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NATIONAL SENIOR CERTIFICATE

GRADE 11

NOVEMBER 2018

MATHEMATICAL LITERACY P1

MARKS: 100

TIME: 2 hours





This question paper consists of 9 pages.

INSTRUCTIONS AND INFORMATION

Read the following instructions carefully before answering the questions.

- 1. This question paper consists of FIVE questions. Answer ALL the questions.
- 2. Number the answers correctly according to the numbering system used in this question paper.
- 3. An approved calculator (non-programmable and non-graphical) may be used, unless stated otherwise.
- 4. Maps and diagrams have not been drawn to scale, unless stated otherwise.
- 5. Round off ALL the final answers according to the context used, unless stated otherwise.
- 6. Indicate units of measurement, where applicable.
- 7. Start EACH question on a NEW page.
- 8. Show ALL calculations clearly.
- 9. Write neatly and legibly.



1.1.1

1.1 A house in East London was for sale at a price of R2 578 799,00. A deposit of R386 819, 85 was required and the balance payable in equal monthly instalments for 20 years.

Write the sale price of the house in words.

1.1.2 Express the deposit amount as a percentage of the sale price. (3)

1.1.3 Ben decided to bank the deposit amount at **QR BANK**. Use the information below to calculate the transaction cost of the deposit.

Transaction	Rate	
Charge for deposits	R5,75 + R1,10 per R100 or part thereof	(3)

1.2 TABLE 1 below shows Babu's running time during a 2015 Comrade Marathon at various points along the route.

TABLE 1		Athlete: Babu
Points on the route	Distance in kilometres	Time (hours, minutes, seconds)
Lion Park	15,9	01:05:26
Camperdown	26,9	01:50:39
Halfway	45	03:05:14
Pinetown	68,9	04:54:45
Mayville	82,3	06:02:45
Finish	89,3	06:37:30

Use the information in TABLE 1 to answer the questions that follow:

1.2.1	Determine the distance from Camperdown to Mayville.	(3)
1.2.2	Calculate how long it took Babu to run from the halfway mark to Pinetown.	(2)
1.2.3	Convert the distance to Pinetown to metres.	(2)

(2)

1.3 The graph below shows the number of houses sold in different locations **A**, **B**, **C**, **D** and **E**.



Use the graph above to answer the following questions.

1.3.1	Arrange the number of houses sold in descending order.	(2)
1.3.2	Write down the type of graph that was used to represent the information above.	(2)
1.3.3	Calculate the total number of houses that was sold in all the locations.	(2) [21]



2.1 Ms Fasi started a small business by selling pies at schools and factories close to her workplace. She pays rent of R1 500 per month. It costs her R5,00 to make and package a pie and she sells them at R15,00 each.

Study the table below and answer the questions that follow.

TABLE 2: THE COST AND INCOME FOR THE BUSINESS

Number of Pies	0	50	100	150	250	350
Total Cost in Rand	1 500	Α	2 000	2 2 5 0	2 750	3 2 5 0
Income in Rand	0	750	1 500	2 2 5 0	В	5 2 5 0

The following formulae are used to calculate the cost and income respectively:

Cost = R1 500 + R5,00 × n Income = R15,00 × n; where n represents the number of pies

2.1.1	Use the table to determine Ms Fasi's break-even amount.	(2)
2.1.2	Calculate the value of A .	(3)
2.1.3	Show by means of calculations that the value of B is R3 750.	(2)
2.1.4	Calculate the profit if 350 pies are sold.	(3)
agreed	si borrowed R60 000 from Women's Bank to start her small business and to pay back the money at an interest rate of 8,5% that is compounded ly for 2 years.	
2.2.1	Calculate the amount of the interest that was added at the end of the first year.	(2)

2.2.2 Determine the total amount that Ms Fasi paid back to the bank after 2 years. (5)



2.2

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2.3 TABLE 3 shows the Domestic Water Tariffs for 2018 used by the local municipality where Ms Fasi lives.
 TABLE 4 shows the meter readings by the local municipality which indicates the

TABLE 4 shows the meter readings by the local municipality which indicates the amount of water the Fasi family used for May and June 2018.

