



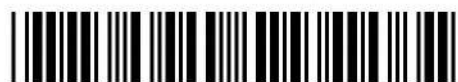
GAUTENG PROVINCE
EDUCATION
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

**JUNE EXAMINATION
GRADE 12
2026**

MATHEMATICAL LITERACY

(PAPER 1)

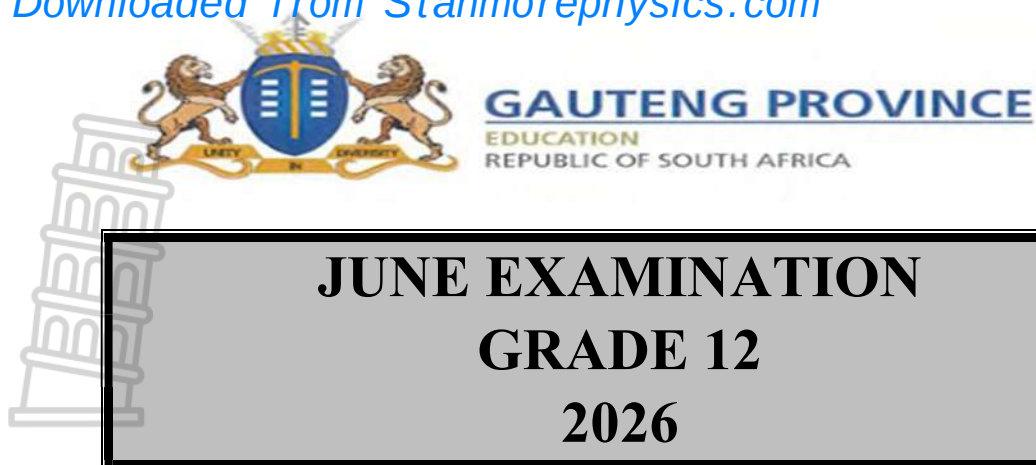
MATHEMATICAL LITERACY P1



C2601E

X05





MATHEMATICAL LITERACY
(PAPER 1)

NAME OF SCHOOL													
CANDIDATE'S NAME													
DATE	D	D	M	M	Y	Y	Y	Y	BOOK NUMBER		OF		BOOK(S)
TEACHER									PAPER NUMBER	1			
SUBJECT NAME	MATHEMATICAL LITERACY												

ANSWER ALL THE QUESTIONS IN THE QUESTION PAPER.

QUESTION	MARKER				MODERATOR			
	MARKS			MARKER'S INITIALS	MARKS			MODERATOR'S INITIALS
1	0				0			
2	0				0			
3	0				0			
4	0				0			
				TOTAL				

TIME: 2 hours

MARKS: 100

18 pages

INSTRUCTIONS AND INFORMATION

Read the following instructions carefully before answering the questions.

1. This question paper consists of FOUR questions. Answer ALL questions in the spaces provided.
2. Use the ANNEXURES to answer the following questions:

ANNEXURE A for QUESTION 2.1
ANNEXURE B for QUESTION 4.1
ANNEXURE C for QUESTION 4.2.4
3. You may use an approved scientific calculator (non-programmable and non-graphical), unless stated otherwise.
4. Round-off ALL final answers appropriately according to the given context, unless stated otherwise.
5. Indicate units of measurement, where applicable.
6. Diagrams are NOT necessarily drawn to scale, unless stated otherwise.
Show ALL calculations, diagrams, graphs, etc. that you have used in determining your answers.
7. No pages may be torn from this question paper.
8. Candidates may not retain a question paper or remove it from the examination room. Question papers must be returned to the invigilator at the end of the examination session.
9. Show ALL calculations clearly.
10. Draw a neat line through any work/rough work that must NOT be marked.
11. In the event that you use the additional space provided:
 - 11.1 Write down the number of the question.
 - 11.2 Leave a line and rule off after your answer.
12. Write neatly and legibly.

QUESTION 1

- 1.1 The men's FIFA Soccer World Cup 2026 will be held across three countries namely, the United States of America, Canada and Mexico. The FIFA World Cup will take place from 11 June to 19 July 2026.

TABLE 1 below shows the projected budget, in United States dollars (USD), for the 2026 FIFA Soccer World cup.

