



**SENIOR PHASE – SOCIAL SCIENCES**

**GRADE 9**

**TERM 3 WORKBOOK GEOGRAPHY**

**LEARNER'S BOOK**



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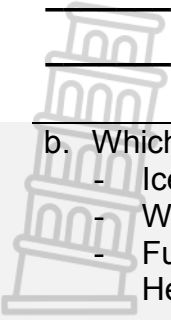
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b. Which of the following causes biological weathering? Explain.

- Ice
- Water
- Fungi
- Heat

(1+2) 3  
L2

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1.5 What is the difference between weathering and Erosion.

(1 x2) 2  
L2

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**WEEK 2: Difference between weathering, erosion and deposition**

2.1 Tabulate the following statement into the three processes : **Weathering, Erosion and Deposition** and only write the letters in the table during tabulation.

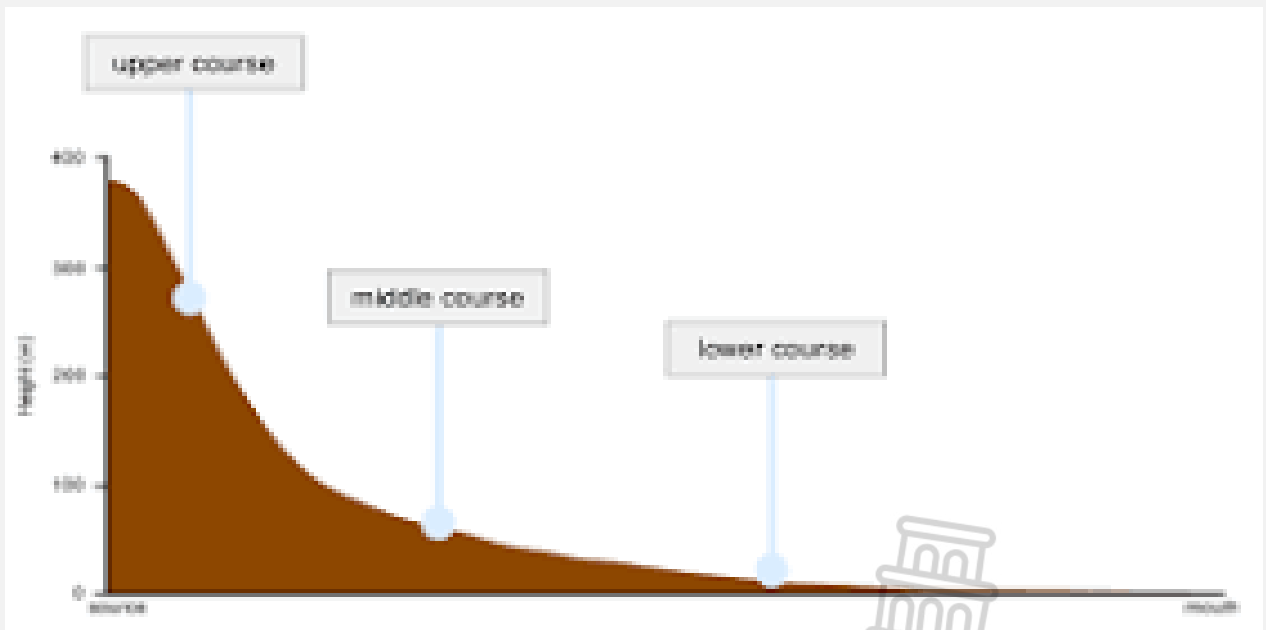
(1 x6) 6  
L2

- A. Water getting into cracks,freezing and breaking rocks
- B. Wind blowing sand from one place to the other
- C. Floods water moving soil from one location to another
- D. Raindrops on some rocks making them wear down

- E. Rainwater carrying particles away from a hill
- F. Muddy water being transported by fast moving river
- G. Transported material built-up at river mouth

Weathering	Erosion	Deposition

2.2



A. Where is deposition taking place in the diagram

(1X1) 1  
L1

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B. What feature can we find in the upper course

(1X1) 1  
L1

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C. How is the erosional flow in the middle course

(1X1) 1  
L1

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D. Is the profile concave or convex?

(1X1) 1  
L1

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E. Explain the longitudinal profile of a river.

