

## NATIONAL SENIOR CERTIFICATE

**GRADE 10** 

**MATHEMATICS** 

**COMMON TEST** 

SEPTEMBER 2023

**MARKS: 75** 

TIME: 1½ hours

This question papers consists of 6 pages and 1 ANSWER SHEET.

#### INSTRUCTIONS AND INFORMATION

Read the following instructions carefully before answering the questions.

- 1. This question paper consists of 4 questions.
- 2. Answer ALL the questions.
- 3. Number the answers correctly according to the numbering system used in this question paper.
- 4. Clearly show ALL calculations, diagrams, graphs, etc. which you have used in determining your answers.
- 5. Answers only will NOT necessarily be awarded full marks.
- 6. You may use an approved scientific calculator (non-programmable and non-graphical), unless stated otherwise.
- 7. If necessary, round off answers correct to TWO decimal places, unless stated otherwise.
- 8. Diagrams are NOT necessarily drawn to scale.
- 9. An ANSWER SHEET for QUESTION 3.2.2, QUESTION 3.2.3 is attached at the end of this question paper. Detach the ANSWER SHEET hand in together with your ANSWER BOOK.
- 10. Write neatly and legibly.



- 1.1 A newly married couple bought furniture on hire-purchase for R60 000. They paid a cash deposit of 20%. The balance will be paid off over 5 years at an interest rate of 22% p.a. They also must pay a monthly insurance fee of R120. This is added to their monthly repayments.
  - 1.1.1 Calculate the amount paid as a deposit. (1)
  - 1.1.2 Calculate their monthly repayments. (4)
- 1.2 Calculate how many years it will take for an investment, earning 7,5% p.a. simple interest, to double in value. (3)
- 1.3 The price of a 700g loaf of brown bread in 2015 was R11,50. The current price of a 700g loaf of brown bread in 2023 is R16,00. Determine the rate of inflation, as a percentage, if we assume that the inflation rate remained unchanged for this period. (3)
- 1.4 The following exchange rates are given:

Use the given information to answer the following questions:

- 1.4.1 How many rand (R) is  $\leq 100$ ? (1)
- 1.4.2 How many pounds  $(\pounds)$  is R2300? (1)
- 1.4.3 How many euros (€) is £250? (2) [15]

#### **QUESTION 2**

- 2.1 There are 120 grade 10 learners in a school.
  - 55 learners take Mathematics.
  - 80 learners take Geography.
  - 25 learners take neither Mathematics nor Geography.

Let the number of learners who take both Mathematics and Geography

2.1.1 Represent this information in a Venn diagram.

Let M = {learners who take Mathematics} and
G = {learners who take Geography}

(4)

2.1.2 Calculate the value of x. (2)

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[24]

2.1.3 Use your Venn diagram to calculate the probability that a learner chosen at random from this group:

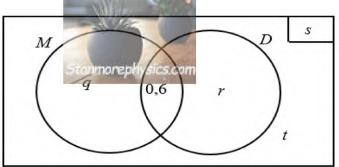


- (b) I does not take Geography (2)
- (c) takes Mathematics or Geography (2)
- (d) takes Mathematics and Geography (2)

Round your answers off to 3 decimal places.

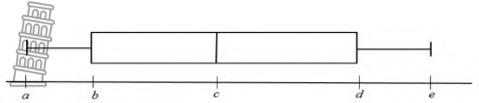
- 2.2 The probability that a randomly chosen Grade 10 learner will take
  - Music (M) is 0.8
  - Dance (*D*) is 0,7
  - Both Music and Dance is 0,6

The Venn diagram representing the probabilities is shown below with some missing information.



- 2.2.1 Write down the value of s. (1)
- 2.2.2 Determine the values of q and r, showing all calculations. (3)
- 2.2.3 Determine the value of t. (2)
- 2.2.4 Determine the probability that a learner chosen at random from this group will not take Dance. (2)
- 2.2.5 Determine the probability that if a learner is chosen at random will take exactly ONE form of the arts. (2)

3.1 The data at a certain school for a mathematics test out of 50 marks are given in a form of a box-and-whisker diagram as shown.



Additional information about the data is listed below:

- Minimum is 1
- Upper quartile is 29
- Median is 20
- Range is 38
- Interquartile range is 18
- 3.1.1 Write down the values of a, c and d.
  3.1.2 Determine the value of e.
  3.1.3 Determine the value of b.
  (2)
- 3.1.4 Learners said that the test was difficult. Do you agree with this statement?