TABLE 1: 2026 FIFA Soccer World Cup Projected Budget

PROJECTED REVENUE		PROJECTED EXPENDITURE	
SOURCE	ESTIMATED REVENUE (USD)	CATEGORY	AMOUNT (USD)
Broadcasting rights	\$3,92 billion	Prize money	\$896 million
Marketing/Commercial rights	\$1,78 billion	FIFA Club Protection Programme (CPP)	\$355 million
Ticket sales	A	Development & Education	\$1,726 billion
Hospitality & VIP packages	\$0,7 billion	Operational Costs	\$2,5 billion
Licensing & Merchandising	\$0,111 billion	Broadcasting & Production Costs	\$500 million
Other revenue	\$0,072 billion	Administration & Commercial	\$379 million
Total Projected Revenue	\$8,883 billion	Total Expenditure	\$6,356 billion

[Adapted from <https://inside.fifa.com>]

1.1.1	Define the term <i>budget</i> in this context.	(2)
1.1.2	Calculate the estimated revenue amount expected from ticket sales, A.	(2)
1.1.3	Identify the category with the least projected expenditure.	(2)

1.1.4	Write down the estimated revenue from broadcasting rights in full.	(2)

1.1.5	State whether the projected budget will result in a deficit or a surplus.	(2)

1.1.6	Calculate the difference between the projected expenditure on the prize money and the FIFA Club Protection Programme in millions.	(2)

1.2

The 2026 FIFA World Cup will be hosted at 16 stadiums across the three host nations. The seating capacities of the 16 stadiums rounded-off to the nearest 100 are as follows:

93 000	87 500	87 200	76 600	75 000	72 100
72 100	72 100	70 000	69 300	69 000	67 500
54 500	53 500	48 100	45 500		

Use the information above to answer the following questions.

1.2.1	State whether the seating capacities of the stadiums are arranged in descending or ascending order.	(2)

1.2.2	Write down the mode of the stadiums' seating capacities.	(2)

1.2.3	Calculate the range of the seating capacities of the stadiums.	(2)

1.2.4	12,5% of the stadiums hosting the 2026 FIFA World Cup are in Canada. Calculate the actual number of stadiums in Canada that will host this tournament.	(2)

[20]



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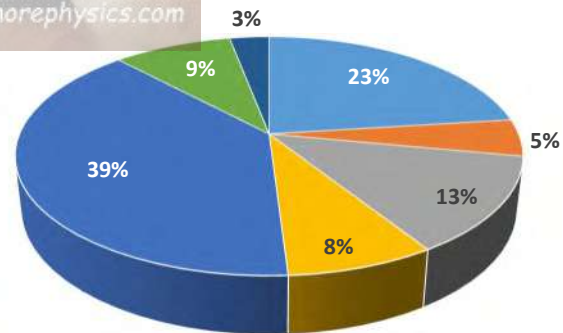


ANNEXURE A
QUESTION 2.1



INVESTMENT BUDGET FOR THE 2026 FIFA WORLD CUP
(USD MILLIONS)
100% = USD 3,839 MILLION

Stanmorephysics.com



- Prize Money 23%
- Team Services 8%
- Marketing Rights 3%
- ICT 5%
- Operational Expenses 39%
- Workforce Management 13%
- TV Operations 9%

[Adapted from *insideworldfootball.com*]



QUESTION 2

- 2.1 The 2026 FIFA World Cup will be jointly hosted by the United States of America, Canada, and Mexico. Hosting such a large international event requires careful planning and significant investment in infrastructure, stadium upgrades, security, and tourism development. Governments and private investors have set aside large budgets to ensure that the tournament is successful. ANNEXURE A shows a graph of the projected investment budget for the 2026 FIFA World Cup.

Use ANNEXURE A to answer the questions that follow.

2.1.1	Write down the total investment budget for the 2026 World Cup in words.	(2)
2.1.2	Identify the item that received the largest budget allocation.	(2)
2.1.3	Calculate the amount allocated to TV Operations.	(2)



The FIFA
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money from 2018 to 2019. You may use the following formula:

$$\frac{\text{2019 Amount} - \text{2018 Amount}}{\text{2018 Amount}} \times 100$$


2.3 Mrs Dlamini, aged 67, earns a monthly income of R65 000. She makes the following contributions from her income:

- Medical aid for herself, her husband, and her two children
- 7,5% of her basic income to a pension fund
- Donations to the Gift of the Givers Foundation, amounting to R15 000 per year

Use this information and the tax table in TABLE 2 below to answer the questions that follow.