(2X2) 4  
L2

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2.3 Study the Diagrams below and answer the Questions that follow:



A



B

A. Between the two diagrams, which one shows gravitational erosion.

1x1 1  
L1

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B. What do you think is happening in diagram A

1X2 2  
L2

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2.4 How can human cause erosion

2 x2 4  
L3

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2.5



- a. What do we call this process on the diagram 1 x1 1
- b. Where is it occurring on the longitudinal profile of a river 1 x1 1
- c. Does erosion take place on the outside or inside bank ? 1 x1 1
- d. Where is an oxbow taking place in this process 1 x1 1
- L1

a. \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_

1x1 1  
 L1

b. \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_

1x1 1  
 L1

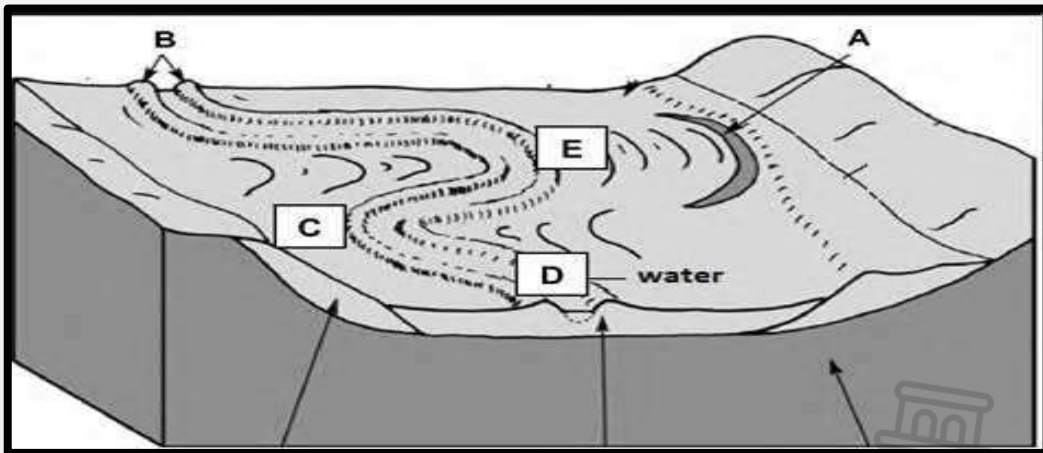
c. \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_

1x1 1  
 L1

d. \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_

1x1 1  
 L1

2.6 Study the diagram below and use the options provided to answer the questions below:



Levee, oxbow lake, delta, meander, erosion, deposition, neck, lower course, upper

2.5.1 A is a feature that forms when a loop is cut off from the bend of a river.  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_

1x1 1  
 L1



2.5.2 **B** develops when gravel and silt accumulates on the banks of a river resulting in the bank being raised. **1x1** **1**  
**L1**

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2.5.3 Flat land next to the river and is sometimes flooded is called **C**. **1x1** **1**  
**L1**

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2.5.4 This occurs on the outer bend of a river where the water flow the fastest. **1x1** **1**  
**L1**

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2.5.5 The pattern of the river at **E** is a **1x1** **1**  
**L1**

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2.5.6 In which stage of the river is this pattern found? **1x1** **1**  
**L1**

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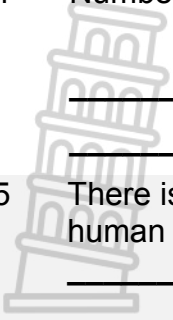
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3.1.4 Number 8 have no impact on weathering. **1x1** (1)  
L1



3.1.5 There is no impact of human activity number Three (3) there is no impact of human activity in the water. **1x1** (1)  
L1

**3.2.** Refer to Figure 3.1 and in a sentence/one word explain what is happening in the following numbers:

3.2.1 2 **1x2** (2)  
L2

3.2.2 3 **1x2** (2)  
L2

3.2.3 5 **1x2** (2)  
L2

3.2.4 8 **1x2** (2)  
L2

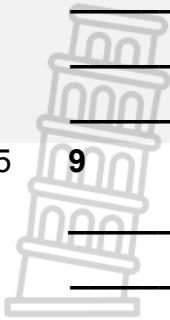
3.2.5

9

1x2

(2)

L2



3.3

Suggest what can be done in the following numbers to reduce the human impact on weathering.

