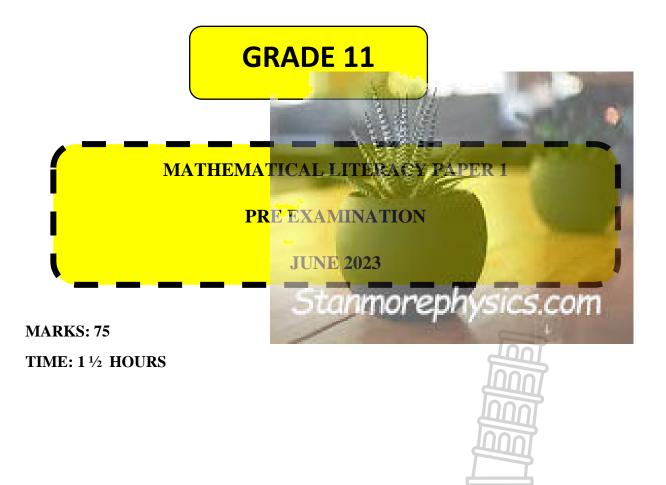


O.R TAMBO INLAND DISTRICT



This question paper consists of 8 pages.

INSTRUCTIONS AND INFORMATION

- 1. This question paper consists of FOUR questions. Answer ALL questions.
- 2. Use the ANSWER SHEET to answer QUESTION 2.4
- 3. Number the answers correctly according to the numbering system used in this question paper.
- 4. You may use an approved calculator (non-programmable and nongraphical), unless stated otherwise
- 5. Show ALL the calculations clearly.
- 6. Round off ALL final answers appropriately according to the context, unless stated otherwise
- 7. Indicate units of measurement, where applicable
- 8. Diagrams are NOT necessarily drawn to scale
- 9. Write neatly and legibly.



QUESTION 1

1.1 Mapule work in a local restaurant in her hometown. She earns R250,00 per week plus tips from generous customers. Below is her income and expenditure statement for the month of February.

1	INCOME	EXPENDITURE	
	R250, 00 Per week	Transport	: R150, 00
		Groceries	: R500, 00
	Tips for one month: R600, 00	Rent	: R300, 00
		Cellphone contract	: R120, 00
		Total expenses	

- 1.1.1 Write down her fixed expenses. (2)
- 1.1.2 Calculate her total income for the month in February, if it has 4 weeks. (3)
- 1.1.3 Calculate the total expenses for this month. (2)
- 1.1.4 Express the total expenses as a percentage of the total income. Round off your answer to the nearest percentage. (3)
- 1.2 Mapule plans to visit her cousin who stays in Johannesburg using a bus. The bus will leave her home at 09:00 and will arrive in town at 14:30.
 - 1.2.1 Calculate the total time that the bus takes to arrive in Johannesburg. (2)
 - 1.2.2 Convert the answer in 1.2.1 to minutes. (3)

[15]

QUESTION 2

A local confectionary is spending R450, 00 on electricity and water weekly. The cost of baking one loaf of bread is R4, 00 which include labour and ingredients. A loaf is sold at R6, 50.

The TABLE below show the weekly cost of baking loaves of bread.

TABLE A: Weekly COST of BAKING LOAVES OF BREAD

Tible it: Weekly Cool of Billing Eoil veb of Breits						
Number of loaves	0	60	120	180	240	300
Total cost	R450,	R690,	R930,	R1170,	R1410,	A
	00	00	00	00	00	
(in Rands)	Stanmon	enhysics.co	m			
	1000000					

TABLE B: Weekly INCOME For SELLING LOAVES of BREAD

Number of loaves	0	60	120	180	240	300
Total cost	0	R390, 00	R780, 00	В	R1560,	R1950, 00
(in Rands)						

- 2.1 Write the formula to calculate the cost of baking loaves. (2)
- 2.2 Determine the value of **A** and **B**.

2.3 Use the formula in QUESTION 2.1 to calculate the cost of baking for 50 loaves. (2)

- On the same set of axes, use the values from the TABLE A and B, and the ANSWER SHEET provided, to draw the graphs illustrating both INCOME and COST of baking loaves of bread. (7)
- 2.5 Write the coordinates of the break-even point and in the context of the scenario explain what it means.

[19]

(4)

(2)

QUESTION 3

Below is a till slip that Thato got from a boutique after buying some clothes for herself.