TABLE 2: 2025/2026 TAX YEAR (1 March 2025 – 28 February 2026)

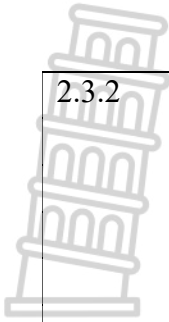
	ANNUAL TAXABLE INCOME (R)	RATES OF TAX (R)
A	1 – 237 100	18% of taxable income
B	237 101 – 370 500	42 678 + 26% of taxable income above 237 100
C	370 501 – 512 800	77 362 + 31% of taxable income above 370 500
D	512 801 – 673 000	121 475 + 36% of taxable income above 512 800
E	673 001 – 857 900	179 147 + 39% of taxable income above 673 000
F	857 901 – 1 817 000	251 258 + 41% of taxable income above 857 900
G	1 817 001 and above	644 489 + 45% of taxable income above 1 817 000

TAX REBATE	TAX YEAR 2025/2026
Primary	R 17 235
Secondary (65 years and older)	R 9 444
Tertiary (75 years and older)	R 3 145

Medical monthly tax credit	
For the tax payer and one dependant	R 728
For each additional dependant	R 246

[Adapted from www.sars.gov.za]

2.3.1	Explain what the tax threshold for people 65 years and younger means to a taxpayer.	
		(2)



2.3.2	Calculate Mrs Dlamini's Annual Taxable Income.	(5)

2.3.3	Determine Mrs Dlamini's annual medical aid tax credits.	(3)

2.3.4	Calculate Mrs Dlamini's monthly tax payable to the South African Revenue Service (SARS).	(7)

[29]

QUESTION 3

The 2026 FIFA Soccer World Cup will be hosted across various stadiums in the United States of America and Mexico. The tournament will feature various venues with different seating capacities, reflecting the large-scale nature of the event. The table below shows a selection of stadiums, the countries in which they are located, and their respective seating capacities.

TABLE 3: STADIUMS, COUNTRIES AND SEATING CAPACITIES FOR THE 2026 FIFA WORLD CUP

STADIUM NAME	COUNTRY	SEATING CAPACITY
Estadio Azteca	Mexico	87 523
MetLife Stadium	USA	82 500
AT&T Stadium	USA	80 000
Arrowhead Stadium	USA	76 416
NRG Stadium	USA	72 220
Mercedes-Benz Stadium	USA	71 000
SoFi Stadium	USA	70 240
Lincoln Financial Field	USA	69 176
Lumen Field	USA	69 000
Levi's Stadium	USA	68 500

[Adapted from *FoxSoccer.com*]



Mercedes-Benz Stadium, Atlanta, USA.

[Source: *parametric-architecture.com*]

Study the information in TABLE 3 above and answer the questions that follow.

3.1	Identify the stadium which has the fourth highest seating capacity.	(2)

3.2	Is the data represented in the seating capacity column continuous or discrete? Explain your answer.	(4)
3.3	Determine the interquartile range of the stadiums' seating capacities.	(6)
3.4	The average seating capacity of the stadiums used during the 2010 FIFA World Cup in South Africa was 51 856 seats. A sports analyst claims that the average seating capacity of the stadiums to be used in the 2026 FIFA World Cup in the USA and Mexico will be higher than that of the 2010 World Cup. Show ALL calculations to verify whether this statement is valid.	(5)
3.5	Determine the probability as a decimal fraction, of selecting a stadium that has a seating capacity of less than 75 000.	(3)

[20]

QUESTION 4

- 4.1 Tshepo is buying his first house and has been advised to use FNB's online bond calculator to get an idea of how much it will cost him to take out a mortgage loan to finance the purchase. ANNEXURE B is a screen grab of the loan details and results of Tshepo's search output from the online calculator.

Use ANNEXURE B to answer the questions that follow.

