✓ OR 1 489 000 + 3 357 000 - 380 000 - 4 326 000 mark line	140 000 Operation, one part correct and the answer must be without brackets	5
(c)	5 950 000 ✓ + 425 000 ✓ - 5 200 000 ✓  OR  100 000 ✓ x 11,75 ✓ ✓	1 175 000 Operation, one part correct and the answer must be without brackets	4
(d)	50 000 ✓ x 11,75 ✓	(587 500) Operation, one part correct and the answer must be in brackets	3



201 500 ✓ + 105 000 ✓ - 71 500 ✓ = 235 000 ☑ one part correct

OR

one mark one mark one mark one part correct
1 250 000 + 931 000 - 162 500 - 1 550 000 = 468 500

(ii) The balance of the loan on 30 June 2022.

950 000 + 850 000 = 1 800 000 ✓✓ OR

7 500 000 x 0,24 = 1 800 000

2

Accounting P1 7 FS/September 2022 Grade 12 Prep. Exam. Marking Guidelines

2.2.4 The Cash Flow Statement highlights some important decisions taken by the directors. Explain TWO of these crucial decisions. Quote figures to support your answer. Explain how these decisions would benefit the company.

TWO decisions with figures

✓ ✓ ✓ ✓

Explanation of decisions benefiting the company

<b>Explanation of decisions benefiting the company</b> ✓ ✓			
Decisions (with figures)	Explanation of benefits		
Fixed assets purchased for R3 357 000	Improve profit-earning capacity/existing tangible assets may be obsolete.		
Issue of additional shares for R1 175 000	To finance the purchasing of tangible assets.		
Buy back of shares for R425 000	Keeps existing shareholders happy/ Dissatisfied shareholders can leave the company.		
Increase in loan by R850 000	To finance the fixed assets/ purchases of tangible assets.		

45



Accounting P1 8 FS/September 2022 Grade 12 Prep. Exam. Marking Guidelines **QUESTION 3** 3.1.1 Zee Ltd is more liquid than Ryan Ltd. Quote and explain TWO financial indicators (with figures) to prove your agreement. Quoting of indicator Explanation by Zee Comparison with Ryan ✓ ✓ • Current ratio of Zee Ltd is 1,7:1 and of Ryan Ltd is 5,8:1. Zee Ltd has enough current assets to cover its current liabilities, whereas Ryan Ltd is holding too much of its funds in the form of current assets, which may not result in a return for the business. Acid test ratio of Zee Ltd is 0,8:1, and of Ryan Ltd is 3,7:1. Even if Zee Ltd is not able to sell all of his trading stock, he should still be able to cover his short term debt. Ryan Ltd is holding much of his current assets in the form of trading stock (stockpiling). **Debtors' collection period** for Ryan Ltd is 55 days whereas Zee Ltd is collecting from their debtors within 26 days. Debtors are paying Zee Ltd much sooner than the debtors of Ryan Ltd. 3.1.2 Which company uses more loans? Quote and explain a financial indicator to support your answer. Explain whether this is a good idea or not. Zee Ltd ✓ Debt/equity ratio is 1,9 : 1 for Zee Ltd ✓ and 0,2 : 1 for Ryan Ltd✓ Explain whether this is a good idea or not. It is not a good idea. ✓ Return on capital employed for Zee Ltd is 12,4 %√ which means that the return he is earning is lower than the interest he is paying on the loan, 14% (negative gearing) √ 3.1.3 Explain why you think the market price of Ryan Ltd's shares is much better than that of Zee Ltd. Quote and explain TWO financial indicators to support your answer. Comparing market price and NAV of Zee Ltd ✓ ✓ Comparing market price and NAV of Ryan Ltd Market price of Zee Ltd is 590 cents which are lower than the net asset value of 625 cents, OR the market price is 35 cents lower than the net asset value. Market price of Ryan Ltd is 755 cents which are higher than the net asset value of 605 cents, OR the market price is 150 cents higher than the net asset value. Ryan Ltd is thus able to fetch a price higher than the value of the shares in the books of the company. Copyright reserved Please turn over

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3.1.4	Which company is mo your answer by using	re likely to expand its busi relevant calculations.	ness? Explain
	Dividend pay-out rate✓  Ryan Ltd is giving 66,19	of Zee Ltd: 182 x 100 = 10 179 of Ryan Ltd: 537 x 100 = 6 813 % and Zee Ltd 101,7% of the van Ltd will be more likely the	5,1% ✓ eir profit as
3.1.5	dividends than Zee Lt support this opinion.  Financial indicator	etter percentage return, d. Explain THREE financia	al indicators to
	179 cents per share	s 813 cents whereas Zee Ltde. s 637 cents whereas Zee L	
		30	

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Accounting P1 10 FS/September 2022 Marking Guidelines Grade 12 Prep. Exam. **QUESTION 4** Comment on the audit reports of both companies. If you want to buy shares in a company, explain how the report will affect your decision concerning the shares you would purchase in the company. Metsi Ltd: Comment on ✓ **Explanation** ✓ Metsi Ltd received an unqualified report which means that you can rely on the financial information in the financial statements decide on purchasing the shares. Just Water Ltd: Comment on ✓ Explanation ✓ Just Water Ltd received a disclaimer audit report. It means that Peter cannot rely fully on the financial statements in deciding on investing in the company. In which company should you rather invest? Metsi Ltd ✓ 4.2 4.2.1 4.2.3 C✓ D✓ 4.2.2 A ✓ 4.2.4 В✓ 4.3 The purpose of a business rescue plan is to provide a company with temporary supervision and protection against its creditors, to give them a 'breathing space' to reorganise and restructure its financial affairs. Name TWO parties who might be affected by a business rescue plan. Any 2 🗸 🗸 (one mark each) Creditors, shareholders, employees, trade unions, SARS, Banks, Directors 2 4.4 Who is the audit report addressed to? Give a reason for your answer. The shareholders. ✓ They are the owners of the company and have appointed the auditors. ✓

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litors woul	TWO examples of aud required to complete
e.g.	o – one mark each t registers; Journals; De ctions; Signed contract ce, receipts, etc. only or nents
e.g.	t registers; Journals; Dections; Signed contract ce, receipts, etc. only or

**TOTAL: 150**