3.3.1

3

1x2

(2)

L3

3.3.2

5

1x2

(2)

L2

3.3.3

9

1x2

(2)

L2



## WEEK 4

Rivers: Features of erosion and deposition along a river course:

- Waterfalls and rapids
- Gorges and canyons

4.1 Refer to the waterfall picture below and answer the questions that follow:



<https://www.sa-venues.com/attractionsmpl/mac-mac-falls.php>.

4.1. Choose the term in brackets to make sentences correct by underlining

- |       |   |     |           |
|-------|---|-----|-----------|
| 4.1.1 | ( <b>Erosion / Deposition</b> ) is the primary geological process responsible for the formation of waterfalls   | 1x1 | (1)<br>L2 |
| 4.1.2 | ( <b>Resistant and less resistant rock layers/ Decreased precipitation</b> ) is/ are the factor/s plays a crucial role in the formation of waterfalls | 1x1 | (1)<br>L2 |
| 4.1.3 | In the formation of waterfalls, ( <b>Igneous/ Sedimentary</b> ) rock layer typically erodes more slowly and forms the waterfall's resistant cap       | 1x1 | (1)<br>L2 |
| 4.1.4 | Basin or pool of water at the base of a waterfall, created by the erosional action of the falling water( <b>Plunge pool/ Lagoon</b> )                 | 1x1 | (1)<br>L2 |

4.1.5 **(Hanging /Retreat)** waterfall formed by the gradual retreat of a waterfall upstream due to erosion **1x1 (1)**  
**L2**

4.2

Refer to the rapid picture below and answer the questions that follow:



[https://www.backpackers-south africa.co.za/info/businesses/28172/images/bottom\\_images/1.jpg](https://www.backpackers-south africa.co.za/info/businesses/28172/images/bottom_images/1.jpg)

4.2 Choose the term in brackets to make sentences correct by underlining

4.2.1 **(Steep gradient or slope/Slow water flow)** is the primary factor contributing to the formation of rapids in a river. **1x1 (1)**  
**L2**

4.2.2 **(Stagnant and still/ Fast-moving with turbulent sections)** describes the characteristic flow of water in rapids. **1x1 (1)**  
**L2**

4.2.3 **(Gravel/ Bedrock)** is the type of riverbed material is often associated with the creation of rapids. **1x1 (1)**  
**L2**

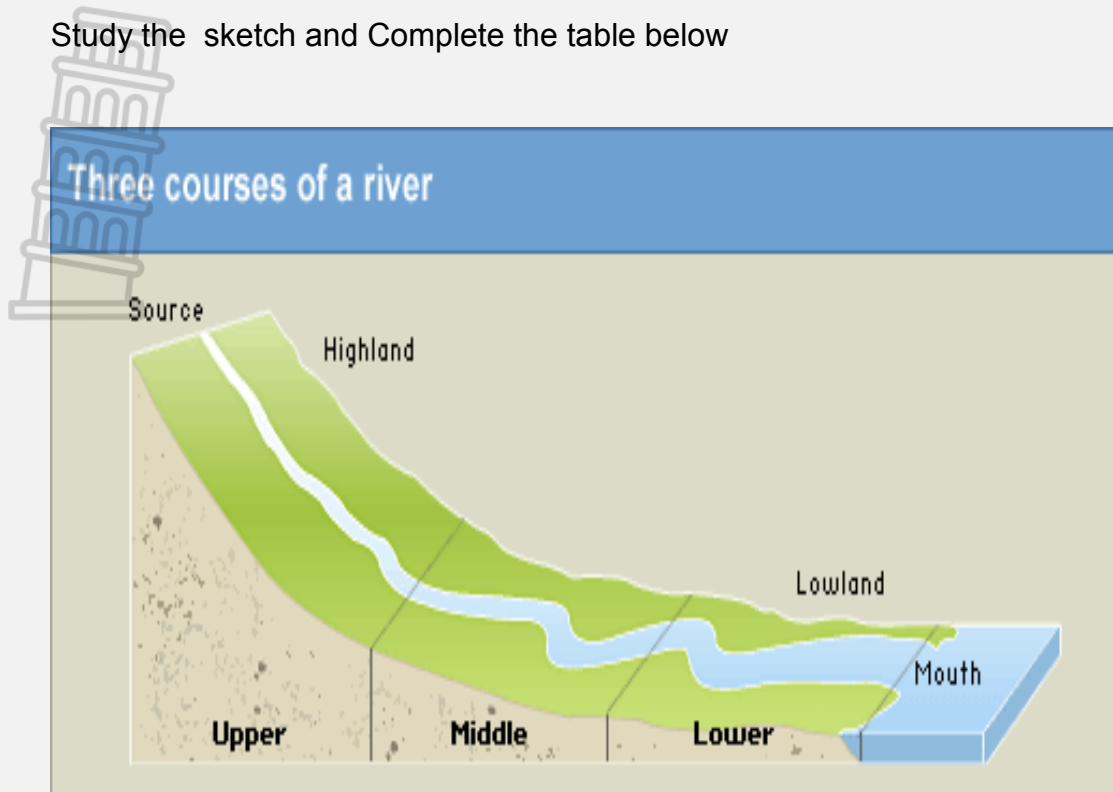
4.2.4 **(Exciting and challenging paddling experiences/ Slow, leisurely paddling)** is the main reason kayakers and whitewater enthusiasts are drawn to rapids. **1x1 (1)**  
**L2**