ANNEXURE B

LOAN DETAILS

Total Loan Amount

R900 000

Interest rate %

10,75%

Loan term in months

240 months

Online bond calculator

Your Results

Minimum Gross Monthly Income:

Y

What you pay initially

Transfer Fee:

R29 618,00

Bond Cost:

R24 874,50

Initiation Fee:

R6 037,50

Transfer Duty:

R0,00

Total:

R60 530,00

What you pay monthly

Repayments:

R9 137,06

Service Fees:

R69,00

Total:

R9 206,06

4.1.1	Write down the term of the loan in years.	(2)

4.1.2	Calculate the initiation fee as a percentage of the total initial amount.	(3)

4.1.3	As a general guideline, the total monthly repayment towards a mortgage loan must not exceed 30% of an applicant's gross monthly income.	(3)
	Determine the value of Y , the minimum gross monthly income that Tshepo needs to earn in order to qualify for the loan.	

4.1.4	Tshepo had invested R47 000 into a fixed deposit account at a compound interest rate of 9,5% p.a. to save towards the total initial payment. He invested the money for 3 years.	(7)
	Use calculations to determine whether the invested amount will be enough to cover the total initial costs after 3 years.	

4.2

Tshepo is comparing prices to buy a new cellular phone. He finds the following advertisement of a Samsung Galaxy S25 Ultra in brochures of two different telecommunications service providers.



	Service Providers	
	Afri Cell (36 months contract)	One World (36 months contract)
Monthly instalment	R1 200	R1 050
Cost of calls	100 free minutes thereafter R3,00 per minute or part thereof	R2,00 per minute billed per second
Data	6 GB free	3 GB free

4.2.1	Calculate the total cost of the Samsung Galaxy S25 Ultra cellular phone for the duration of the contract at One World.	(2)
4.2.2	Choose which formula may be used to calculate the total amount payable at the end of the month for One World, assuming that the Tshepo does not use the network data. Write down only the letter corresponding to the answer of your choice. A Total amount = $R1\ 050 \times \text{Number of call minutes}$ B Total amount = $R2,00 \times \text{Number of call minutes}$ C Total amount = $R1\ 050 + (\text{Number of call minutes} \times R2,00)$ D Total amount = $36 \times R1\ 050 \times R2,00$	(2)

If Tshepo makes calls lasting a total of 75 minutes and 25 seconds, calculate which service provider will be the cheapest.

(6)

The graphs of Afri Cell and One World for the Samsung Galaxy S25 Ultra are drawn on ANNEXURE C.

Use the information above and ANNEXURE C to answer questions that follow.

Match each service provider to the graphs indicated as X and Y.

X₋

$$\overline{Y_-}$$

(2)

