



basic education

Department:
Basic Education
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

FURTHER EDUCATION AND TRAINING

IBANGA: 10

ISIZULU ULIMI LWASEKHAYA

ITHASKI YESI- 8:

I - ASAYINIMENTI YEMIBHALO YOBUCIKO

AMAMAKI

IGAMA NESIBONGO: _____

USUKU LOKUBUYISA UMSEBENZI: _____

ISIKHATHI: AMAVIKI AMABILI

35

Le thaskhi inamakhasi ayisi-9

IMIYALELO KANYE NOLWAZI.

1. Fundisisa **YONKE** imiyalelo ngaphambi kokuba uqale ukuphendula imibuzo.
2. Phendula YOMIBILI IMIBUZO ISIQEPHU A (Inkondlo) NESIQEPHU B (Inoveli).
3. Amamaki ahlukane ngale ndlela elandelayo:
ISIQEPHU A: Izinkondlo (10)
ISIQEPHU B: Umdlalo (25)
4. Phendula imibuzo EMIBILI isiyonke:
Umbuzo OWODWA kuSIQEPHU A
Umbuzo OWODWA kuSIQEPHU B
5. **UBUDE OBULINDELEKILE BEZIMPENDULO:**
 - Umbuzo omude wenkondlo mawuphendulwe ngamagama aphakathi kwangama-90 kuya kwayi-140.
 - Umbuzo omude womdlalo mawuphendulwe ngamagama aphakathi kwangama - 240 kuya kwangama-290.
6. Khumbula ukuhlela, amalungiselelo, ukubuyekeza, ukufundisisa nokulungisa amaphutha ngaphambi kokwethula umsebenzi wakho. Amalungiselelo awabe sekhasini lawo wodwa, angahlangani nombhalo.
7. Uyayalwa ukuba amalungiselelo uwakhansela ngokudweba umugqa ovundlile ekhasini.
8. Izimpindulo zakho zizohlolwa kusetshenziswa amarubhrikhi asekgucineni kwale thaskhi.
9. Uvumelekile ukusebenzisa imithombo yolwazi eyahlukene yemibhalo yobuciko.
10. Uzonikwa ithuba lokwenza ucwaningo ngaphambi kokwenza le-asayinimenti.
11. Qaphelisisa upelomagama, irejista kanye nokwakheka kwemisho uma uphendula.
12. Qalisa isiqephu **NGASINYE** ekhasini **ELISHA**.
13. Landela imiyalelo yesiqephu ngasinye ngokucophelela.
14. Bhala ngobunono nangesandla esibonakalayo.

QAPHELA!

Ucwaningo (ingxenyane yokuqala) luzokwenziwa evikini lokuqala bese kuthi iviki lesibili (ingxenyane yesibili) lisetshenziselwe ukuqedela umsebenzi wale thaskhi.

Landela le migomo uma wenza ucwaningo:

- Khetha uhlunge bese uhlaziya, ulwazi olutholile ulusebenzise ngendlela efanele.
- Qoqa ulwazi oluthole emithonjeni yolwazi eyahlukene.
- Gxila kulokhu okubalulekile/okubuziwe.
- Sebenzisa ulwazi olutholile ukuphendula kahle okubuziwe.

Ungasebenzisa lezi zinsiza ukuthola ulwazi uma wenza ucwaningo:

- Imitapo yolwazi
- Isichazamazwi
- Amaphephandaba namaphephabhuku
- Izinhlelo zikamabonakude
- OSolwazi noma othisha besiZulu njl.
- I-inthanethi
- Enye ingxenye yokwenza ucwaningo, kufanele wenze uhla lwezincwadi (bhibhliyografi) neminye imithombo oyisebenzisile. Sebenzisa OKUMBALWA.

INDLELA YOKWENZA UHLA LWEZINCWADI (IBHIBHLIYOGRAFI) :

Umbhali	Isihloko sencwadi	Unyaka eshicilelwe ngawo	Abashicileli	Indawo eshicilelwe kuyo

Imithombo ye inthanethi:

Umbhali we athikili	Isihloko se-athikili	Unyaka ekhishwe ngawo	i-webhisayithi	Usuku ongene ngalo ku webhisayithi

OKUQUKETHWE

Leli khasi liyokwelekelela abahlolwayo ukuba baphendule imibuzo njengoba kulindelekile.