4.2.5 **(Swirlpool/ White water)** term is used to describe the turbulent, aerated water that often characterizes rapids. **1x1 (1)**  
**L2**

4.3

5x1 (5)  
L2

Study the sketch and Complete the table below



[https://www.juntadeandalucia.es/averroes/centros-tic/04005442/helvia/aula/archivos/repositorio/0/69/html/course\\_of\\_a\\_river1.gif](https://www.juntadeandalucia.es/averroes/centros-tic/04005442/helvia/aula/archivos/repositorio/0/69/html/course_of_a_river1.gif)

<b>Upper Course of the river</b>	
<b>Shape of the valley</b>	
<b>Width of the valley</b>	
<b>Erosion or deposition</b>	
<b>Features formed</b>	

4.4 Study the pictures below of a waterfall and rapid and answer the questions below



[https://live.staticflickr.com/3100/2418532676\\_d61fe88069\\_b.jpg](https://live.staticflickr.com/3100/2418532676_d61fe88069_b.jpg)



<https://www.clarens.co.za/wp-content/uploads/2021/03/white-river-rafting.jpg>

4.4.1 How do rapids differ from waterfalls?

2x2 (4)  
L3

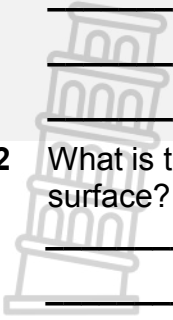
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**4.4.2** What is the significance of waterfalls and rapids in shaping the Earth's surface? **1x2** **(2)**  
**L3**

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**4.4.3** What are the primary erosional processes involved in the formation of waterfalls? **2x1** **(2)**  
**L2**

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**4.4.4** What recreational activities can be enjoyed at waterfalls and rapids? **2x1** **(2)**  
**L1**

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**4.4.5** Discuss the environmental impact of human activities, such as dam construction and deforestation, on the formation and sustainability of waterfalls in natural landscapes. **2x2** **(4)**  
**L3**

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**4.4.6** Imagine you are a geologist tasked with studying a newly discovered waterfall. What geological and environmental factors would you investigate to understand its formation and long-term stability? **2x2** **4**  
**L3**

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4.5 Study the following picture of Blyderiver Canyon and answer the questions below:



[https://images.rove.me/w\\_1920,q\\_85/mwn0ns5wmxutgysx5y4m/south-africa-blyde-river-canyon.jpg](https://images.rove.me/w_1920,q_85/mwn0ns5wmxutgysx5y4m/south-africa-blyde-river-canyon.jpg)

4.5.1 What is the primary agent responsible for the formation of canyons and gorges? **1x1 (1)**

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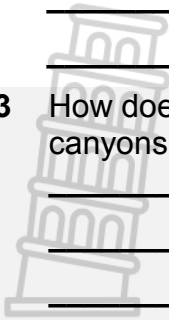
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4.5.2 How might climatic factors, such as changes in precipitation patterns and temperature over geological time scales, influence the formation and evolution of canyons? **1x2 (2)**

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4.5.3 How does the underlying rock type affect the formation and characteristics of canyons?