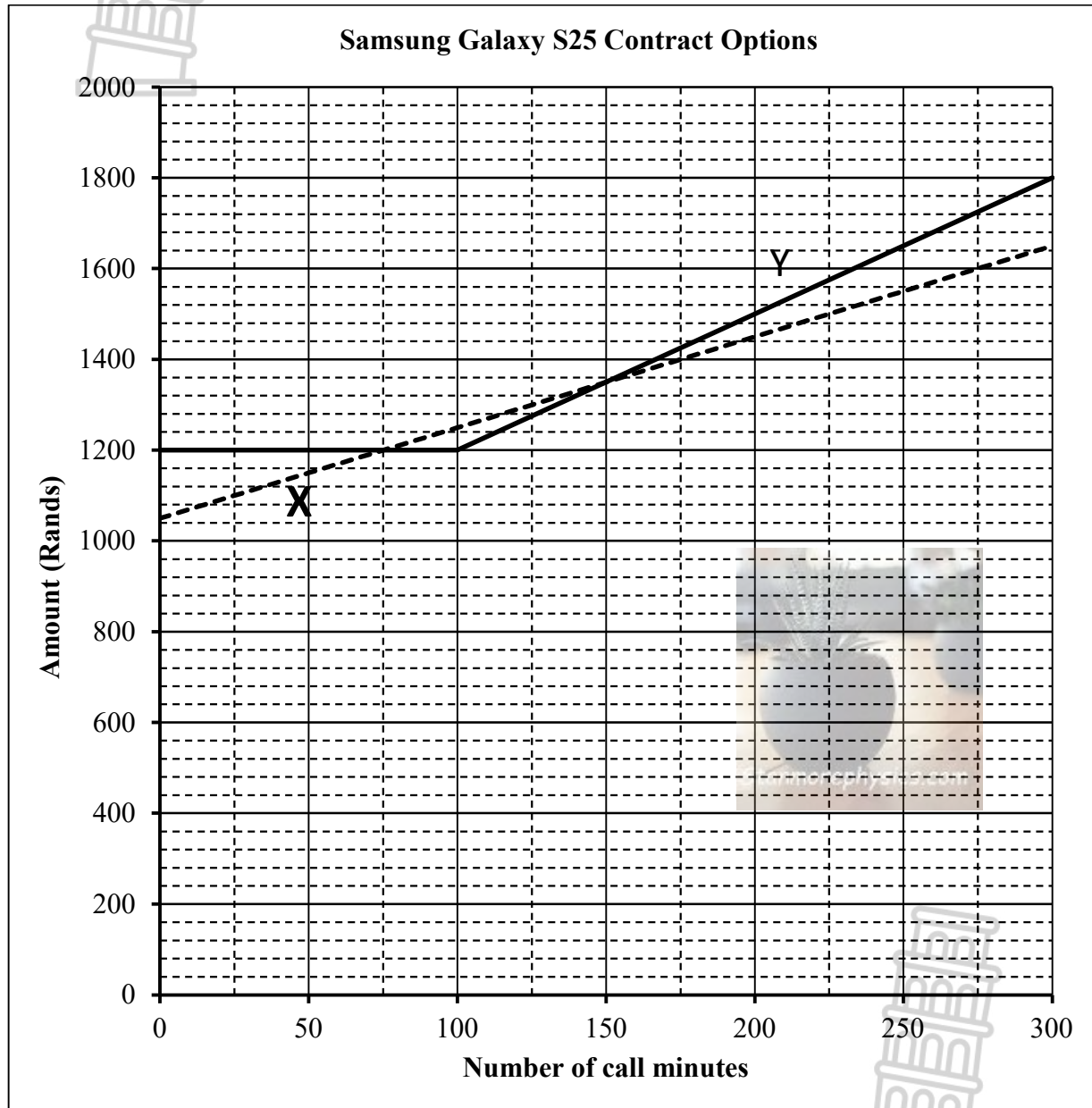
Tshepo states that the difference between the monthly costs for Afri Cell and One World for making 275 minutes of calls is more than R100. Use the graphs in ANNEXURE C to write down the cost to determine each option and to verify Tshepo's statement.

(4)

[31]

ANNEXURE C

QUESTION 4.2.4



ADDITIONAL SPACE



TOTAL: 100



JUNE EXAMINATION GRADE 12

2026

MARKING GUIDELINES

MATHEMATICAL LITERACY

(PAPER 1)

SYMBOL	EXPLANATION
M	Method
MA	Method with accuracy
MCA	Method with consistent accuracy
CA	Consistent accuracy
A	Accuracy
C	Conversion
S	Simplification
RT	Reading from a table/graph/document/diagram
SF	Correct substitution in a formula
O	Opinion/Explanation
P	Penalty e.g. for no unit, incorrect rounding-off, etc.
NPR	No penalty for correct rounding
NPU	No penalty for omitting unit, but wrong unit is penalised
AO	Answer only

KEY TO SUBJECT SYMBOLS:

M = Measurement; MP = Maps, Plan and other representations; P = Probability

KEY TO LEVEL OF DIFFICULTY:

E = EASY; M = MEDIUM; D = DIFFICULT

11 pages

NOTE:

- If a candidate answers a question TWICE, only mark the FIRST attempt.
- If a candidate has crossed out (cancelled) an attempt to a question and NOT redone the solution, mark the crossed-out (cancelled) version.
- Consistent accuracy (CA) applies in ALL aspects of the marking guidelines; however, it stops at the second calculation error.
- If the candidate presents any extra solution when reading from a graph, table, layout plan and map, then penalise for every extra incorrect item presented.