INCWADI	UMBUZO	AMAMAKI	INOMBOLO YEKHASI
ISIQEPHU A: ZINKONDLO ZIDLANA IMILALA	Umbuzo 1. Umbuzo omude	Amamaki 10	Inombolo yekhasi 4-5
KANYE			
ISIQEPHU B: UMDLALO UKUFA KUKASHAKA	Umbuzo 2. Umbuzo omude	Amamaki 25	Inombolo yekhasi 6

Uhla oluyinkomba yokuphendulwa kwemibuzo.

Emuva kokuphendula imibuzo yale thaskhi, sebenzisa lolu luhla oluyinkomba yokuphendulwa kwemibuzo olulandelayo ukuze ube nesiqiniseko sokuthi uphendule yonke imibuzo.

ISIQEPHU	INOMBOLO YEMIBUZO	INANI LEMIBUZO EPHENDULIWE	THIKHA ✓
A. IZINKONDLO	1	1	
B. UMDLALO	2-4	1	

ISIQEPHU A: IZINKONDLO

UMBUZO 1 (UMBUZO OMUDE).

ZIDLANA IMILALA – A.M. Maphumulo

Fundisisa isiqeshana/isititimende bese uphendula umbuzo ongenzansi.

Isiqeshana/isititimende

.Izinkondlo ziyubuciko bezimbongi lapho zindlala khona imizwa nemicabango nokudlulisa umyalezo othile. Zikwenza lokhu zisebenzisa amasu obunkondlo nolimi olunothile yize zehluka ngendlela yokubhala nokubuka izinto. Ukucubungula lo mehluko noma okufanayo kwenza siqonde kangcono indikimba noma lokho okushiwo yinkondlo.

Umbuzo

Enkondlweni ethi”**Sezibuya Inhlazane**” Hlohlisa ukuthi ukukhethwa kwamagama kuwugqamise kanjani umoya nethoni.

Impendulo yakho mayibe yi-eseyi ehleleke ngokwezigaba ibe namagama aphakathi kwangama-90 kuya kwayi-140.

[10]

Ungasebenzisa uhla olungenzansi ukukhetha amasu ozowahlolisisa.

Isakhiwo sangaphandle

- Inani lamabinza
- Inani lemigqa
- Imvumelwano
- Ukuxhumana
- Isigqi

Ukusetshenziswa kolimi

- Izifengqo
- Imifanekiso mqondo
- Ukukhethwa kwamagama
- Ithoni
- Umoya
- Amasu obuciko
- Impindwa
- Izimpawu zokuloba



Indikimba nomyalezo

- Indikimba yenkondlo
- Ukuphindaphinda/ impinda mqondo.

Izimpawu zenkondlo

- I-enjambamenti
- Isizura/ isikhawu
- Impindwa
- Imifanekiso mqondo njl.

Khumbula ukuhlela, amalungiselelo, ukubuyekeza, ukufundisisa nokulungisa amaphutha ngaphambi kokwethula umsebenzi wakho.

KANYE

ISIQEPHU B: UMDLALO

UMBUZO 2.1. (UMBUZO OMUDE)

Umbhali uyaye ahlele umbhalo womdlalo ngendlela ethize ukuze indaba ilandeleke kahle futhi ikholakale, esebenzisa abalingiswa abathile.

Hlaziya uhlele i-eseyi ngesakhiwo somdlalo ubhekise emdlalweni owufundile kulo nyaka. Ungasebenzisa lawa amaphuzu alandelayo:

- Isakhiwo kanye nesakhiwana
- Isethulo
- Udwehu noku bhebhethaka kwalo
- Uvuthondaba
- Ipholavuthondaba
- Isiphetho
- Ukujeqeza emuva nokubikezela
- Ukuvezwa kwabalingiswa

Impendulo yakho mayibe yi-eseyi ehleleke ngokwezigaba ze-eseyi ibe namagama aphakathi kwangama-240 kuya kwangama-290. **[25]**

NOMA

UMBUZO 2.2. (UMBUZO OMUDE)

UKUFA KUKA SHAKA - E Zondi

Kulo mdlalo “*Ukufa kuka Shaka*” sithola ukuthi umndeni ungajikelana wodwa ngenxa yombuso futhi abadala bayakwazi ukungena phakathi kwezingane kuze kuxabane ubendle kuzelamani.