1x2 (2)  
L3

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4.6

Study the following picture of Oribi Gorge and answer the questions below:



<https://dynamic-media-cdn.tripadvisor.com/media/photo-o/15/6e/96/56/we-have-just-returned.jpg?w=1200&h=-1&s=1>

4.6.1 What are the primary geological processes responsible for the formation of gorges? **2x2 (4)**  
**L2**



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4.6.2 Differentiate between a V-shaped valley and a gorge. **2x2 (4)**  
**L3**

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4.6.3 How can human activities, such as mining and urban development, impact the formation and preservation of gorges in natural landscapes? **2x2 (4)**  
**L2**

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**Week 5: Rivers: Features of erosion and deposition along river course: Meanders and Oxbow lakes**

5.1 Define the following concepts. **1x2 2**  
a. Meander **L2**

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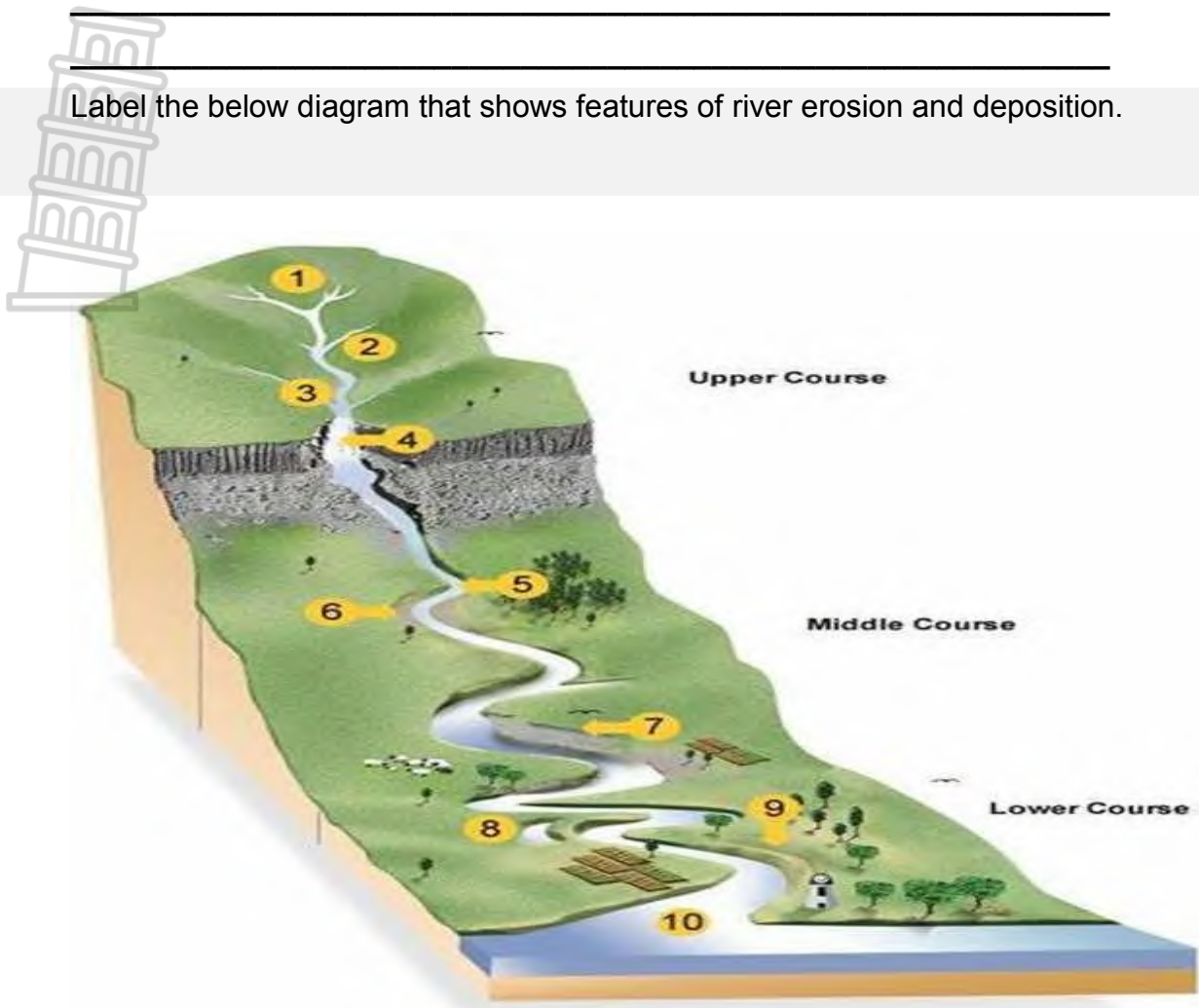
b. Oxbow lake **1x2 2**  
**L2**

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5.2 Label the below diagram that shows features of river erosion and deposition.