NOTES

2.1.1	Three million eight-hundred and thirty-nine thousand USD ✓✓RT	2 RT correct value in words	(2)	F1
3.1	76 416 ✓RT	1 RT correct seating capacity	(1)	DH1
4.2.3	Accept R0,00 for Afri Cell if learners took the first 100 minutes as free.		(2)	F3



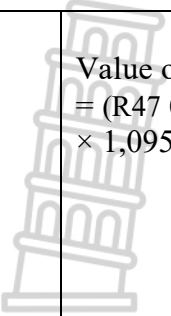
QUESTION 1		[AO FULL MARKS]	[20 MARKS]	
	Solution	Explanation	Marks	T&L
1.1.1	A budget is a financial plan of the projected/expected income and its sources that FIFA expects to generate from the 2026 Soccer World Cup and the estimated expenditure per category. ✓✓ O	2 O definition of budget within context	(2)	F1
1.1.2	$A = \$8,883 \text{ billion} - (\$3,92 + \$1,78 + \$0,7 + \$0,111 + \$0,072)$ ✓ M $A = \$2,3 \text{ billion}$ ✓ A OR $A = \$8,883 \text{ billion} - 6,583 \text{ billion}$ $= \$2,3 \text{ billion}$	1 M subtracting correct values 1 A simplification 1 M subtracting correct values 1 A simplification	(2)	F1
1.1.3	FIFA Club Protection Programme ✓✓ RT	2 RT correct category Accept CPP	(2)	F1
1.1.4	3 920 000 000 dollars ✓✓ A OR Three billion nine-hundred and twenty million dollars ✓✓ A	2 A correct amount NPU	(2)	F1
1.1.5	Surplus ✓✓ A	2 A answer	(2)	F1
1.1.6	$\checkmark \text{MA} \quad \checkmark \text{A}$ Difference = $\$896 - \$355 = \$541 \text{ million}$	1 MA subtracting correct values 1 A answer Accept \$541	(2)	F1
1.2.1	Descending ✓✓ A	2 A answer	(2)	DH1
1.2.2	Mode = 72 100 ✓✓ RT	2 RT answer	(2)	DH1
1.2.3	Range = Maximum – Minimum $= 93\,000 - 45\,500$ ✓ SF $= 47\,500$ ✓ A	1 SF subtracting correct values 1 A answer	(2)	DH1
1.2.4	Number of stadiums = $16 \times 12,5\%$ ✓ MA $= 2$ ✓ A	1 MA calculating percentage 1 A answer	(2)	DH1
[20]				

QUESTION 2		[29 MARKS]		
	Solution	Explanation	Marks	T&L
*2.1.1	Three billion, eight hundred and thirty-nine million USD. ✓✓ RT	2RT correct value in words	(2)	F1
2.1.2	Operational expenses ✓✓ RT	2RT correct expense	(2)	F1
2.1.3	3,839 million $\times$ 9% ✓ MA = USD 0,34551 million ✓ A OR 3 839 000 000 $\times$ 9% ✓ MA = USD 345 510 000 ✓ A	CA from Question 2.1.1 1MA correct % calculation 1A simplification 1MA correct % calculation 1A simplification	(2)	F2
2.2.1	$= \frac{45 \text{ million} - 38 \text{ million}}{38 \text{ million}} \checkmark \text{ MA} \times 100$ $= 18,42105263 \% \checkmark \text{ S}$ $= 18 \% \checkmark \text{ R}$	1MA substitution into formula 1S simplification 1R rounding to the nearest % Accept 19 %	(3)	F3
2.2.2	$= 38\,000\,000 \checkmark \text{ RT} \times 17,79 \checkmark \text{ MA}$ $= \text{R } 676\,020\,000 \checkmark \text{ S}$	1RT correct amount in dollars 1MA multiplying by correct exchange rate 1S simplification Accept R676,02 million R676,02 M	(3)	F2
2.3.1	The tax threshold for people 65 years and younger refers to the minimum amount of income you must earn before you are required to pay income tax for a given tax year ✓✓ O OR If a taxpayer who is 65 years or younger earns less than the threshold , they do not have to pay income tax. ✓✓ O	2O explanation of tax threshold	(2)	F4

