



education

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Noordwes Departement van Onderwys
North West Department of Education
NORTH WEST PROVINCE**

MAHIKENG LOCAL EDUCATION OFFICE

GRADE 8

**ECONOMIC AND MANAGEMENT SCIENCES
MID – YEAR CONTROLLED TEST 2025
PAPER 2**

Time allocation: 60 minutes

Mark allocation: 50 marks

This question paper consists of 7 pages.

Instructions:

1. All questions are compulsory.
2. Answer ALL questions in the ANSWER BOOK PROVIDED.
3. Write neatly and legibly.

GRADE 8 PAPER 2	FRAMEWORK	JUNE 2025
SECTION A:	SHORT QUESTIONS	
QUESTION 1.1:	Multiple Choice	05
QUESTION 1.2:	Matching Items	05
QUESTION 1.3:	True or False	05
		[15]
SECTION B:	LONG QUESTIONS	
QUESTION 2	STANDARD OF LIVING	09
QUESTION 3	NATIONAL BUDGET	09
QUESTION 4	FACTORS OF PRODUCTION	17
		[35]
		TOTAL: 50

SECTION A: ALL TOPICS**QUESTION 1****1.1 MULTIPLE - CHOICE QUESTIONS**

Various options are provided as possible answers to the following questions. Choose the answer and write only the letter (A-D) next to the question number (1.1.1 – 1.1.5) in the ANSWER BOOK provided.

- 1.1.1 This law specifies what safe and healthy workplaces are to ensure that workers' health is not affected. (1)
- A. Labour Relations Act
 - B. Basic Conditions of Employment Act
 - C. Occupational Health and Safety Act
 - D. Compensation for Occupational injuries and Diseases Act
- 1.1.2 When you undergo a short training period and do mostly routine work, you will be classified as ...labour. (1)
- A. Highly skilled
 - B. Semi-skilled
 - C. Unskilled
 - D. Skilled
- 1.1.3 Gold, foreign exchange and shares are examples of... (1)
- A. Financial liabilities
 - B. Financial assets
 - C. Commodities
 - D. Consumer goods
- 1.1.4 This level of government is responsible for the overall running of the country and deals with National issues such as safety and security, foreign affairs and international trade. (1)
- A. Local government
 - B. District municipalities
 - C. Provincial government
 - D. National government
- 1.1.5 Direct taxes can be defined as: (1)
- A. Tax levied on alcohol and tobacco related products.
 - B. Money that is paid directly to the government by businesses or individuals based on their income.
 - C. Taxes which are paid on the sale of goods and services by the owner of the business/retailer
 - D. Money that is paid on the value of a property when it is bought.

(1 x 5) = [5]

1.2 TRUE OR FALSE

Indicate whether the following statements are TRUE or FALSE. Write only True or False next to the question number in the ANSWER BOOK provided e.g. 1.2.6 True.

- 1.2.1 Employees are the human capital of a business. (1)
- 1.2.2 Interest rates are determined in the capital market. (1)
- 1.2.3 Interest is the remuneration for the factor of production, natural resources.
- 1.2.4 The executive branch of the national assembly is responsible to ensure that justice is served if laws are broken. (1)
- 1.2.5 Economic inequalities refer to the gap in the levels of wealth and income between the rich and the poor. (1)

[5]**1.3 MATCHING COLUMN**

Match the description in column B with the concept in column A. Only write the correct letter (A-F) next to the question number (1.3.1 – 1.3.5).

COLUMN A- CONCEPT	COLUMN B – DESCRIPTION
1.3.1) Labour	A) Is a society in which there is a high level of economic development
1.3.2) Qualification	B) The work that employees do to produce goods.
1.3.3) Modern society	C) Relates to a general level of education from a school leaver's certificate to a diploma or a degree from a university.
1.3.4) Households	D) Is an expense of the National Budget.
1.3.5) Education	E) The primary individuals who own the factors of production and consume goods and services.
	F) A way in which a person or group lives.

(1 x 5) = [5]

TOTAL SECTION A: 15

SECTION B: THE ECONOMY

QUESTION 2: STANDARD OF LIVING

2.1 Study the THREE diagrams indicated below and respond to the questions based on them.

DIAGRAM A

Modern societies



Stanmorephysics.com

DIAGRAM B

Rural societies



Stanmorephysics.com

- 2.1.1 List Two (2) Advantages and Two (2) Disadvantages of living in rural area. (4)
- 2.2 Mention any Two (2) reasons / causes for unemployment. (2)
- 2.3. **Resources must be used in an efficient way in order to promote economic growth.**
- 2.3.1 Give Three (3) ways to use resources efficiently. (3)

[9]

QUESTION 3 NATIONAL BUDGET

3.1. Study the budget allocation for different departments and answer the questions that follow:

BUDGET ALLOCATION	REVENUE
Housing, heritage and environment	R15 billion
Education	R39 billion
Public order and safety	R18 billion
Social security	R45 billion
Economic affairs	R22 billion
Transport	R8 billion
General public services	R46 billion
TOTAL SPENDING	R193 billion

Social Security is used for Grants.