	Number of kilolitres	Cost per kilolitre (kℓ) excluding VAT
77	$0-6 \mathrm{k}\ell$	0
2	Above 6 k ℓ – less than 30 k ℓ	R10,02
3	$30 \text{ k}\ell$ – less than $60 \text{ k}\ell$	R12,28
4	$60 \mathrm{k}\ell$ and above	R16,70
+ Ad	ditional charge if more than 6 k ℓ used	R80,70

TABLE 4: Water meter readings for Account Number 40101607 during May and June.

1/05/2018	(k <i>l</i>)	0561
1/06/2018	(k <i>l</i>)	0587

- 2.3.1 Calculate the cost of the water usage for May 2018 excluding VAT.
- 2.3.2 Calculate the VAT amount that is charged on the additional charge of R80,70. (VALUE ADDED TAX = 15%)
- 2.4 The average inflation rates for the period 2016 to 2017 are shown in the following table.

	2016	2017
Average inflation rate	4,51%	6,59%
Cost of a brown bread	R9,99	Α

2.4.1 Explain the meaning of the term *inflation rate*.

2.4.2 Calculate the cost of a loaf of brown bread in 2017 by using the average inflation rates that are given in the table above.

(5)

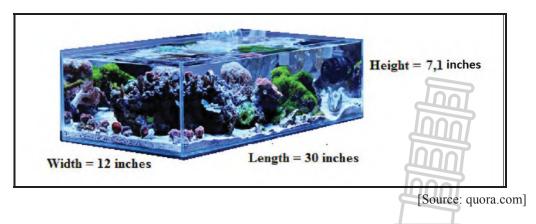
(3)

(2)

(2) [**29**]

Ш	Forecast	Cape Town	Pretoria
Π	Sunrise	07:35	06:40
	Sunset	17:50	17:27
	Humidity (%)	68	58
ľ	Visibility (miles)	6,0	12
	Maximum Temperature (°C)	20	17
ĺ	Precipitation	0	0
-	Determine the visibility distant	which an object or lig	
1. 1	- 		
-	Determine the visibility distant	ce in kilometres for P	retoria.
1	Determine the visibility distant (Use 1,609 km = 1 mile)	ce in kilometres for P nidity as a simplified	Pretoria. common frae
	Determine the visibility distand (Use 1,609 km = 1 mile) Write down Cape Town's hum	ce in kilometres for P hidity as a simplified e Town in 12-hour fo ature for Pretoria to d	Pretoria. common frac ormat. egrees Fahre

3.2 Study the fish tank below and answer the questions that follow.



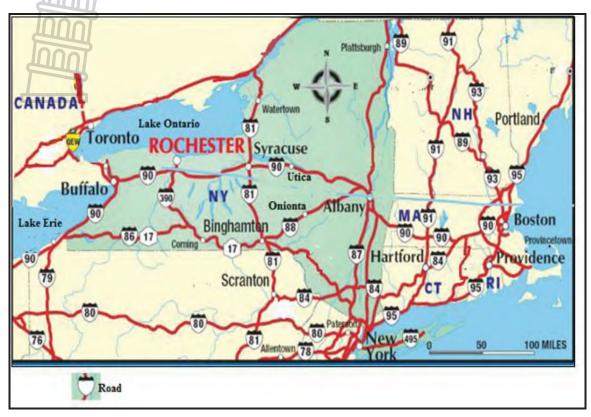
3.2.1 Calculate the volume of the fish tank above in cubic inches (in^3) .