2.3.2	Gross Annual Income $R\ 65\ 000 \times 12 = R\ 780\ 000 \checkmark MA$ Pension Fund $R\ 780\ 000 \times 7,5\% = R\ 58\ 500 \checkmark MA$ Taxable Income $= R780\ 000 - 58\ 500 \checkmark MCA$ $- 15\ 000 \checkmark MCA$ $= R\ 706\ 500 \checkmark CA$	1 MA monthly $\times 12$ 1 MA calculate 7,5% of salary Accept $R65\ 000 \times 7,5\% = R4\ 875$ $R\ 4\ 875 \times 12 = 58\ 500$ 1MCA subtraction of pensions fund 1MCA subtraction of donation 1CA simplification	(5)	F3
2.3.3	Medical Tax Rebate $= 728 + 246 + 246 \checkmark A$ $= R\ 1\ 220 \times 12 \checkmark MCA$ $= R\ 14\ 640 \checkmark CA$	1A adding rebates 1MCA multiplying by 12 1CA answer	(3)	F3
2.3.4	Tax payable $= 179\ 147 + 39\% \text{ of taxable income above } 673\ 300)$ $= 179\ 147 + 39\% (706\ 500 - 673\ 000) \checkmark SF$ $= 192\ 212 \checkmark S$ $= 192\ 212 - 14\ 640 - 17\ 235 - 9\ 444 \checkmark \checkmark MCA$ $= R\ 150\ 893 \checkmark CA$ $= R\ 150\ 893 \div 12 \checkmark MA$ $= R\ 12\ 574,42 \checkmark M$	CA from Question 2.3.2 and 2.3.3 1SF substitution into formula 1S simplification 2MCA subtraction of rebates/medical credits 1CA simplification 1MA dividing by 12 1M calculating monthly tax	(7)	F4
			[29]	

QUESTION 3			[20 MARKS]	
	Solution	Explanation	Marks	T&L
*3.1	Arrowhead Stadium ✓✓ RT	2RT correct stadium	(2)	DH1
3.2	The data is discrete ✓✓ A because the number of seats is counted in whole numbers , and fractions of seats are not possible in this context. ✓✓ O	2A type of data 2O explanation	(4)	DH2
3.3	Arrange values in ascending order: 68 500; 69 000; 69 176; 70 240; 71 000; 72 220; 76 416; 80 000; 82 500; 87 523 ✓A Q1 = 69 176 ✓RT Q3 = 80 000 ✓RT IQR = Q3 – Q1 ✓M = 80 000 – 69 176 ✓MCA = 10 824 ✓CA	1A arranging values in ascending order 1RT correct value Q1 1RT correct value Q3 1M concept of IQR 1MCA subtraction of correct values 1CA answer	(6)	DH3
3.4	$\text{Mean} = \frac{87\,523 + 82\,500 + 80\,000 + 76\,416 + 72\,220 + 71\,000 + 70\,240 + 69\,176 + 69\,000 + 68\,500}{10}$ $= 74\,657,5 \text{ ✓A}$ $= 74\,658 \text{ ✓R}$ 74 658 > 51 856 Statement is valid ✓O	1M concept of mean 1SF substitution 1A simplification 1R rounding Accept 74 657 1O conclusion	(5)	DH4
3.5	$= \frac{6 \text{ ✓A}}{10 \text{ ✓A}}$ $= 0,6 \text{ ✓CA}$	1A numerator 1A denominator 1CA simplification AO full marks	(3)	P3
				[20]

QUESTION 4		[31 MARKS]		
	Solution	Explanation	Marks	T&L
4.1.1	240 months = $240 \div 12$ ✓ M = 20 years ✓ A	1 M dividing months by 12 1 A answer AO full marks	(2)	F1
4.1.2	Percentage = $\frac{6\,037,50}{60\,530,00} \times 100$ = 9,974 % ✓ CA	1 MA correct values in fraction 1 M multiplying by 100 1 CA answer Accept 9,97% NPU	(3)	F2
4.1.3	✓ RT ✓ MA Y = R9 206,06 ÷ 30% Y = R30 686,87 ✓ S OR ✓ RT Y = R9 206,06 × $\frac{100}{30}$ ✓ MA Y = R30 686,87 ✓ S	1 RT correct amount 1 MA dividing by 30% 1 S simplification 1 RT correct amount 1 MA reverse percentage 1 S simplification	(3)	F2
4.1.4	1 st year: Interest = $9,5\% \times R47\,000$ ✓ MA = R4 465 Total = R47 000 + R4 465 = R51 465 ✓ CA 2 nd year: Interest = $9,5\% \times R51\,465$ ✓ MCA = R4 889,18 Total = R51 465 + R4 889,18 = R56 354,18 ✓ CA 3 rd year: Interest = $9,5\% \times R56\,354,18$ ✓ MCA = R5 353,65 Value of investment = R56 354,18 + R5 353,65 = R61 707,83 ✓ CA The amount will be enough to cover the initial costs ✓ O/CA OR	1 MA calculating 1 st year interest 1 CA total of correct values of first year (year 1) 1 MCA calculating 2 nd year interest 1 CA total of correct values of 2 nd year (year 2) 1 MCA calculating 3 rd year interest. 1 CA final amount after 3 years 1 O/CA conclusion	(7)	F4