Fakazela ubuqiniso balesi sitatimende esingenhla, ubhekise kulo mdlalo othi “*Ukufa kukaShaka*” ugxile ezenzweni zomlingiswa onguMkabayi.

Impendulo yakho mayibe yi-eseyi ehleleke ngokwezigaba ze-eseyi ibe namagana aphakathi kwangama-240 kuya kwangama-290. **[25]**

AMAMAKI ESEWONKE: [35]



ISIZULU HL: IRUBHRIKHI YOKUHLOLA UMBUZO OMUDE WOMBHALO WOBUCIKO: INKONDLO [AMAMAKI AYI-10] [20/2=10] [20/2=10]

IZINKOMBA	KUHLE KAKHULU	KUHLE	KUYAGCULISA	AKUGCULISI KAHLE	AKUGCULISI NHLOBO
IKHASI LEMININGWANO. IZINSIZA: Ikhwalithi kanye nezinhlobonhlobo. (10)	- Ubufakazi bezinsiza buhle kakhulu. -Ohlolwayo usebenzise izinsiza ngobuhlakani nangobuchule.	-Ubufakazi bezinsiza buhle -Ohlolwayo uzisebenzise kahle kakhulu izinsiza.	-Ubufakazi bezinsiza buyagculisa. -Ohlolwayo uzisebenzise kahle izinsiza.	-Ubufakazi bezinsiza abugculisi. -Ohlolwayo uzisebenzise kancane izinsiza.	Ubufakazi bezinsiza abukho. -Ohlolwayo akasebenzisanga izinsiza.
	9-10	7-8	5-6	3-4	0-2
INKINGA ECWANINGWAYO: Nikeza inkinga ecwaningwayo ehambelana nohlobo lombhalo okhethiwe. (5)	-Inkinga ecwaningwayo ibhaleke ngokuvelele nangobuhlakani futhi icacile.	-Inkinga ecwaningwayo ibhaleke kahle kakhulu futhi icacile.	-Inkinga ecwaningwayo ibhaleke kahle futhi icacile.	-Inkinga ecwaningwayo ikhona kodwa ayicacile kahle futhi iyadida.	-Asikho isitatimende senkinga ecwaningwayo.
	5	4	3	2	1
UKUHLELEKA KWEPHROJETHI: Uhlaka/ amalungiselelo kanye nokufingqa (5)	-Amalungiselelo nokuhleleka kukhona kuhle ngokuvelele. - Ulwazi olufingqiwe ngombhalo okhethiwe lubhaleke ngobuhlakani nangobuchule.	-Amalungiselelo nokuhleleka kukhona kuhle kakhulu. - Ulwazi olufingqiwe ngombhalo okhethiwe lubhaleke kahle kakhulu.	-Amalungiselelo nokuhleleka kukhona kuhle. - Ulwazi olufingqiwe ngombhalo okhethiwe lubhaleke kahle.	-Amalungiselelo nokuhleleka kukhona kodwa akuhlelekile. - Ulwazi olufingqiwe ngombhalo okhethiwe alugculisi.	-Awekho amalungiselelo nokuhleleka. - Alukho ulwazi olufingqiwe ngombhalo okhethiwe.
	5	4	3	2	1

