



CONTROLLED TEST

GRADE 8

MATHEMATICS TERM 1

DATE: MARCH 2026

SEKHUKHUNE EAST DISTRICT

TOTAL MARKS: 50

DURATION: 1 HOUR

Stanmorephysics.com

Name of the Learner: _____

Grade/Class: _____

| Question Number | Total Mark | Learner's Mark | Moderated Mark |
|-----------------------------------|------------|----------------|----------------|
| 1. MULTIPLE CHOICE | 5 | | |
| 2. WHOLE NUMBERS | 8 | | |
| 3. INTEGERS | 11 | | |
| 4. COMMON FRACTIONS | 11 | | |
| 5. DECIMAL FRACTIONS | 4 | | |
| 6. NUMERIC AND GEOMETRIC PATTERNS | 11 | | |
| Total | 50 | | |
| % | 100 | | |

| Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Level 4 | Level 5 | Level 6 | Level 7 |
|--------------|------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 0-29 | 30-39 | 40-49 | 50-59 | 60-69 | 70-79 | 80-100 |
| Not Achieved | Elementary Achievement | Moderate Achievement | Adequate Achievement | Substantial Achievement | Meritorious Achievement | Outstanding Achievement |

QUESTION 1

FOR EACH QUESTION, CHOOSE THE CORRECT LETTER OF THE CORRECT ANSWER.

| | | |
|-----|--|------------|
| 1.1 | <p>Which of the following is a whole number?</p> <p>A. -5 B. 0 C. 1,5 D. $\sqrt{3}$</p> <p>ANSWER:.....</p> | (1) |
| 1.2 | <p>The additive inverse of -12 is ...</p> <p>A. -12 B. 0 C. 12 D. -1</p> <p>ANSWER:.....</p> | (1) |
| 1.3 | <p>Simplify: $\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) \div \left(\frac{2}{5}\right)$</p> <p>A. $\frac{15}{8}$ B. $\frac{6}{20}$ C. $\frac{8}{15}$ D. $\frac{3}{8}$</p> <p>ANSWER:.....</p> | (1) |
| 1.4 | <p>Calculate: $0,36 \div 0,6 =$</p> <p>A. 0,06 B. 6 C. 0,6 D. 0,0006</p> <p>ANSWER:.....</p> | (1) |
| 1.5 | <p>The next term in the pattern 2; 6; 18; ... is ...</p> <p>A. 20 B. 24 C. 36 D. 54</p> <p>ANSWER:.....</p> | (1) |
| | | [5] |

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|----------------------------------|---|------------|
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| QUESTION 2: WHOLE NUMBERS | | |
| 2.1. | Calculate 248×14 without using the calculator. | (2) |
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| | | |
| 2.2 | Determine the LCM and HCF of 360 and 124 using prime factorisation. | (3) |
| | | |
| | | |
| 2.3 | R840 is shared for Ben, Beauty, and Boston in the ratio 2: 3: 5. Calculate each person's share. | (3) |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | [8] |
| QUESTION 3: INTEGERS | | |
| 3.1. | Simplify without the use of a calculator: $(-12) \div 3 \times (-2)$. | (2) |
| | | |
| | | |
| 3.2 | Simplify without the use of a calculator: $-7 + 4 \times (-3) - (-5)$. | (2) |

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|---|--|-------------|
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| | | [4] |
| QUESTION 6: NUMERIC AND GEOMETRIC PATTERNS | | |
| 6.1. | Complete the geometric pattern: 1, 5; 3; 6; 12; ...; | (2) |
| 6.2. | Given: 4; 9; 14; 19;... Determine the general rule in the form $T_n = \dots$, and T_{15} of the given sequence. | (4) |
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| 6.3. | Seating rows increasing by 4 seats. If first row has 7 seats, how many seats needed for ten rows? | (5) |
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| | | [11] |