  Use the information above to justify your answer. (3)
- 3.2 A mathematics teacher records the time taken by the learners of his grade 10 class to complete a class test.

Time in minutes	Number of learners (frequency)	Midpoints
10 < t ≤ 20	2	
$20 < t \le 30$	5	
$30 < t \le 40$	7	
$40 < t \le 50$	8	
$50 < t \le 60$	18	
$60 < t \le 70$	20	

3.2.1 Determine the modal class of the given data.

(2)

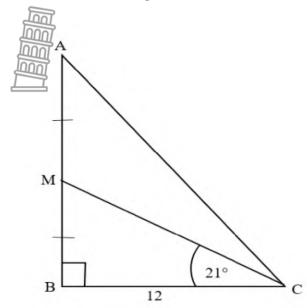
3.2.2 Complete the midpoints column of the data on the ANSWER SHEET provided. (2)

3.2.3 Draw the frequency polygon of the given data on the system of axes provided. (4)

3.2.4 Calculate the estimated the mean of the given data. Show all calculations. (4)

[22]

4.1 In the diagram below, CBM and ABC are right-angled triangles.  $\hat{B} = 90^{\circ}$ ,  $B\hat{C}M = 21^{\circ}$  and BC =12 units. M is the mid-point of AB.



Determine, with reasons:

4.1.1 the size of 
$$\widehat{AMC}$$
. (2)

4.1.4 the size of 
$$A\hat{C}M$$
. (4)

**TOTAL MARKS: 75** 



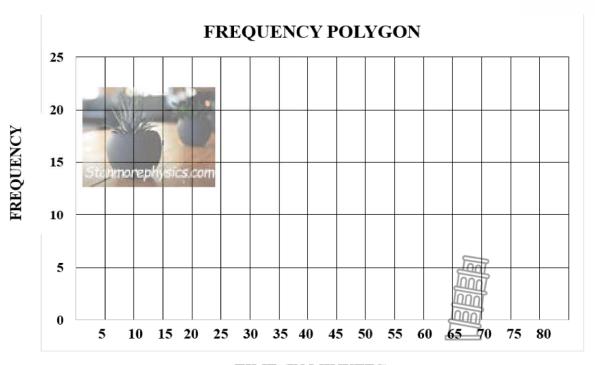
NAME & SURNAME:	
TUUUT	

**ANSWER SHEET** 

**QUESTION 3.2.2** 

Time in minutes	Number of learners (frequency)	Midpoints
10 < t ≤ 20	2	
$20 < t \le 30$	5	
$30 < t \le 40$	7	
$40 < t \le 50$	8	
$50 < t \le 60$	18	
60 < t ≤ 70	20	

#### **QUESTION 3.2.3**



TIME (IN MINUTES)

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### KWAZULU-NATAL PROVINCE

EDUCATION
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## NATIONAL SENIOR CERTIFICATE

**GRADE 10** 

**MATHEMATICS** 

**COMMON TEST** 

SEPTEMBER 2023

StamMARKING GUIDELINE

MARKS: 75

This marking guideline consists of 7 pages.