You may use the formula: Volume = Length \times Width \times Height (3)

3.2.2 The fish tank is 85% full. After adding stones to the bottom of the fish tank, the fish tank is 97% full. Calculate the volume of the stones. (5)

[17]

4.1 Rochester is in the north east of New York state. Study the map below and answer the questions that follow.



[Source: <u>filmrochester.org</u>]

4.1.1	Write down the name of the city where Roads 84, 91 and 95 meet.	(2)
4.1.2	Using the given scale, determine the actual distance in miles between Buffalo and Albany, if the distance on the map between these two places is 7,5 cm.	(3)
4.1.3	Identify the roads that Bande will use to travel from Scranton to Albany.	(2)
4.1.4	Write down the compass direction when travelling from Hartford to Boston.	(2)
4.1.5	Identify the road that will help you to travel from New York to the far west of the map.	(2)
4.1.6	Determine the probability of randomly selecting a road on the map with an even number.	(2) [13]

Study the information on eggs in Incubators and Poults/Chickens hatched during the different months in the United States for the 2016–2017 period.

Month	Eggs in incubators on the first of the month	Poults/Chickens hatched during the entire month
	2016–2017	2016-2017
September	28 927	23 645
October	28 409	23 572
November	27 179	22 782
December	28 795	25 422
January	29 961	25 332
February	29 906	23 598
March	30 030	25 719
April	28 597	23 179
May	28 825	24 067
June	29 441	25 075
July	29 271	24 616
August	29 725	24 786
TOTAL		

	TOTAL:	100
5.8	Name the type of graph that can best display the above information.	(2) [20]
5.7	Determine the probability, as a percentage, of randomly selecting the number of eggs in an incubator during July.	(3)
5.6	Express the number of hatched poults during the entire month of March as a ratio to the total hatched during 2016–2017 period.	(3)
5.5	Calculate the median of the Poults hatched for the entire month during the 2016–2017 period.	(3)
5.4	Determine the range of the Poults hatched the entire month during the 2016–2017 period.	(2)
5.3	Write down the modal value for the number of eggs in the incubators on the first of the month.	(2)
5.2	Calculate the mean number of eggs in incubators for the 2016–2017 period.	(3)
5.1	Determine the number of eggs that did not hatch in December.	(2)



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TO: DISTRICT HEADS OF EXAMINATIONS PRINCIPALS OF SCHOOLS IN THE FET BAND

FROM: CES: INSTRUMENT DEVELOPMENT AND MODERATION SECTION MS N. MBELEKI

SUBJECT: ERRATA – MATHEMATICAL LITERACY P1, GRADE 11 NOVEMBER 2018

DATE: 19 NOVEMBER 2018

The **Mathematical Literacy Paper 1** (Grade 11 November 2018) was written on <u>Friday, 16 November 2018</u>. We were made aware of certain errors, amendments and omissions that were discovered during the marking process.

In order to address this and to ensure that learners are not disadvantaged, the following standardised approach to marking must be adopted across the Province. The following guidelines with regard to marking was prepared in conjunction with the examiner and moderator.

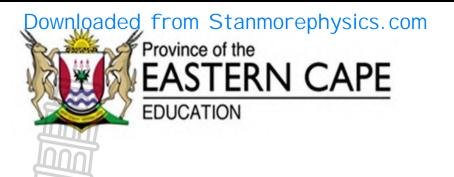
QUESTION 3.1.3 Time of sunset in Cape Town = 17:50 12-hour format = 05:50 pm √√ A	2A Correct Answer (2) L1 M
QUESTION 5.2 Mean = 29 088,83 √ CA	(Final Answer)
QUESTION 5.5 Mean = 24 341,5 √ CA	(Final Answer)

We request that this should be brought to the attention of all educators marking these papers and sincerely apologise for the inconvenience.

Yours in education.

MS N. MBELEKI

19 November 2018 DATE



NATIONAL SENIOR CERTIFICATE

GRADE 11

NOVEMBER 2018

MATHEMATICAL LITERACY P1 MARKING GUIDELINE

MARKS: 100

Symbol	Explanation
M	Method
MA	Method with accuracy
CA	Consistent accuracy
А	Accuracy
С	Conversion
S	Simplification
RT/RG/RM	Reading from a table/Reading from a graph/Reading from map
F	Choosing the correct formula
SF	Substitution in a formula
J	Justification
Р	Penalty, e.g. for no units, incorrect rounding off etc.
R	Rounding Off/Reason
AO	Answer only
NPR	No penalty for rounding

This marking guideline consists of 6 pages.