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DEPARTMENT OF
EDUCATION

SEKHUKHUNE EAST EDUCATION DISTRICT

CONTROLLED TEST


GRADE 8

GRADE 8 CONTROLLED TEST-MARKING GUIDELINE

DATE: MARCH 2026

SECTION A: MULTIPLE CHOICE ($5 \times 1 = 5$)

| Q | Answer | Marks | Clarification |
|-----|--------|-------|---|
| 1.1 | B✓ | 1 | Whole numbers include 0, 1, 2, ...; negatives/decimals excluded. |
| 1.2 | C✓ | 1 | Additive inverse is the number which sums to 0 with $-12 \rightarrow +12$. |
| 1.3 | A✓ | 1 | Interpret $3^4 \div 2^5 = \frac{81}{32}$; simplify by $\div(2) \rightarrow \frac{15}{8}$. |
| 1.4 | C✓ | 1 | $0,36 \div 0,6 = 3,6 \div 6 = 0,6$ (shift decimals equally). |

| | | | |
|--|----|---|---|
| 1.5  | D✓ | 1 | Geometric growth $\times 3$: $2 \rightarrow 6 \rightarrow 18 \rightarrow 54$. |
|--|----|---|---|

QUESTION 2: WHOLE NUMBERS (8)

2.1 Calculate 248×14 (No calculator).

Method: $248 \times (10 + 4) \checkmark = 2480 + 992$

= **3472**✓. [2]

Marks: expansion/multiplication 1; final answer 1.

2.2 Determine the LCM and HCF of 360 and 124 using prime factorisation.

Prime factors: $360 = 2^3 \times 3^2 \times 5$; $124 = 2^2 \times 31$. ✓

$HCF = 2^2 = 4$;

$LCM = 2^3 \times 3^2 \times 5 \times 31 = 13\ 950$ ✓. [3]

Marks: prime factors 1; HCF 1; LCM 1.

2.3 Ratio share of R840 in 2:3:5 (Ben:Beauty:Boston).

Total parts = 10;

one part = $840 \div 10 = 84$. ✓.com

Ben: $2 \times 84 = R168$;

Beauty: $3 \times 84 = R252$;

Boston: $5 \times 84 = R420$. ✓✓ [3]

Marks: parts & unit value 1; substitution 1; all three correct 1.

QUESTION 3: INTEGERS (11)

$$3.1 (-12) \div 3 \times (-2)$$

$$= -4 \times (-2)$$

$$= 8. \checkmark [2]$$

Marks: division AND multiplication/signs 1, answer 1

$$3.2 -7 + 4(-3) - (-5)$$

$$= -7 - 12 + 5 \checkmark$$

$$= -14. \checkmark [2]$$

Marks: order of operations 1; answer 1.

3.3 Is subtraction commutative?

No \checkmark . $5 - 2 = 3$, but $2 - 5 = -3$; $3 \neq -3 \checkmark \rightarrow$ not commutative \checkmark . [3]

Marks: statement 1; counterexample 1; conclusion 1.

$$3.4 \sqrt{144} - 3^3 + (-2)^4$$

$$= 12 \checkmark - 27 \checkmark + 16 \checkmark$$

$$= 1. \checkmark [5]$$

Marks: 12 1; 3^3 1; $(-2)^4$ 1; addition 1; final 1.

QUESTION 4: COMMON FRACTIONS (11)

$$4.1 3 \div \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)$$

$$= 3 \times \left(\frac{5}{3}\right) \checkmark$$

$$= 5 \checkmark. [2]$$

Marks: reciprocal 1; answer 1.

$$4.2 \sqrt{\frac{9}{16}} + \sqrt[3]{\frac{8}{27}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \frac{3}{4} + \frac{2}{3} \checkmark \\
 &= \frac{9}{12} + \frac{8}{12} \checkmark \\
 &= \frac{17}{12} \\
 &= 1 \frac{5}{12} \checkmark [3]
 \end{aligned}$$

Marks: simplification 1; equivalent fractions 1; final 1.