	 Value of investment $= (R47\,000 \times 1,095) \checkmark \text{MA} \times 1,095 \checkmark \text{MCA}$ $\times 1,095 \checkmark \text{MCA}$ $= R61\,707,83 \checkmark \text{CA}$ The amount will be enough to cover the initial costs $\checkmark \checkmark \text{O/CA}$	1 MA multiplying by 1,095 1 MCA multiplying by 1,095 (1 st year) 1 MCA multiplying by 1,095 (2 nd year) 1 MCA multiplying by 1,095 (3 rd year) 1 CA Answer 2 Opinion		
4.2.1	Total cost $= R1\,050 \times 36 \checkmark \text{MA}$ $= R37\,800 \checkmark \text{A}$	1 MA multiplying correct values 1 A answer AO full marks	(2)	F2
4.2.2	C $\checkmark \checkmark \text{A}$ OR Total amount $= R1\,050 + (\text{Number of call minutes} \times R2,00) \checkmark \checkmark \text{A}$	2 A correct choice	(2)	F2
*4.2.3	Afri Cell: $\checkmark \text{MA}$ Cost of calls $= R3,00 \times 76 \text{ minutes}$ $= R228,00 \checkmark \text{CA}$ One World: $\checkmark \text{MA}$ Cost of calls $= (R2,00 \times 75) + (R2,00 \div 60) \times 25 \checkmark \text{MA}$ $= R150 + R0,83$ $= R150,83 \checkmark \text{CA}$ One world would be the cheaper option $\checkmark \text{O}$	1 MA multiplying by 76 1 CA answer 1 MA calculating cost of minutes 1 MA calculating cost of seconds 1 CA answer 1 O conclusion	(6)	F3
4.2.4(a)	X – One World $\checkmark \text{A}$ Y – Afri Cell $\checkmark \text{A}$	1 A correct option 1 A correct option	(2)	F2
4.2.4(b)	One World (or X): Cost $= R1\,600 \checkmark \text{RT}$ Afri Cell (or Y): Cost $= R1\,720 \checkmark \text{RT}$ Difference $= R1\,720 - R1\,600 \checkmark \text{MCA}$ $= R120 \checkmark \text{CA}$	CA from Question 4.2.4(a) 1 RT reading from graph 1 RT reading from graph 1 MCA subtracting values 1 CA answer	(4)	F2
				[31]

Total: 100



TAXONOMY LEVEL TABLE

TOTAL: **100**

TASK: JUNE EXAMINATION 2026

GRADE: 12

Question Number	TL 1	TL 2	TL3	TL4
1.1.1	2F			
1.1.2	2F			

1.1.3	2F			
1.1.4	2F			
1.1.5	2F			
1.1.6	2F			
1.2.1	2D			
1.2.2	2D			
1.2.3	2D			
1.2.4	2D			
2.1.1	2F			
2.1.2	2F			
2.1.3		2F		
2.2.1			3F	
2.2.2		3F		
2.3.1				2F
2.3.2			5F	
2.3.3			3F	
2.3.4				7F
3.1	2D			
3.2		4D		
3.3			6D	
3.4				5D
3.5		3P		
4.1.1	2F			
4.1.2		3F		
4.1.3		3F		
4.1.4				7F

4.2.1		2F		
4.2.2		2F		
4.2.3			6F	
4.2.4a		2F		
4.2.4b		4F		
Total	28	28	23	21
%	28	28	23	21
100	28	28	23	21

Finance 61 %

Data handling 36 %

Probability 3%