ISIZULU HL: IRUBHRIKHI YOKUHLOLA UMBUZO OMUDE WOMBHALO WOBUCIKO: INOVELI [AMAMAKI ANGAMA-25

IZINKOMBA OKUQUKETHWE	KUHLE KAKHULU 12-15	KUHLE 9-11	KUYAGCULISA 6-8	AKUGCULISI KAHLE 4-5	AKUGCULISI NHLOBO 0-3
<p>Ukuhunyushwa kwesihloko Amaphuzu anobunzulu, ukusekela kanye nokuqonda kabanzi ithekisthi.</p> <p>15 MARKS</p>	<p>-Impendulo enembayo: -Impendulo enhle kakhulu: -Ukuhunyushwa kwesihloko okunzulu -Amaphuzu ahlukene anembayo nokusekela okunembayo okususelwe embhalweni -Ulwazi oluhle kakhulu lwenoveli/ubuciko bomdlalo.</p>	<p>-Ukhombisa ukuqonda kanye nokuhumusha isihloko kahle -Impendulo echaza ngokwenelisayo -Amanye amaphuzu anembayo kodwa akusiwo wonke asekelwe ngendlela elindelekile -Ulwazi lwenoveli/ ubuciko bomlomo nomdlalo luyabonakala.</p>	<p>-Ukuhumusha isihloko ngokugculisayo; akuzona zonke izingxenye ezicaciswe kabanzi -Kunamaphuzu ambalwa amahle asekelwa isihloko -Amaphuzu ambalwa asekelwe, kodwa ubufakazi bubuye bungagculisi -Ulwazi olungenele lwenoveli/ubuciko bomlomo nomdlalo.</p>	<p>-Ukuhunyushwa kwesihloko akugculisi kahle; kuthukela kuvela amaphuzu asekelwa isihloko ngokucacile -Amaphuzu ambalwa asekelwa isihloko -Amaphuzu amancane ahambisana nesihloko -Ulwazi oluncane lwenoveli/ubuciko bomlomo nomdlalo.</p>	<p>-Ulwazi oluncane kakhulu lwesihloko -Umzamo ontekenteke wokuphendula umbuzo -Amaphuzu awanelisi nhlobo -Ohlolwayo akanalo nhlobo ulwazi lwenoveli/ ubuciko bomlomo nomdlalo</p>
<p>ISAKHIWO KANYE NOLIMI</p> <p>Isakhiwo, ukugeleza okuhlelekile kwamaphuzu kanye nokwethula Ulimi, ithoni kanye nesitayela esisetshenzisiwe embuzweni omude.</p> <p>10 MARKS</p>	<p>8-10</p> <p>-Isakhiwo silandelana kahle kakhulu -Isingeniso kanye nesiphetho okuhle kakhulu -Amaphuzu abekeke kahle futhi athungelana kahle kakhulu -Ulimi ithoni kanye nesitayela kukhombisa ukuvuthwa, kuyancomeka futhi kushaya emhlohleni.</p>	<p>6-7</p> <p>-Isakhiwo esihle kanye namaphuzu ahleleke kahle -Isingeniso, isiphetho kanye nezinye izigaba kuhleleke kahle -Amaphuzu ageleza kahle -Ulimi, ithoni kanye nesitayela kahle.</p>	<p>4-5</p> <p>-Isakhiwo siyabonakala kancane -Ukugeleza kanye nokulandelana kwamaphuzu kuyabonakala, kodwa kunamaphutha -Amaphutha olimi ambalwa; ithoni kanye nesitayela esisetshenzisiwe sifanelekile -Izigaba eziningi zibhaleke kahle.</p>	<p>2-3</p> <p>-Isakhiwo sikhombisa amaphutha ekuhlweni kwaso -Amaphuzu awahlelekile kahle -Amaphutha olimi agqamile -Ithoni nesitayela kusetshenziswe ngokungafanele -Ukuhleleka kwezigaba kunamaphutha.</p>	<p>0-1</p> <p>-Ukungabibikho kwesakhiwo esihleliwe kuphazamisa ukugeleza kwamaphuzu -Amaphutha olimi kanye nesitayela esingalungile kwenza lo mbhalo ungabi yimpumelelo -Ithoni nesitayela kusetshenziswe ngokungafanele -Ukuhleleka kwezigaba kunamaphutha.</p>

QAPHELA: Uma ohlolwayo ekushaye indiva ngokuphelele okungulwazi lombhalo waqoka ukubhala i-eseyi ayisusela ekhanda, makaklonyeliswe i-0 kuzona zombili izinkomba.