- 3.1.1 Name any 4 grants available in South Africa (4)
- 3.2 What does the acronym SRD grant stands for? (2)
- 3.3 Identify the government department that received the largest revenue allocation. Motivate a reason for this allocation (3)

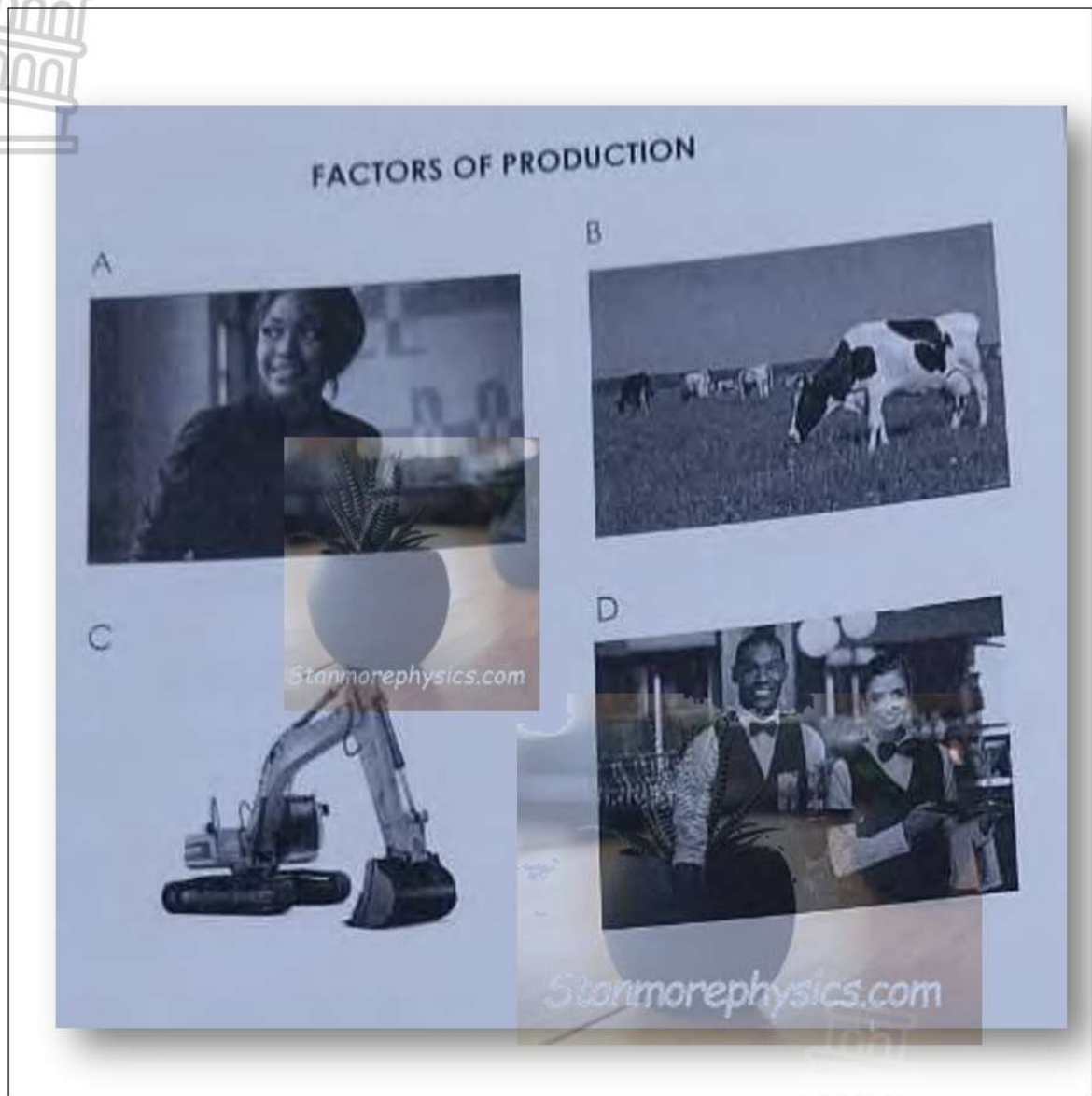
[09]

SECTION B TOTAL MARKS: 18

SECTION C: ENTREPRENEURSHIP

QUESTION 4: FACTORS OF PRODUCTION

4.1 Refer to the images below and answer the questions that follow.



4.1.1 Classify the images above into the correct factor of production. $4 \times 1 = (4)$

4.1.2 State the correct remuneration for each factor of production based on your answers in Question 4.1.1. $4 \times 1 = (4)$

4.1.3 Explain Two (2) importance of natural resources as a factor of production. $2 \times 2 = (4)$

4.1.4 Explain the difference between skilled and semi-skilled labour. 2X2 = (4)

4.1.4 Define the following word "**Natural resources**". (1)



SECTION C TOTAL MARK: [17]