28/11/18 14:22:04	Store No: 362
Transaction. No 108 0005	Employee No:2913457
Tax invoice no: 1122346	
Customer name: Thato Martins	
Customer name a grade Tractering	
	Rands
19441209 Stipe Self belted dress	R550, 00
46458553 Stripe Towfer Top	R499, 00
G. T. D O 2204	
Stripe Top Discount @ 33%	A
Subtotal excl. VAT	R768, 00
200000000000000000000000000000000000000	11,00,00
TOTAL PAID	

- How many items did Thato buy? 3.1.1 (2)
- Calculate the total discount paid on the items that she bought. 3.1.2 (2)
- Calculate the total including VAT paid on this transaction. 3.1.3 (3)
- 3.2 Thato is a resident in the Phakisa municipality and bellow is a tariff on a sliding scale that the municipality uses to charge for water usage.
 - \Rightarrow Fixed charge if > 6 kl = R80, 70
 - Fee for infrastructure if > = R7, 15

Water Usage	Rate per kiloliter (VAT of 15%)
	inclusive
From 0 – 6kl	R0
7kl - 30kl	R6, 48
30.1kl - 60 kl	R16, 20
More than 60kl	R21, 60

- 3.2.1 Calculate the cost if Thato uses 35kl of water charge. (7)
- 3.2.2 Calculate the new fixed charge if it is increased by 15%. (3)

3.3 Mrs Tsheko is fixing the roof of her house and has decided to take a personal (4) loan of R120 000 from the bank. The bank will charge her 7.5% simple interest per annum. Calculate the total that she will repay the bank after 3 years.

[21]

QUESTION 4

4.1

Product	Rural food prices January 2015 (in Rands)	Urban food prices January 2015 (in Rands)	Price difference Rand per unit
Full cream Long Life Milk (1 l)	12,03	12,59	0,56
Loaf of Brown Bread (700 g)	9,57	10,29	0,72
Maize Meal (5 kg)	32,49	33,73	1,24
Margarine (500 g)	17,89	21,68	3,79
Rice (2 kg)	23,62	23,45	-0,17
Sunflower Oil	14,59	17,25	2,66
(750 mℓ)			
Ceylon/Black Tea	9,89	9,68	-0,21
(62,5g)			
White Sugar (2,5	29,63	26,31	-3,32
kg)			TOUT
Loaf of White	10,31	11,42	1,11
Bread (700 g)			Tunui
Average			A

- 4.1.1 Arrange the rural food prices in descending order. (2)
- Determine the median for rural food prices. 4.1.2 (2)
- 4.1.3 Calculate the range for urban food prices. (2)

- Identify the minimum price difference in rand per unit. (2) 4.1.4
- 4.1.5 Identify ONE product with the largest price difference between Urban (2) and Rural area.
- 4.1.6 Identify the mode for urban food prices. (2)

During the first round of the 2011 Rugby World Cup the competing countries played in groups. They played every other team in their group only once. One of the groups (GROUP D) in the table below shows the possible games. The teams in GROUP D were Fiji (F), South Africa (SA), Samoa (S), Wales (W) and Namibia (N). Use the table to answer the questions below.

Table 2

TEAMS	F	SA	S	W	N
F	FF	FSA	FS	FW	FN
SA	SAF	SASA	SAS	SAW	SAN
S	SF	SSA	SS	SW	SN
W	WF	WSA	WS	WW	WN
N	NF	NSA	NS	NW	NN

- 4.2.1 How many matches did not take place since the teams only played (2) each other once?
- How many matches did each team play? 4.2.2 (2)
- What is the total number of matches played during this group stage of 4.2.3 (2) the Rugby World Cup
- 4.2.4 What is the probability that a team won at least ONE of their matches? (2)

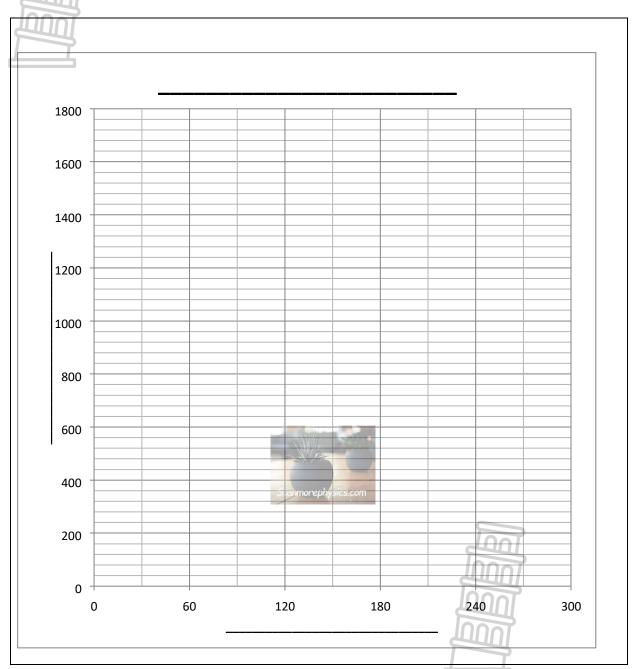
[20]

TOTAL MARK [75]

ANSWER SHEET

QUESTION 2.4

Name:.....