1.1.2 $Loan = R48000$ $A = P(1+in)$ $A = 48000$ $A = P(1+in)$ $A = 48000$ $A = R100800$ $A = R100800$ $A = R100800$ $A = R1800$ $A = R100800$ $A = R1800$ $A = P(1+in)$ $A = P($	1.1.1	<i>Deposit</i> = <i>R</i> 12000	✓Answer	
$A = P(1+in)$ $A = 48000 (lit 0; 22 \times 5)$ $A = R100800$ $Monthly instalments = \frac{100800}{60} + R120$ $= R1800$ $1.2                                    $	1 1 2	L D49000	/I and and had	(1)
A = 48000 (	1.1.2		V Loan value	
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Monthly instalments = $\frac{100800}{60} + R120$ =R 1800  1.2 Let the initial investment be = x Final investment = $2x$ $A = P(1+in)$ $2x = x(1+0.075 \times n)$ $2 = 1+0.075 \times n$ $n = 13.33$ $n \approx 14 y ears$ $2x = x(1+0.075 \times n)$ $2 = 1+0.075 \times n$ $16 = 11.5(1+i)^{8}$ $16 = 11.5(1+i)^{8}$ $16 = 11.5(1+i)^{8}$ $16 = 11.5(1+i)^{8}$ $16 = 4.21\% \text{ pa}$ $1.4.1 R 2005$ $1.4.1 R 2005$ $1.4.2 £98.21$ $1.4.3 R5855$ $= £92.02$ $1.4.3 R5855$ $= £92.02$ $2 (2)$			✓R100800	(4)
1.2 Let the initial investment be = $x$ Final investment = $2x$ A = P(1+in) $2x = x(1+0.075 \times n)$ 2 = 1+0.075n n = 13.33 $n \approx 14 years$ 1.3 $A = P(1+i)^n$ $16 = 11.5(1+i)^8$ $i = \sqrt[8]{\frac{32}{23}} - 1$ r = 4.21% pa  1.4.1 R 2005  1.4.2 £98.21  1.5 Let the initial investment be = $xFinal investment be = x4x = P(1+in)4x = x(1+0.075 \times n)4x = x(1+0.075 \times n)$			//0	
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1.2 Let the initial investment be = $x$ Final investment = $2x$ $A = P(1+in)$ $2x = x(1+0.075 \times n)$ $2 = 1+0.075 \times n$ $2 = 1+0.075 \times n$ $2 = 14 \text{ years}$ $2x = x(1+0.075 \times n)$			* K1800	
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$i = \sqrt{23} - 1$ $r = 4,21\% \text{ pa}$ $1.4.1 \text{ R } 2005$ $Stanmore physics$ $1.4.2 \text{ £98,21}$ $1.4.3 \text{ R5855}$ $= £292,02$ $\checkmark \text{ R5855}$ $\checkmark £292,02$ $(2)$		$16 = 11,5(1+l)^{\circ}$		
r = 4,21% pa       ✓ answer       (3)         1.4.1 R 2005 Stanmorephysics       ✓R 2005       (1)         1.4.2 £98,21       ✓£98,21       (1)         1.4.3 R5855 = €292,02       ✓R5855 ✓€292,02       (2)			0 722	
r = 4,21% pa       ✓ answer       (3)         1.4.1 R 2005 Stanmorephysics       ✓R 2005       (1)         1.4.2 £98,21       ✓£98,21       (1)         1.4.3 R5855 = €292,02       ✓R5855 ✓€292,02       (2)		$t = \sqrt{\frac{23}{23}} = 1$	$\sqrt{i} = \sqrt[8]{\frac{32}{23}} - 1$	
Stanmorephysics $\checkmark$ £98,21 $\checkmark$ £98,21       (1)         1.4.3       R5855 $\checkmark$ R5855         = €292,02 $\checkmark$ €292,02       (2)		r = 4.21% pa		(3)
Stanmorephysics $\checkmark$ £98,21 $\checkmark$ £98,21       (1)         1.4.3       R5855 $\checkmark$ R5855         = €292,02 $\checkmark$ €292,02       (2)	141	R 2005	√R 2005	(1)
1.4.3 R5855 $\checkmark$ R5855 $\checkmark$ €292,02 (2)	1	Stanmorephysics	1000	
$= \epsilon 292,02 \tag{2}$	1.4.2	£98,21	✓£98,21	(1)
$= \epsilon 292,02 \tag{2}$	1 4 2	D5055	/D5055	
	1.4.3			(2)
		0272,02	- 6272,02	[15]



2.1.1		<b>√</b> 120	
	80-x 25	$ \begin{array}{c} \checkmark 55 - x \\ \checkmark 80 - x \\ \checkmark 25 \end{array} $	(4)
2.1.2	55 - x + x + 80 - x + 25 = 120 ∴ $x = 40$	√55 - x + x + 80 - x + 25 = 120 $ √x = 40$	(2)
2.1.3a	P(M) only = 0.125	$ ✓ 0,125 \text{ or } \frac{1}{8} $	(2)
2.1.3b	P(G)' = 0.333	$\checkmark \checkmark P(G)' = 0.333$	(2)
2.1.3c	$P\left(MorG\right) = 0.792$	$\checkmark \checkmark P \left( MorG \right) = 0.792$	(2)
2.1.3d	$P\left(MandG\right) = 0,667$	$\checkmark \checkmark P(MandG) = 0,667$	(2)
2.2.1	s = 1	✓ s = 1	(1)
2.2.2	q = 0.8 - 0.6	$\checkmark q = 0.2$	
	= 0.2 $r = 0.1$	$\checkmark r = 0,1$ ✓ subtraction method	(3)
2.2.3	0.2 + 0.6 + 0.1 + t = 1 t = 0.1	$ \checkmark 0,2 + 0,6 + 0,1 + t = 1 $ $ \checkmark t = 0,1 $	(2)
2.2.4	P(D)' = 0.2 + 0.1	$\checkmark P(D)' = 0.2 + 0.1$	
	P(D)' = 0.3	✓P	
	OR	(D)' = 0.3	
	P(D)' = 1 - P	OR	
	(D)P(D)' = 0.3	$\checkmark P(D)' = 1 - P(D)$	
		$\checkmark P(D)' = 0.3$	(2)
2.2.5	P(atleast1) = 0.2 + 0.6 + 0.1	$\checkmark P(atleast1) = 0.2 + 0.6 + 0.1$	
	$P\left(atleast1\right) = 0.9$	√P	
	OR	(atleast1) = 0.9	
	P(MorD) = 0.8 + 0.7 - 0.6	OR	
	$P\left(MorD\right) = 0.9$	$\checkmark P(MorD) = 0.8 + 0.7 - 0.6$	
		$\checkmark P(MonD) = 0.9$ <b>Answer only: full marks</b>	(2)
		Answer omy. Iun marks	[24]