4.3 Decrease R320 by 12,5%:

$$\frac{12,5}{100} = \frac{1}{8};$$

$$\text{discount} = R320 \times \frac{1}{8}$$

$$= R40 \checkmark;$$

$$\text{new price} = R320 - R40$$

$$= \mathbf{R280.} \checkmark [2]$$

Marks: rate calculation 1; answer 1.

4.4 Of 36 learners:

$\frac{5}{12}$ travel by bus; $\frac{1}{3}$ walk; rest get lifts.

$$\text{Bus: } 36 \times \frac{5}{12} = 15 \checkmark;$$

$$\text{Walk: } 36 \times \frac{1}{3} = 12 \checkmark;$$

$$\text{Lifts: } 36 - \checkmark(15 + 12) = \mathbf{9} \checkmark. [4]$$

Marks: bus 1; walk 1; subtraction 1; final 1.

QUESTION 5: DECIMAL FRACTIONS (4) – Calculators prohibited

$$\mathbf{5.1} \quad 3,45 \times 0,6 = 345 \times 6 \div 1000 \checkmark = 2070 \div 1000 = \mathbf{2,07.} \checkmark [2]$$

$$\mathbf{5.2} \quad 5,04 \div 0,12 = 504 \div 12 \checkmark = \mathbf{42} \checkmark. [2]$$

QUESTION 6: NUMERIC & GEOMETRIC PATTERNS (11)

6.1 Complete: 1,5; 3; 6; 12; ...; ...

×2 pattern

⇒ **24✓; 48. ✓** [2]**6.2 Rule and T_{15} for 4; 9; 14; 19; ...**

Common difference = 5✓

$$T_1 = 5 \times 1 - 1 = 4;$$

$$T_2 = 5 \times 2 - 1 = 9;$$

$$T_3 = 5 \times 3 - 1 = 14;$$

$$T_n = 5n - 1✓;$$

$$T_{15} = 5 \times 15 - 1✓ = 74✓$$
 [4]



Marks: d 1; formula 1; substitution 1; final 1.

6.3 Rows increase by 4 seats; first row 7; seats needed for 10 rows.**Common difference=4✓***Sequence:* 7; 11; 15✓; 19; 23; 27; 31✓; 35; 39; 43 ✓

$$S_{10} = 7 + 11 + 15 + 19 + 23 + 27 + 31 + 35 + 39 + 43 = 250✓$$
 [5]

Marks: d 1; sequence First three correct 1 Second 4 correct 1 Last three 1; ; final 1.

OR

$$T_1 = 4 \times 1 + 3 = 7;$$

$$T_2 = 4 \times 2 + 3 = 11;$$

$$T_3 = 4 \times 3 + 3 = 15$$

$$\therefore T_n = 4n + 3;$$

$$T_{10} = 4 \times 10 + 3 = 43 ✓$$

$$\text{And } S_2 = 7 + 11 \dots \dots \dots (1)$$

start with last term

$$S_2 = 11 + 7 \dots \dots \dots (2)$$

$$(1) + (2)$$

$$2S_2 = 2(18)$$

\div by 2

$$\therefore S_2 = 18 \checkmark$$

$$S_3 = 7 + 11 + 15 \dots \dots \dots (1)$$

start with last term

$$S_3 = 15 + 11 + 7 \dots \dots (2)$$

$$(1) + (2)$$

$$2S_3 = 3(22) \dots \dots$$

\div by 2

$$S_3 = 33 \checkmark$$

$$S_n = \frac{n}{2} [\text{first term} + \text{last term}] \checkmark$$

$$S_{10} = \frac{10}{2} [7 + 49] = 5[50] = 250 \checkmark$$

T_{10} value 1; S_2 value 1; S_3 value 1; S_n value 1 S formula 1; final 1.

OVERALL TOTAL = 50 MARKS

THE END