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(EC/NOVEMBER 2018)

Ques	Solutions	Explanation	T&L
<u>2405</u> 1.1.1	R2 578 799		F
	Two million, five hundred and seventy eight thousand seven		L1
	hundred and ninety nine rand $\checkmark \checkmark A$		21
		2A Write in words (2)	
	✓M		F
1.1.2	% Deposit = $\frac{\checkmark M}{2578,799} \times 100 \checkmark M$	1M Correct values	L1
	$\%$ Deposit = $\frac{1}{2578799} \times 100$ V M	1M Multiply by 100	
	= 15% ✓A	$1A Answer in \% \qquad (3)$	
			F
1.1.3	R386 819,85 ✓A	1A Correct value	L1
	Transaction Cost = $R5,75 + R1,10 \times \frac{386819,85}{100}$ M		
		1M Dividing by 100	
	= R5,75 + R4,255,02	1CA Transaction cost (3)	
	= R4 260,77 ✓CA	NPR	
			Μ
1.2.1	Distance = $82,3 - 26,9 \checkmark M \checkmark RT$	1RT Correct distances	L1
	= 55,4 km ✓ CA	1M Subtraction	
		1CA Distance (3)	
			Μ
1.2.2	Time taken = $04:54:45 - 03:05:14 \checkmark M$	1MA Subtracting correct	L1
	= 01:49:31 ✓CA	times	
		1CA Time (2)	
			М
1.2.3	Distance in metres = $68.9 \times 1000 \checkmark C$	1C Multiply by 1 000	L1
	$= 68 900 \text{ m} \checkmark \text{A}$	1A Distance in metres (2)	
			D
1.3.1	12, 8, 7, 5, 2, ✓RG ✓M	1RG Correct values	L1
		1M Descending order (2)	
			D
1.3.2	Bar graph OR Column graph $\checkmark \checkmark$ A	2A Correct graph (2)	L1
		CA from 1.3.1	D
1.3.3	Total number of houses = $12 + 8 + 7 + 5 + 2 \checkmark RG$	1RG Values from the	L1
	$= 34 \checkmark A$	graph	
		1A Number of houses (2)	
			[21]
	1		[]
		<u>EEEE</u>	

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Ques	Solution	Explanation	T&L
	2001		F
2.1.1	R2 250 ✓ ✓ RT	2RT Break-even	L1
		amount (2)	
			F
2.1.2	Cost of A = R1 500 + R5,00(50) \checkmark SF	1SF Substitution	L1
	$= R1 500 + R250 \checkmark S$	1S Simplification	
	= R1 750 ✓CA	1CA Answer	
		(3)	
			F
2.1.3	Income = R15,00 \times 250 \checkmark \checkmark	1RT Correct values	L1
	= R3750,00	1M Multiplication	
		(2)	
			F
2.1.4	Profit = Income – Expenses	1RT Correct values	L1
	$= R5 250 - R3 250 \checkmark RT \checkmark M$	1M Subtraction	
	$=$ R2 000 \checkmark A	1M Profit (3)	
			F
2.2.1	1^{st} year = R60 000 × 8,5% \checkmark M	1M Multiplication	L2
	$=$ R5 100 \checkmark A	1CA Interest (2)	
		CA from 2.2.1	F
2.2.2	1^{st} year total amount = R5 100 + R60 000 \checkmark M	1M Adding interest	L2
	= R65 100 ✓ CA	1CA Amount	
	2^{nd} year total amount = R65 100 × 8,5 %	1CA % calculation	
	= R5 533,50 ✓CA	1M Adding interest	
	Total at the end of 2 years = $R65 \ 100 + R5 \ 533,50 \checkmark M$	1CA Total amount	
	$= R70.633,50 \checkmark CA$	(5)	
	Water used $= 587-561$	1M Water used	F
2.3.1	$= 26 \mathrm{k}\ell \mathrm{\checkmark M}$	1RT Free kℓ	L2
	$Cost = (0 \times 6 \mathrm{k}\ell) \checkmark \mathrm{A} + (20 \times \mathrm{R10,02}) \checkmark \mathrm{M}$	1M Multiplying by	
	$=$ R200,40 \checkmark CA	R10,02	
	Total $cost = 200,40 + 80,70$	1CA Water cost	
	$=$ R281,10 \checkmark CA	1CA Cost including	
		additional charge (5)	
			F
2.3.2	VAT amount = $R80,70 \times 15\% \checkmark M$	1M Multiplying	L1
	$=$ R12,105 \checkmark S	1S Simplification	
	$=$ R12,10 \checkmark R	1R Rounding	
		(Accept R 12,11)(3)	