2.1.2	700	✓ d = 29	(3)
3.1.2	Range = maximum - minimum  Maximum = 38 + 1	✓ maximum = 38 +1	
	maximum = 39	√ maximum	
		= 39 Answer only:	
		full marks	(2)
3.1.3	$Q_1 = Q_3 - IQR \ Q_1 = 29$	$\checkmark Q_1 = 29 - 18$	
	$-18 Q_1 = 11$	$\checkmark Q_1 = 11$	(2)
3.1.4	Yes, I agree with the statement.	✓agree	
	The average was $\frac{20}{50}$ and the highest mark was $\frac{39}{50}$	✓average ✓highest mark	(3)
3.2.1	60 < trso/tephysics.com	✓✓answer	(2)
3.2.2	Midpoints	✓ first 3 numbers	
	15 25	✓last 3 numbers	
	35		
	45 55		
	65		(2)
3.2.3	Frequency polygon		
	25 — Trequency polygon		
	20		
	Freduency 15 10 15		
	D 10		
	5		
	0 5 15 25 35 45 55 65	75	
	Time in minutes		
	✓end points		
	✓✓✓ every two correct point		(4)

# Mathematics William Stanns Traphysics com

September 2023 Common Test

3.2.4	Estimated mean = 2×15+5×25+7×35+8×45+18×55+20×65	✓ numerator ✓ denominator	(4)
	$=\frac{3050}{63}$	✓ simplification ✓ answer	
	$= \overset{63}{48,41}$	answer .	
			[22]



4.1.1	$\stackrel{\wedge}{AMB} = 90^{\circ} + 21^{\circ} = 111^{\circ} \text{ [Ext } \angle \text{ of } \Delta \text{]}$	√111°	
		✓Ext ∠ of Δ	(2)
4.1.2	$\tan 21^{\circ} = \underline{MB}$	$\checkmark$ $\checkmark$ tan21° = $\underline{MB}$	
	MB = 4,61 units	$\checkmark MB = 4,61$	(3)
4.1.3	AB = 2MB		
	AB = 2 (4,61)	$\checkmark AB = 2 (4.61)$	
	AB = 9.22 unitsOR $AB = 9.21$ units	✓ <i>AB</i> = 9,22	
	,,== wante	Answer only: full marks	(2)
4.1.4	$\tan A\hat{C}B = \frac{9,21}{12}$	$\checkmark \tan A\hat{C}B = \frac{9,21}{12}$	
	$A\hat{C}B = 37,51^{\circ}$	$\checkmark A\hat{C}B = 37,51^{\circ}$	
	$A\hat{C}M = 37,51^{\circ} - 21^{\circ}$ = 16.51°	$\checkmark A\hat{C}M = 37,51^{\circ} - 21^{\circ}$ = 16,51°	
	= 16,51°		
	OR		
	$\tan A\hat{C}B = \frac{9,22}{12}$	$\checkmark \tan A\hat{C}B = \frac{9,22}{12}$	
	$A\hat{C}B = 37,54^{\circ}$	$\checkmark A\hat{C}B = 37,54^{\circ}$	
	$A\hat{C}M = 37,54^{\circ} - 21^{\circ}$ = 16,53°	$\sqrt{A\hat{C}M} = 37,54^{\circ} - 21^{\circ}$ = 16,53°	(4)