10x1  
L1



<https://th.bing.com/th/id/OIP.hUr1KxJhuxgP2fCWpe-u0QAAAA?pid=ImgDet&rs>

- 1. \_\_\_\_\_
- 2. \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. \_\_\_\_\_
- 4. \_\_\_\_\_
- 5. \_\_\_\_\_
- 6. \_\_\_\_\_
- 7. \_\_\_\_\_
- 8. \_\_\_\_\_
- 9. \_\_\_\_\_
- 10. \_\_\_\_\_

5.3 Explain how does meanders form.

	_____	<b>2x2</b>	<b>4</b>
	_____		<b>L3</b>
	_____		
	_____		

5.4 In which stage of the river do you find meander and waterfall?

<b>Meander</b>	_____	<b>2x1</b>	<b>2</b>
	_____		<b>L1</b>
	_____		
<b>Waterfall</b>	_____		
	_____		
	_____		

**Week 6: Rivers: Features of erosion and deposition along river course: Levees and Delta**

6.1 Define the following concepts.

<b>a. Delta</b>	_____	<b>1x2</b>	<b>2</b>
	_____		<b>L2</b>
	_____		
<b>b. Levee</b>	_____	<b>1x2</b>	<b>2</b>
	_____		<b>L2</b>
	_____		

6.2 In which stage of the river do you find Delta and Levee?

	_____	<b>2x1</b>	<b>2</b>
	_____		<b>L1</b>
<b>Delta</b>	_____		
	_____		
<b>Levee</b>	_____		
	_____		

6.3 Explain similarities between Delta and Levee. 2x2 4  
L3



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6.4 What is the difference between a meander and delta? 2x2 4  
L2

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6.5 Give **Three** (3) Disadvantages of living around around of Deltas. 3x2 6  
L2

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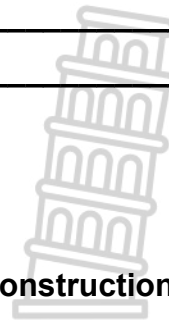
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## WEEK 7

### The impact of people on soil erosion

- Human contributions to erosion through agriculture, construction, and mining
- Agriculture as a contributor to erosion



7.1 Human contributions to erosion through agriculture, construction, and mining

7.1.1 Soil erosion is the wearing or removal of topsoil. (True/ False) (1x1) (1)  
L1

7.1.2 Refer to the pictures below to identify how the human activities impact on soil erosion (5x1) (5)

L1

7.1.2.1 \_\_\_\_\_



7.1.2.2 \_\_\_\_\_



7.1.2.3 \_\_\_\_\_





7.1.2.4 \_\_\_\_\_



7.1.2.5 \_\_\_\_\_



7.1.3 List any 2 effects of soil erosion

(2X1) (2)

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L1

**7.2 Case study: Agriculture as a contributor to erosion**

Read the following case study and answer the questions that follow.

The main source of livelihood of the people in the Denku Region in Ethiopia is agriculture. The major source of crops grown in the area include tef (the staple grain of Ethiopia), haricot beans and maize.

However, in recent years, because of soil erosion that has reached a chronic level, agricultural production has declined significantly. The people in this area say that because of a decline in agriculture due to soil erosion, they have had to reduce the numbers of daily meals as well as the quantity of food per meal.