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Inflation rate is a measure of inflation expressed in % showing the increase in price of goods and services. $\checkmark \checkmark A$ OR	2A Explanation	F L1
	(2)	
Price of brown bread in 2017 = $(1 + 6,59 \%) \times R9,99 \checkmark M$ = R10,65 \sqcd A	1M Multiply correct values 1A Cost (2)	F L1
		[29]
FION 2 [17]		
	Explanation	T&L
12 miles \checkmark RT Distance = 12 × 1,609 = 19,308 km \checkmark A	1RT Correct value 1A Answer in km NPR (2)	M L1
Humidity of Cape Town = $\frac{68}{100}$ \checkmark RT	1RT Correct value	M L1
$=\frac{17}{25}$ \checkmark A	1A Simplifiedfraction(2)	
Time of sunset in Cape Town = 17:27 12-hour format = 05:27 pm $\checkmark \checkmark \land$	2A Correct time (2)	M L1
${}^{\circ}F = ({}^{\circ}C \times 1,8) + 32$ = (17 × 1,8) + 32 \checkmark SF = 62,6 \checkmark S = 63 °F \checkmark R	1SF Correct value 1S Simplification 1R Rounding (3)	M L2
Volume = Length × Width × Height = 30 in × 12 in × 7,1 in \checkmark SF = 2 556 in ³ \checkmark S \checkmark A	1SF Substitution 1S Simplification 1A Correct unit (3)	M L2
	increase in price of goods and services. $\checkmark \checkmark A$ OR The rate at which price increases over time if there is a decline in the purchasing value of-money $\checkmark \checkmark A$ Price of brown bread in 2017 = (1 + 6,59 %) × R9,99 $\checkmark M$ = R10,65 $\checkmark A$ FION 3 [17] Solution 12 miles $\checkmark RT$ Distance = 12 × 1,609 = 19,308 km $\checkmark A$ Humidity of Cape Town = $\frac{68}{100} \checkmark RT$ = $\frac{17}{25} \checkmark A$ Time of sunset in Cape Town = 17:27 12-hour format = 05:27 pm $\checkmark \checkmark A$ °F = (°C × 1,8) + 32 = (17 × 1,8) + 32 $\checkmark SF$ = $62,6 \checkmark S$ = $63 \circ F \checkmark R$ Volume = Length × Width × Height	increase in price of goods and services. $\checkmark \checkmark A$ OR The rate at which price increases over time if there is a decline in the purchasing value of-money $\checkmark \checkmark A$ (2) Price of brown bread in 2017 = (1 + 6,59 %) × R9,99 $\checkmark M$ and (2) = R10,65 $\checkmark A$ (2) TION 3 [17] Solution Explanation 12 miles $\checkmark RT$ Distance = 12 × 1,609 = 19,308 km $\checkmark A$ (2) Humidity of Cape Town = $\frac{68}{100} \checkmark RT$ = $\frac{17}{25} \checkmark A$ IRT Correct value IRT Correct value ISF Correct value ISF Correct value ISF Substitution IRT Correct value ISF Substitution