4.1.5 $AC^2 = BC^2 + AB^2$ (Pythagoras) $\checkmark AC^2 = BC^2 + AB^2$ $AC = \sqrt{12^2 + 9,21^2}$ $AC = 15,13$ units $AC = \sqrt{13}$ $AC = 15,13$ units $AC = \sqrt{12^2 + 9,22^2}$ $AC = 15,13$ units $A$			
$AC = 15,13 \text{ units}$ $\checkmark AC = 15,13 \text{ units}$ $COS A\hat{C}B = \frac{9,21}{AC}$ $\checkmark \checkmark COS A\hat{C}B = \frac{9,21}{AC}$ $AC = 15,13 \text{ units}$ $\checkmark AC = 15,13 \text{ units}$ $OR$ $\checkmark AC^2 = BC^2 + AB^2$ $AC = \sqrt{12^2 + 9,22^2}$ $\checkmark AC = \sqrt{12^2 + 9,22^2}$ $AC = 15,13 \text{ units}$ $\checkmark AC = 15,13 \text{ units}$ $OR$ $\checkmark \checkmark COS A\hat{C}B = \frac{9,22}{AC}$ $AC = 15,13 \text{ units}$ $\checkmark AC = 15,13 \text{ units}$	4.1.5	$AC^2 = BC^2 + AB^2$ (Pythagoras)	$\checkmark AC^2 = BC^2 + AB^2$
OR $\cos A\hat{C}B = \frac{9,21}{AC}$ $\checkmark \cos A\hat{C}B = \frac{9,21}{AC}$ $\checkmark AC = 15,13 \text{ units}$ $\checkmark AC = \sqrt{12^2 + 9,22^2}$ $\checkmark AC = 15,13 \text{ units}$ $\checkmark AC = 15,13 $		$AC = \sqrt{12^2 + 9,21^2}$	$\checkmark AC = \sqrt{12^2 + 9,21^2}$
$\cos A\hat{C}B = \frac{9,21}{AC}$ $AC = 15,13 \text{ units}$ $OR$ $AC^{2} = BC^{2} + AB^{2}  \text{(Pythagoras)}$ $AC = \sqrt{12^{2} + 9,22^{2}}$ $AC = 15,13 \text{ units}$		AC = 15,13  units	$\checkmark AC = 15,13 \text{ units}$
$AC = 15,13 \text{ units}$ OR $AC^2 = BC^2 + AB^2$ (Pythagoras) $AC = \sqrt{12^2 + 9,22^2}$ $AC = 15,13 \text{ units}$ OR $AC = \sqrt{12^2 + 9,22^2}$ $AC = 15,13 \text{ units}$ $AC = \sqrt{15,13 \text{ units}}$ $AC = 15,13 \text{ units}$ (3) $AC = 15,13 \text{ units}$		OR	
OR $AC^2 = BC^2 + AB^2$ (Pythagoras) $AC = \sqrt{12^2 + 9,22^2}$ $AC = 15,13 \text{ units}$ (3)		$\cos A\hat{C}B = \frac{9,21}{AC}$	$\checkmark \checkmark \cos A\hat{C}B = \frac{9,21}{AC}$
$AC^2 = BC^2 + AB^2$ (Pythagoras) $\checkmark AC^2 = BC^2 + AB^2$ $\checkmark AC = \sqrt{12^2 + 9,22^2}$ $AC = 15,13 \text{ units}$ $\checkmark AC = 15,13 \text{ units}$ $\checkmark AC = 15,13 \text{ units}$ $\checkmark AC = 15,13 \text{ units}$ (3) $AC = 15,13 \text{ units}$		AC = 15,13  units	$\checkmark AC = 15,13 \text{ units}$
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$AC = \sqrt{12^3 + 9,22^5}$ $AC = 15,13 \text{ units}$		$AC^2 = BC^2 + AB^2$ (Pythagoras)	$\checkmark AC^2 = BC^2 + AB^2$
OR $\cos A\hat{C}B = \frac{9,22}{AC}$ $AC = 15,13 \text{ units}$ $AC = 15,13 \text{ units}$ $(3)$		$AC = \sqrt{12^2 + 9,22^2}$	$\checkmark AC = \sqrt{12^2 + 9,22^2}$
$\cos A\hat{C}B = \frac{9,22}{AC}$ $AC = 15,13 \text{ units}$ $(3)$		AC = 15,13  units	$\checkmark AC = 15,13 \text{ units}$
$Cos ACB = \frac{AC}{AC}$ $AC = 15,13 \text{ units}$		OR	
AC = 15,13  units (3)		$\cos A\hat{C}B = \frac{9,22}{AC}$	$\checkmark \checkmark \cos A\hat{C}B = \frac{9,22}{AC}$
[14]		-1-9	$\checkmark AC = 15,13 \text{ units}$ (3)
			[14]