**GRAND
TOTAL: 50**





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MARKING GUIDELINES

MARKS: 50

Number of pages: 6

SECTION A – ALL TOPICS

QUESTION 1 – ALL TOPICS

1.1 MULTIPLE-CHOICE QUESTIONS

1.1.1 C ✓

1.1.2 B ✓

1.1.3 B ✓

1.1.4 D ✓

1.1.5 B ✓

(5X1) = [5]

1.2 TRUE OR FALSE

1.2.1 True ✓

1.2.2 True ✓

1.2.3 False ✓

1.2.4 False ✓

1.2.5 True ✓

(5X1) = [5]

1.3 MATCHING COLUMNS: LEGISLATION

1.3.1 B ✓

1.3.2 E ✓

1.3.3 C ✓

1.3.4 A ✓

1.3.5 D ✓

(5X1) = [5]

TOTAL SECTION A: 15

SECTION B – THE ECONOMY

QUESTION 2 – STANDARD OF LIVING

2.1

2.1.1 Rural societies:

a) **Only TWO Advantages of staying in rural societies are:**

- Cheaper lifestyle ✓
- No water and electricity expenses ✓
- Very little transport cost ✓
- Less debt (accounts to pay) ✓
- Not exposed to air and water pollution ✓
- Less stressful lifestyle ✓
- Not exposed to crime in the cities ✓
- They engage in barter trade by exchanging surpluses they may have produced. ✓
- They are located near the river banks and cultivate land. ✓
- Today they live in houses;
- They buy food and clothes and engage in local trade. ✓
- They have quality agricultural products which they sell to secondary industries. ✓

Mark ONLY Two (2) = (2)

b) **Only TWO Disadvantages of staying in rural societies**

- Primitive life style same level as in the city ✓
- No recreation facilities ✓
- Primitive facilities ✓
- Time consuming to wash and cook ✓
- Few job opportunities ✓
- Primitive shops with few products ✓

- No facilities like libraries and colleges and education not on the same level as in the city ✓
- Some areas lack public services (clinics) and infra-structure, i.e. running water, electricity. ✓
- The community is characterised by poor health due to lack of medical services. ✓
- The standard of living is low due to poor infra-structure. ✓
- Low level of employment and people rely on social grants ✓.

Mark ONLY Two (2) = (2)

2.2 Two (2) reasons / causes for unemployment

- Lack of skills and proper education. ✓
- Increased mechanization in manufacturing and agriculture. ✓
- Unreasonable high wage demands. ✓
- Seasonal unemployment. ✓
- Importing cheaper products. ✓
- Decrease in the economic growth rate. ✓

Mark Only TWO= [2]

2.3.1 Three (3) ways to use resources efficiently

- Re-use. ✓
- Re-cycle. ✓
- Reduce. ✓
- Do not litter. ✓
- Use water sparingly. ✓
- Use electricity wisely. ✓

Mark Only 3= [3]

QUESTION 2 TOTAL= [9]

QUESTION 3 – NATIONAL BUDGET

3.1

- 3.1.1 Child support grant. ✓ (1)
- 3.1.2 Disability grant. ✓ (1)
- 3.1.3 Foster care grants. ✓ (1)
- 3.1.4 Veteran grant. ✓ (1)

3.2 Social Relieve Distress. ✓✓ (2)

3.3 General Public Services. ✓

Where bulk of the government public servants are employed e.g education, health, transport, defence ✓✓, etc (3)

QUESTION 3 TOTAL= [9]

SECTION B TOTAL: 18

SECTION C – ENTREPRENEURSHIP

QUESTION 4

4.1.1 A – Entrepreneurship ✓

B – Natural resources (land) ✓

C - Capital ✓

D – Labour ✓

4x1 = [4]

4.1.2 A – Entrepreneurship: profit ✓

B – Natural resources: rent ✓

C – Capital: interest ✓

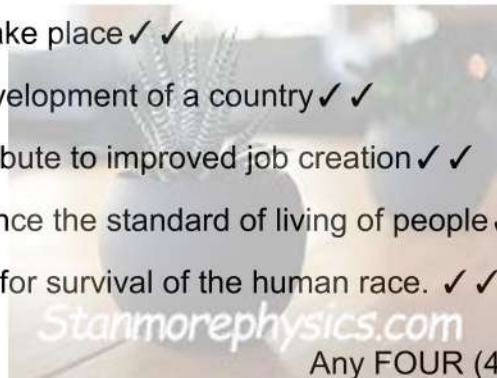
D - Labour: Salaries and wages ✓

4x1 = [4]

4.1.3 Natural resources: Importance:



- Without it, production cannot take place ✓ ✓
- Contribute to the economic development of a country ✓ ✓
- Use of natural resources contribute to improved job creation ✓ ✓
- Use of natural resources enhance the standard of living of people ✓ ✓
- Natural resources is important for survival of the human race. ✓ ✓



Any FOUR (4X2) = [8]

4.1.4 Definition: Natural resources

Natural resources or land are all “gifts of nature” that can be used to satisfy our needs directly or indirectly, for example, fish, minerals, forests, water and land for farming. ✓



(1)

[17]

SECTION C TOTAL: 17

GRAND TOTAL: 50