Ques	Solutions	Explanation	T&L
QUEST	[ION 4 [13]		
			[17]
		stones (5)	
		1CA Volume of	
		by 12% and 2556	
		2M Multiplication	
	$= 306.72 \text{ in}^3 \checkmark \text{CA}$	1M Subtraction	
	$= 12\% \times 2556 \checkmark M \checkmark M$	values	
	Volume of stones = $97\% - 85\% \checkmark M \checkmark M$	1M Using correct	
	$= 306,72 \text{ in}^3 \checkmark \text{CA}$	1CA Volume	
	Volume of stones = $2479,32 - 2172,6 \checkmark M$	1M subtraction	
	$= 2479,32 \text{ in}^3 \checkmark \text{CA}$	1CA Volume	
	Increased volume after stones added = $2556 \times 97\%$		
		ICA volume	
	$= 2 172,6 \text{ in}^3 \checkmark CA$	85% 1CA Volume	
3.2.2	Volume of the tank = $2556 \text{ in}^3 \times 85\% \checkmark M$	1M Multiply by	L3
		CA from 3.2.1	M

QUESI	TION 4 [13]		
Ques	Solutions	Explanation	T&L
4.1	Hartford ✓✓RM	2RM Correct city (2)	M&P L1
4.2	Distance on the map = 7,5 cm 2,5 cm = 100 miles \checkmark M $\frac{7,5}{2,5} = 3$ cm \checkmark S $3 \times 100 = 300$ miles \checkmark CA	1M Scale measure (use the scale as from actual map) 1S Division	M&P L2
		1CA Multiply by 100 (3)	
4.3	84√ and 87 ✓ RG OR 81,√88 and 90 ✓ RG	2RG Combination of roads (2)	M&P L1
4.4	North East ✓✓ A	2A Correct direction (2)	M&P L1
4.5	Road 80 ✓✓ RG	2RG Correct road (2)	M&P L1
4.6	Probability = $\frac{8}{16} \checkmark RG$ $\checkmark RG$	1A Numerator 1A Denominator (2)	P L2
			[13]

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•	TION 5 [20]		
Ques	Solutions	Explanation	T&L
		1M Subtracting correct	D
5.1	Poults not hatched in December = $28795 - 25422 \checkmark M$	values	L1
	= 3 373 √CA	1CA Not hatched (2)	
			D
5.2	Mean		L2
	= 28 927 + 28 409 + 27 179 + 28 795 + 29 961 + 29 906 + 30 030 +	1M Adding	
	28 597 + 28 825 + 29 441 + 29 271 + 29 725 ✓ M	1M Dividing by 12	
	$=\frac{349066}{12}\checkmark\mathrm{M}$	1CA Mean	
	$=$ $\frac{12}{12}$ V M	NPR (3)	
	$= 29\ 088,93 \checkmark CA$		
			D
5.3	No modal value $\checkmark \checkmark A$	2A Modal value (2)	L1
			D
5.4	Range = highest value – lowest value	1MA Subtracting	L2
	$= 25\ 719 - 22\ 782 \checkmark MA$	correct values	
	$= 2.937 \checkmark CA$	1CA Range (2)	
			D
5.5	25 719, 25 422, 25 332, 25 075, 24 786, 24 616, 24 067, 23 645,	1M Arranged	L2
	23 598, 23 572, 23 179, 22 782 ✓ A	1MA Median concept	
		with correct values	
	24 616 + 24 067	1CA Median (3)	
	Median = $2 \checkmark MA$		
	= 24 341 ✓ CA		
5.6	Total hatched during 2016-2107= 291 7893 ✓ M	1M Addition	
	Hatched in March= 25 719 ✓ RT	1RT	D
	Ratio. 25 719 : 29 1793 ✓ CA	1CA Express a ratio.	
		(3)	L2
		CA from 5.1.2	Р
5.7	$P_{\rm M} = \frac{29271}{100} \times 100 \text{M} \text{M}$	1M Fraction	L2
	$P_{(July eggs)} = \frac{29271}{349066} \times 100 \text{ VM} \text{ VM}$	1M Multiplying by 100	
	= 8,39 % ✓CA	1CA % (3)	
		NPR	
			D
5.8	Compound bar graph $\checkmark \checkmark A$	2A Type of graph	L1
	OR		
	Bar graph $\checkmark \checkmark A$		
	OR		
	Line graph $\checkmark \checkmark A$	(2)	
			[20]
	c		100
		TOTAL:	100