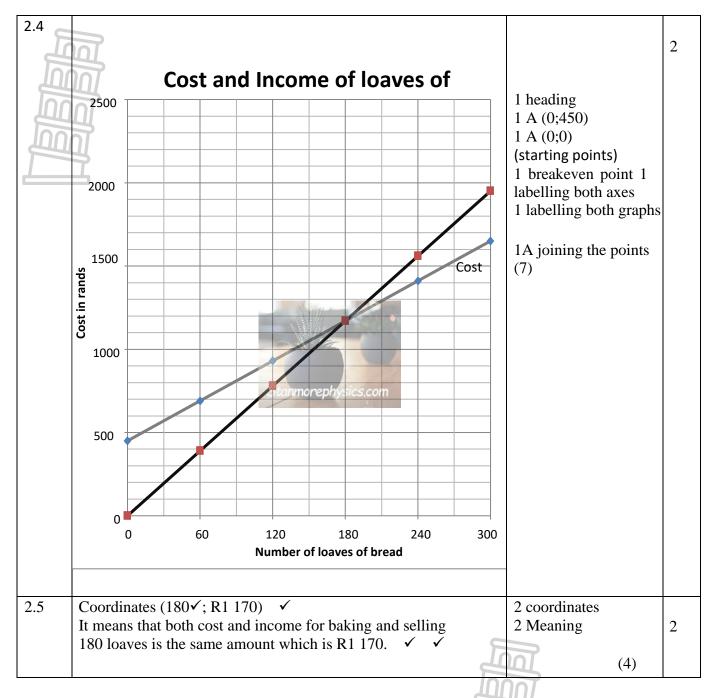




This marking guideline consists of 5 pages

QUES'	ΓΙΟΝ 1 [15]		
OUES	SOLUTIONS	EXPLANATIONS	L1-4
1.1.1	Rent ✓	2.4	1
	Cell phone contract✓	2 A	
1.1.2	$R 250,00 \times 4 = R 1000,00$	1M	2
	$R 1 000, 00 + R 600, 00\checkmark$	1M	
	R 1 600,00✓	1A	
1.1.3	$B = R150, 00 + R500,00 + R300,00 + R120,00 \checkmark$	1M	2
	= R1 070,00✓	1A	
1.1.4	1 070,00	1M	3
	<u> </u>	1A	
	1 600,00	1R	
	= 66,875%		
	= 67% ✓		
1.2.1	4:30 +9:00 € physics.com	1M	2
	= 5hours 30minutes ✓	1A	
1.2.2	5hours× 60minutes = 300minutes ✓	1M	3
	300 minutes + 30minutes ✓	1M	
	= 330 minutes ✓	1A	
QUES	TION 2	[19]	
2.1	$Cost = R450 + (R4 \times number of loaves) \checkmark \checkmark$	2Correct formula	2
		(2)	
2.2	Value for A= R450 + (R4 \times 300) \checkmark	1 Substitution	
	= R1 650,00✓	1 Answer	2
	Value for B= $R6.50 \times R180$ ✓	1 Substitution	
	=R1 170,00✓	1 Answer (4	4)
2.3	Cost of 50 loaves = $R450 + (R4 \times 50)$	1 Substitution	2
	$= R650,00\checkmark$	1 Answer (2)	





QUE	STION 3		[21]	
3.1.1	Two items ✓✓		2A	1
3.1.2	R 499, $00 \times \frac{33}{100}$ R 164, 00	Or Discount = 33% of R499 = R164	1M 1M	2
3.1.3	Total including VAT R 768,00 × $\frac{15}{100}$ ✓ = R 115, 20 + R 768,00 ✓ = R 883,20 ✓		1Mmultiplication 1M addition 1A answer	2