[Source: *Via Afrika, Social Sciences, Grade 9, page 179*]

**7.2.1** Explain the meaning of the term soil erosion. **(1x2)** (1)

**Removal of soil by forces of erosion such as running water and wind**  
✓✓

L2

**7.2.2.** Name ONE way soil erosion has disadvantaged the people living in the Denku Region of Ethiopia **( 1x1)** (1)

L1

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**7.2.3** Mention any **Four (4)** bad farming practices that can cause soil erosion. **4x1** (4)

L1

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**7.2.4** Write a paragraph to discuss how better practices can be introduced to help the small-scale farmer. **( 4x2)** (8)

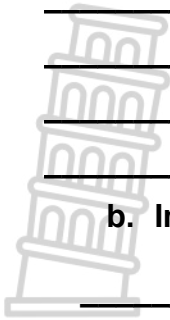
L3

**a. Reduce soil erosion.**

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b. Improve Agricultural production.

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## WEEK 8

### Case study: Agriculture as a contributor to erosion

8. Study **Figure 8A** below on Soil erosion in the Ithala Game Reserve in KwaZulu Natal. The area in the foreground used to be covered in thick soil, next to a small stream. Then answer the questions that follow:

An example of soil erosion in KwaZulu-Natal.



Source from Platinum; Social Science Grade 9 p.78

8.1 Define the following concepts:

(4x1) L2

8.1.1 Monoculture:



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8.1.2 Crop rotation:

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8.1.3 Overstocking:

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8.1.4 Over-grazing:

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8.2 Refer to source 8A and answer the questions that follow:



8.2.1 Identify **THREE** (3) clues from the source that indicate whether the soil was removed by wind or water erosion.

(3x1) L1

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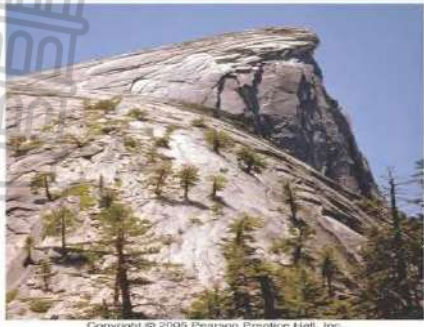
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**WEEK 9: Revision & consolidation**

**9.1** Refer to the pictures below and answer the question set:



**A**



**B**



**C**

**9.1.1** Identify different types of mechanical weathering from pictures labeled **A** to **C** **3x1** **(3)L**

\_\_\_\_\_

**\_A.** \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

**\_B.** \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

**\_C.** \_\_\_\_\_

**9.2** Look at the pictures labelled **A – E** below. For each picture state whether it causes physical, chemical or biological weathering. **5x1** **(5)**  
**L1**

**A**



**C**

**B**



**D**



E



\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

**9.3** Refer to the diagram below and answer the set questions:





**9.3.1** Identify **ONE** example from the diagram where each kind of weathering is taking place: **1x3 (3)**  
**L1**

a. physical

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b. chemical

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c. biological

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**9.3.2** Name **4** ways that human activities expose soil and rocks. **4x1 (4)**  
**L1**

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9.3.3 Explain in **3** ways how can exposing soil and rocks increase physical weathering? 3x2 (6)  
L2

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9.3.4 Describe **ONE** way that human activities contribute to increased chemical weathering. 1x2 (2)  
L2

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9.3.5 Which human activity has greatly increased biological weathering as you see from the picture? 1x1 (1)  
L1

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9.3.6 **Describe** the effect of this activity (9.3.5) on the earth's surface. 1x2 (2)  
L2

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9.4 Look at the pictures below labelled **A – D**. For each picture state what process has caused the weathering.

**4x1 (4)**  
**L1**

**A**



**B**



**C**



**D**



\_\_\_\_\_

**A.** \_\_\_\_\_

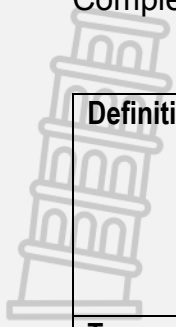
**B.** \_\_\_\_\_

**C.** \_\_\_\_\_

**D.** \_\_\_\_\_



9.5 Complete the table below



	Weathering	Erosion	Deposition
Definition			
Types			
Results			

(6)

L2

3x2

10x1 (10)

L2

3x2 6

L2

9.6

9.6.1 Name the most important agent of erosion.

1x1 (1)

L1

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9.6.2 Name the three stages of a river?

3x1 (3)

L1

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9.7 Draw 3 stages and explain how the ox bow lake is formed



Stage 1

2x2

L3

Stage 2

2x2

L3

Stage 3



2x2

L3