2.2.1	0 . 6 . 1	C	13.7.10.10.00	1
3.2.1	Cost of water used	Cost of water used	1Multiplication	
	6kl = R0, 00	6kl = R0, 00	1A answer	2
	$24k1 \times 6{,}48\checkmark = R155, 52\checkmark$	$23kl \times 6,48 \checkmark = R149,04 \checkmark$	1A answer	
Щ	$5k1 \times 16,20 = R81,00\checkmark$	$5k1 \times 16,20 = R81,00\checkmark$	1M addition	
	R155, 52 +R81,00✓	R149,04+R81,00✓	1 A answer	
Щ	=R236,52 ✓	=R230,04 ✓	1M adding R80,70	
	$R236,52 + R80,70\checkmark$	$R230,04 + R80,70\checkmark$	1A answer	
#	= R317,22 ✓	= R310,74 ✓		
Or	Cost of water used	Cost of water used	1Multiplication	
	6k1 = R0, 00	6kl = R0, 00	1A answer	
	$24k1 \times 6,48 \checkmark = R155,52 \checkmark$	$23k1 \times 6,48 \checkmark = R149,04 \checkmark$	1A answer	
	$5kl \times 16,20 = R81,00\checkmark$	$5k1 \times 16,20 = R81,00$	1M addition	
	R155, 52 +R81,70✓	R149,04 +R81,00 ✓	1 A answer	
	=R236,52 ✓	=R230,04 ✓	1M adding R80,70	
	$R236,52 + R80,70 + R7,15\checkmark$	R230,04 + R80,70+R7,15	& R7,15	
	$= R324,37\checkmark$	$= R317,89\checkmark$	1A answer	
3.2.2		D 12 01		
3.2.2	New price = $R80,70 \times \frac{15}{100} =$		1Mmultiplication	
	= R80,82 + R12,	01✓	1Maddition	2
	= R 92,81✓		1Aanswer	
2.2	7.5			
3.3	$1st \ year = (\frac{7.5}{100} \times R120)$	43.5.10.10.00		
			1Multiplication	
	$= R129\ 000,\ 00\checkmark$		1Aanswer	
			1Aanswer	3
	$2nd \ year = \frac{7,5}{100} \times R120 \ 00$	$00 + R129\ 000$	1Aanswer	
	$= R138\ 000\checkmark$			
		0 . 7400 000		
	$3rd\ year = \frac{7.5}{100} \times R120\ 00$	10 + R138000		
	$= R147\ 000\checkmark$			
Or	Simple interest = $7.5\% \times I$	$R120\ 000 \times 3 = 27\ 000$	1Multiplication	
	$Total = R120\ 000 + 27\ 00$		3Aanswer	
OHE	STION 4		<u>Γ</u>	20]
	<u></u>			<u>-</u>
4.1.1	32,49; 29,63; 23,62; 17,89;	14,59; 12,03; 10,31;	2M arranging in	2
	9,89; 9,57✓✓		descending order	
4 1 2	M-E D1450 / /		7001	2
4.1.2	Median=R14,59✓✓		2M	2
			اللللا	
4.1.3	Range = $R 33,73 - R9,68$		1 Subtraction	2
	= R24,05 ✓		1 Answer	
4.1.4	-R3,32 ✓ ✓		2M	2
.,,,,	•			
4.1.5	Margarine 500g✓✓		2M	2
4.1.6	No Mode ✓✓		2M	2
4.2.1	15✓✓		2 M	2
4.2.2	4√√		2 M	2
4.2.3	10✓✓		2 M	2
				<u> </u>

4.2.4 3/4 OR 0,75 OR 75% ✓ ✓	1A numerator)	2
	1A denominator)	

10007		TANONOMY I E	WELC		
Innni		TAXONOMY LE	VELS		
1000	3.6.4	GRADE 11			
		THEMATICAL LI			
	<u>P</u>	APER 1 : TERM 2	2 – 2022		
		MARKS:	75		
QUESTION	KNOWLEDGE	ROUTINE PROCEDURES	COMPLEX PROCEDURES	PROBLEM SOLVING	TOTAL
DESIRED %	30%	30%	20%	20%	100%
1.1.1	2				2
1.1.2		3			3
1.1.3		2			2
1.1.4			3		3
1.2.1		2			2
1.2.2			3		3
2.1.1		2			2
2.1.2		4			4
2.1.3		2			2
2.1.4			7		7
2.1.5		4			4
3.1.1	2				2
3.1.2	2				2
3.1.3		3			3
3.2.1			3	4	7
3.2.2				3	3
3.3				4	4
4.1.1	2				2
4.1.2	2				2
4.1.3	2		6		2
4.1.4	2		Д	Innī	2
4.1.5	2		10		2
4.1.6	2		4	Щ	2
4.2.1	2		\mathbb{U}	חח	2
4.2.2	2			7	2
4.2.3	2				2
4.2.4				2	2
Total	24	22	16	13	75
Actual %	32%	29%	18%	18%	100,0
Desired %	30%	30%	20%	20%	100